

**Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, and King's Gulch
Request for Physical Map Revision (PMR)**

Prepared for:



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DRAFT – May 8, 2015

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1.0 Introduction

1.1 Purpose of Study

This request for a Physical Map Revision (PMR) is being submitted to update the Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, and King's Gulch floodplains and floodways. This study, commissioned by the City of Boulder includes Skunk Creek from downstream of the Anderson Ditch in Green Mountain Cemetery to the confluence with Bear Canyon Creek (approximately 2.2 mi), Bluebell Canyon Creek from the City limit to the confluence with Skunk Creek (approximately 1.5 mi), and King's Gulch from the City limit to the confluence with Skunk Creek (approximately 0.8 mi).

The revised study includes recent structural improvements at the box culverts and pedestrian crossings at Broadway and 27th Way, a previously unstudied (by detailed methods) crossing at King Avenue, and updated topographic mapping. New 100-year road box culverts with pedestrian trails were built by the City at Broadway in 1999 and at 27th Way in 2006 (Love & Associates Floodplain Development Permits, 1999 and 2006).

The Skunk Creek effective study is detailed from the downstream limit to the downstream face of King Avenue. The Skunk Creek effective study is approximate upstream of the downstream face of King Avenue. The Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch effective studies are approximate studies. This study models the entire study area using detailed methods. Multiple spills from the main channel are included in the hydraulic analysis and mapping which were not previously shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM).

1.2 Authority and Acknowledgement

This document provides the information necessary to fulfill the requirements of 44CFR 65.3, Parts 60, 65 and 72 in requesting a Letter of Map Change (LOMC) as a PMR for Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, and King's Gulch within the City of Boulder. The study was performed under a contract between ICON Engineering and the City of Boulder and includes hydraulic modeling of the 10-, 25-, 50-, 100-, and 500-year return period events and delineation of the associated floodplains and conveyance zones (0.5 ft rise floodway). Design parameters and hydraulic modeling techniques have been reviewed and approved by the City.

Portions of the study area are within the jurisdiction of the University of Colorado at Boulder (State of Colorado) and the U.S. Department of Commerce (USDC Boulder Labs at 325 Broadway).

1.3 Base Information

The regulatory studies for Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, and King's Gulch are described in *Flood Hazard Area Delineation (FHAD), Boulder and Adjacent County Drainageways* (Greenhorne and O'Mara, 1987). The regulatory floodplain for the study area is delineated on FIRM panels: 08013C0557J, 08013C0394J and 08013C0413J (FEMA, December 18, 2012). Skunk Creek hydrology and hydraulics were also documented in the Boulder County Flood Insurance Study (FIS) (FEMA, 2002).

Topographic and planimetric information required for the study was obtained from aerial topographic maps at 1-foot contour intervals prepared by Merrick & Company and flown during the spring of 2003 (Datum: Horizontal – NAD 83, Colorado State Plane Coordinates, Vertical – NAVD 88) supplemented by Light Detection and Ranging (LIDAR) mapping captured by Merrick in January 2004 in the densely vegetated floodplain areas. Field survey data for structures and cross sections was obtained by Boulder Land Consultants (BLC, 2007, 2008, 2010 and 2011). Certified field survey is located in Appendix 6. Utility information, including storm and sanitary sewer lines was acquired from the COB GIS department and last updated on 7/30/11.

The Skunk Creek regulatory (effective) models are on the NGVD 29 vertical datum. A conversion factor was obtained using Corpscon 6.0.1 to convert the cross sectional geometry for comparison to this detailed study from NGVD 29 to NAVD 88 (USACE, 2004). The conversion equation is shown below.

NGVD 29 + 3.28-ft = NAVD 88 (Skunk Creek: U/S Limit – U/S Face 27th Way)
NGVD 29 + 3.23-ft = NAVD 88 (Skunk Creek: D/S Face 27th Way - Confluence)

The hydraulic analysis for the revised study was completed using HEC-RAS version 4.1.0 developed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE, 2010).

At the time of this study, the new University of Colorado Systems Biotechnology Building was under construction on the parcel bounded by Colorado Avenue, Discovery Drive, 33rd Street, and 35th Street. The Bid Package grading plans dated 11/3/2010 were used to model cross sectional geometry on this parcel.

2.0 Study Area

2.1 Scope of Study

This PMR Request includes a detailed hydraulic analysis of the 10-, 50-, 100- and 500-year flood events through the study reach using HEC-RAS modeling and updated topography. The 25-yr hydrologic profile was developed for the City as part of this study and 25-yr water surface elevations were determined. The study reach is comprised of public, commercial, single family residential, and multi-family residential areas. The revised study includes the new Skunk Creek structures and pedestrian underpasses at Broadway and 27th Way.

The study area is located in a portion of Sections 32 and 33, Township 1 North, Range 70 West and a portion of Sections 5 and 6, Township 1 South, Range 70 West. The study reach is entirely within the City of Boulder (Figure 1).

2.2 Community Description

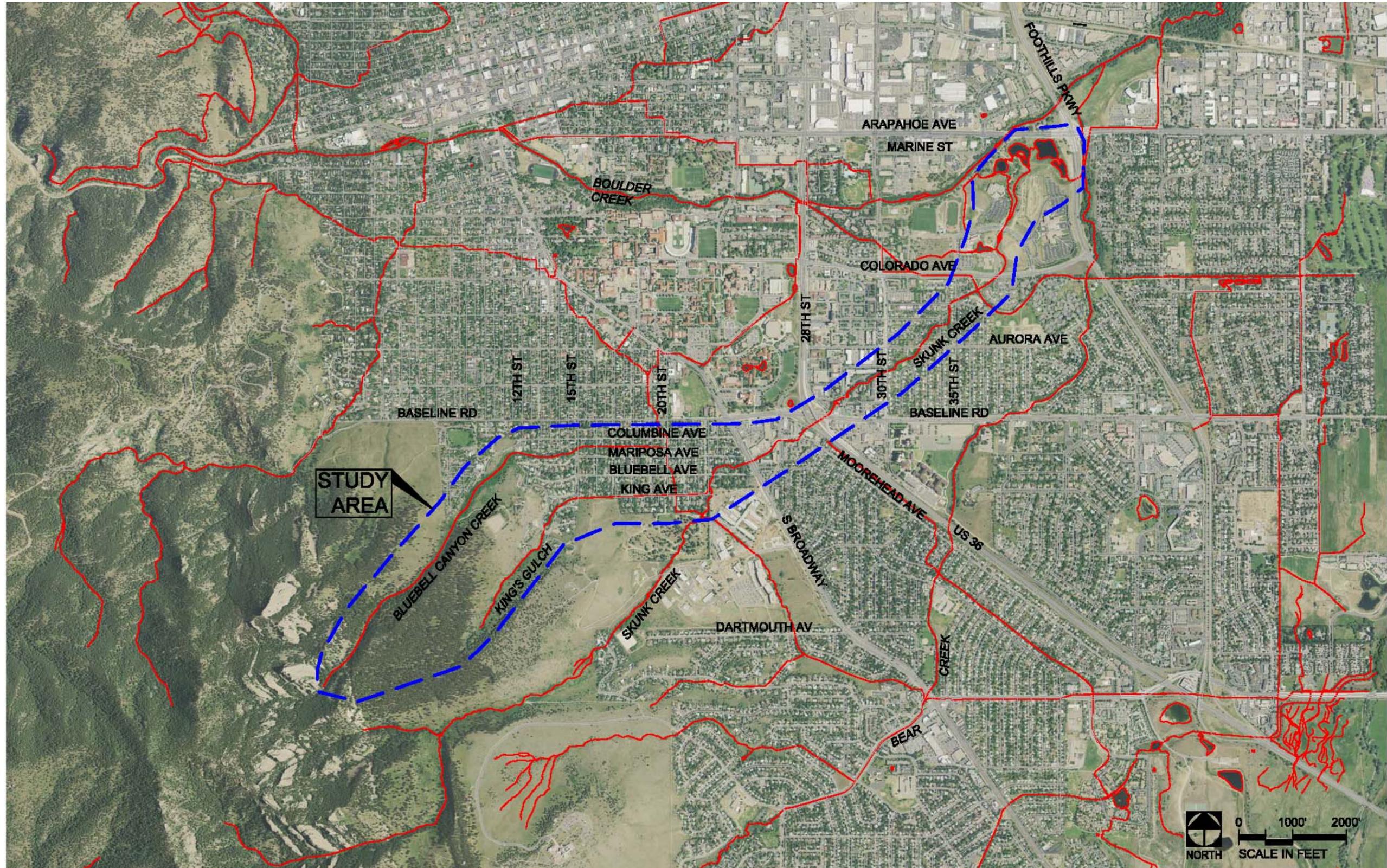
The City of Boulder is located in central Boulder County northwest of Denver and on the east side of the Rocky Mountains in Colorado. The City, with an estimated population of 103,000, encompasses approximately 24 square miles of moderately steep, rolling terrain. The underlying geologic formation consists of an alluvial floodplain extending from the base of the Front Range of the Rocky Mountains eastward. The climate is relatively dry and averages approximately 18.3 inches of precipitation per year. The average elevation is 5,344 feet and ranges from about 5,150 to 8,500 feet.

The upslope areas are covered with a variety of rock outcroppings, thin residual soils on bedrock, and thicker debris, alluvium, and slope wash deposits and are vegetated with grasses, trees, and shrubs. Deeper soils and wetland vegetation are found on alluvial deposits adjacent to streams. The City includes residential and commercial development and open space.

2.3 Principal Flooding Problems

The principal cause of flooding problems is intense, localized thunderstorms combined with a drainage infrastructure of insufficient capacity to handle large events. In addition to the overbank flows generated during a 100-year flooding event, the steep terrain and alluvial physiography of the watershed contributes to flash flooding which is forced out of the channel by undersized culverts under major roadways, allowing flows to travel down side streets and creating local areas of shallow flooding.

Figure 1 – Project Location Map



2.4 Project Description

Culvert structures on Skunk Creek at Broadway and 27th Way were replaced in recent years. A 6-ft x 6-ft concrete box structure at Broadway was replaced with a 22-ft wide x 8-ft tall concrete box structure (dimensions do not include the low flow channel which also runs through the new box). A double 10-ft x 6-ft concrete box at 27th Way was replaced with a new 20-ft x 7.4-ft reinforced concrete box (dimensions do not include low flow channel which also runs through box). Both structures were designed to convey the 100-year flood event without overtopping. Low water pedestrian crossings were built downstream of the Broadway box culvert and upstream of 27th Way box culvert.

A redevelopment project was also constructed on the U.S. Department of Commerce (USDC) Boulder Labs property at 325 Broadway in 2008. The site was surveyed upon completion of the project and post-project topography is used for this study. The project included installation of storm sewer, an underground detention vault, a detention pond, parking lot expansion, roadway resurfacing, fill, and regrading. Project mapping incorporates the post construction topography.

Various other projects involving infill and redevelopment have taken place with the study area and have been addressed with LOMRs. This study incorporates these areas into the revised model with new project mapping.

3.0 Engineering Methods

3.1.0 Hydrology

The effective hydrology as defined in the FIS and used in the FHAD effective hydraulic model (Greenhorne & O'mara, 1987) was used for this analysis. The FHAD did not include the 25 or 500-yr profile. These events were interpolated using a frequency analysis chart and the flow values given in the FHAD for the 2-year to 100-year flow profiles. The frequency chart is included in Appendix 2. Flows in intermediate reaches were determined from the flow profile (Figure 9 in the FHAD) and included in Appendix 2. Note that it was necessary to break these flows down further at junctions and reaches where flows left or returned. This will be discussed in greater detail in Section 3.2.

3.1.1 Bluebell Canyon Creek

Peak discharges for Bluebell Canyon Creek are given in Table 1 and shown graphically in Figure 2. Figure 3 shows the FHAD Design Points (DP's) for the project area. The effective hydrology for Bluebell Canyon Creek as defined in the FHAD at these DP's is shown as bold values in the table.

Table 1 – Peak Discharge Summary for Bluebell Canyon Creek (cfs)

FHAD DP	Flow Change ID	River Station ID	Flow Change Location	Recurrence Interval				
				10-year	25-year	50-year	100-year	500-year
	B_1	7631	Upstream Study Limit	60	95	170	230	520
211		5485		60	95	170	230	520
	B_2	4258	15 th Street	154	216	315	394	674
212	B_4	14545	Broadway	243	330	451	544	819

Figure 2 – Discharge Profiles

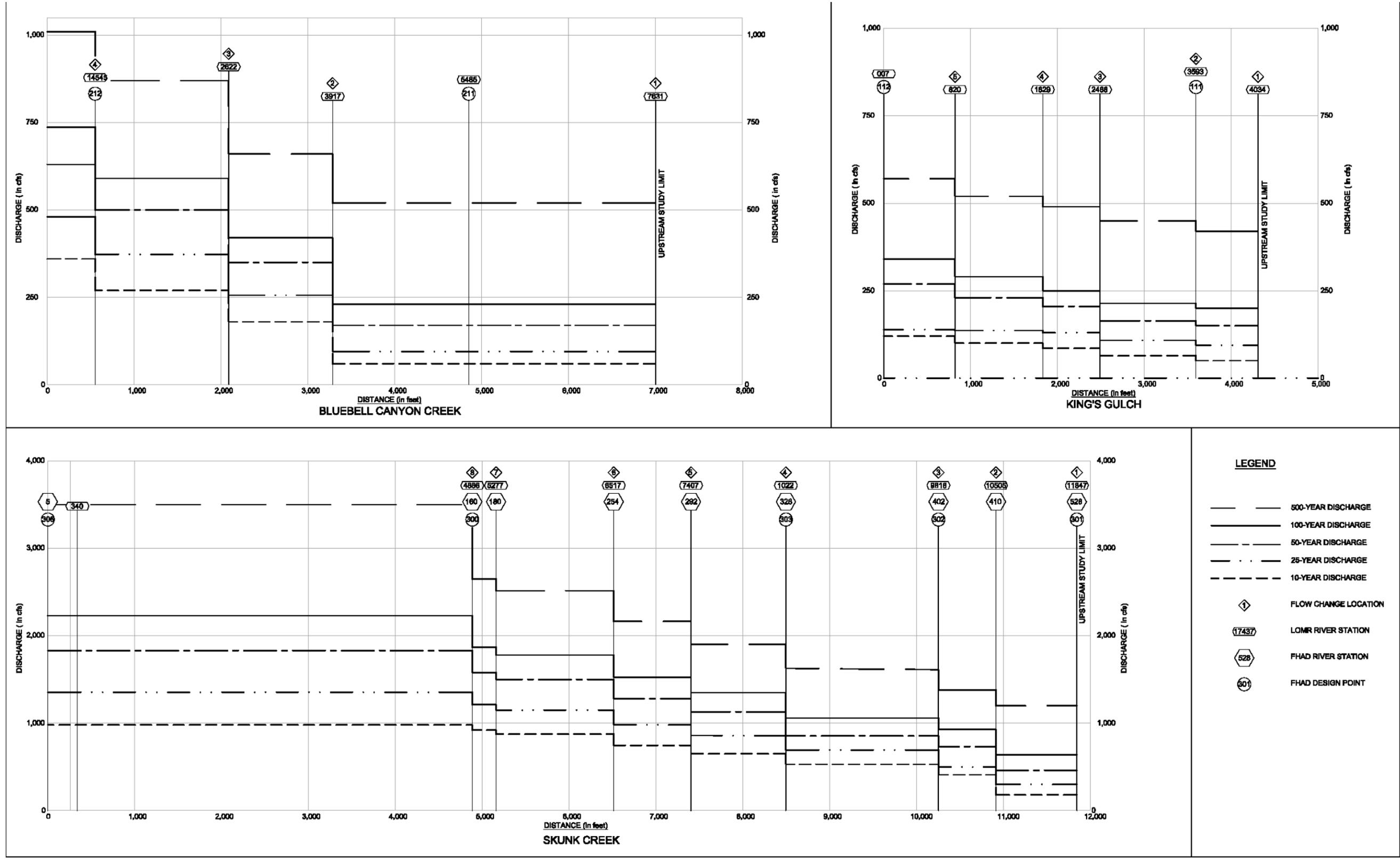
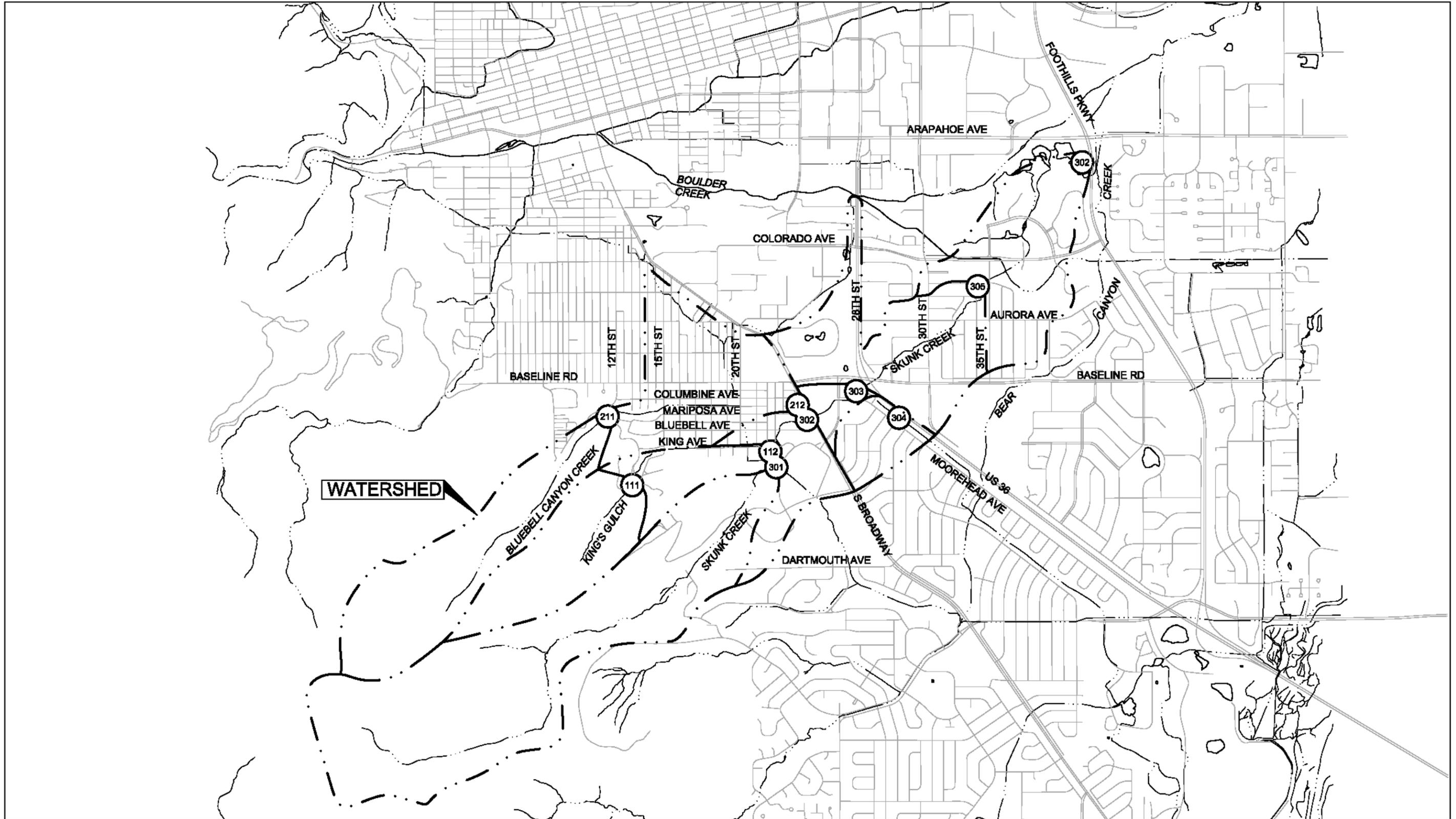


Figure 3 – FHAD Design Points



3.1.2 King's Gulch

Peak discharges for King's Gulch are given in Table 2. The bold values in the table are flow values included in the FHAD. Flows in intermediate reaches were determined from the flow profile from Figure 11 in the FHAD and included in Appendix 2.

Table 2 – Peak Discharge Summary for King's Gulch (cfs)

FHAD DP	Flow Change ID	River Station ID	Flow Change Location	Recurrence Interval				
				10-year	25-year	50-year	100-year	500-year
	K_1	3841	Upstream Study Limit	50	94	150	200	420
111	K_2	3593	Bellevue Drive	64	108	164	214	450
	K_3	2488	15th Street	85	130	205	250	490
	K_4	1829	17th Street	100	136	230	290	520
	K_5	820	20th Street	120	139	269	340	570
112	-	0001	Confluence with Skunk Creek	120	139	269	340	570

3.1.3 Skunk Creek

The FIS gives the flow values on Skunk Creek at five different design points. The revised model breaks down the flow inputs into smaller increments with flow increases at seven different design points. The revised model flow values were used between the five major design points defined in the FIS in order to insure continuity in the hydraulic model due to the numerous split flows.

Peak discharges for Skunk Creek are given in Table 3. The bold values in Table 3 are values included in the FIS. The other intermediate values are taken from the effective hydrology. Flows which spill to Bear Creek were subtracted from the 100-year profile in the effective hydraulic model between US Highway 36 and 30th Street. No flows are subtracted in the revised model.

The hydrology used in the effective hydraulic model is in some places inconsistent with the hydrology given in the 1987 FHAD and the 2002 FIS for the reach upstream of Broadway by up to 10%. Generally, the flow rates from the FIS are slightly less than those in the effective hydraulic model in places where the two differ. For example, for the reach from upstream of section 402 (effective)/10095 (revised) to the upstream limit the 100-year flow rate is 640 cfs in the FIS and 675 cfs in the effective model. A corrected effective model was completed for Skunk Creek which corrects the effective model hydrology to match the 2002 FIS & FHAD hydrology.

The spills and residual flows from Bluebell and Kings enter the Skunk Creek main stem at multiple locations on Baseline and along Broadway. In order to assimilate these flows into the Skunk Creek model, a hydrologic adjustment factor was developed to honor FHAD DP 303 at the Highway 36 interchange. Since the FHAD hydrology for Skunk Creek indicates a lower peak flow at design point (DP) 303 than the sum of Bluebell (DP 212) and Kings (DP 112), these flows were distributed into the Skunk Creek model using a ratio of $1.0 - \{[DP112+DP212] / DP302\}$, or 66% for the 100-year event and similarly for the 10, 25, 50 and 500-year profiles (see Appendix 3).

Table 3 – Peak Discharge Summary for Skunk Creek (cfs)

FHAD DP	Flow Change ID	River Station ID	Flow Change Location	Recurrence Interval				
				10-year	25-year	50-year	100-year	500-year
301	S_1	11847	Upstream Study Limit	180	299	460	640	1200
302	3	9818	Confluence with Bluebell Canyon Creek	529	693	854	1270	1612
303	4	1022	Upstream of US-36	650	860	1130	1350	1900
	5	7407	Downstream of 29 th Street	745	981	1280	1525	2165
	6	6517	Upstream of 30 th Street	875	1150	1500	1,780	2515
305	7	4497	Upstream of 34th Street	920	1212	1580	1870	2650
306	8	4886	Upstream of Madison Avenue	980	1354	1830	2230	3500

3.2.0 Hydraulic Analysis – Bluebell Canyon Creek and King’s Gulch

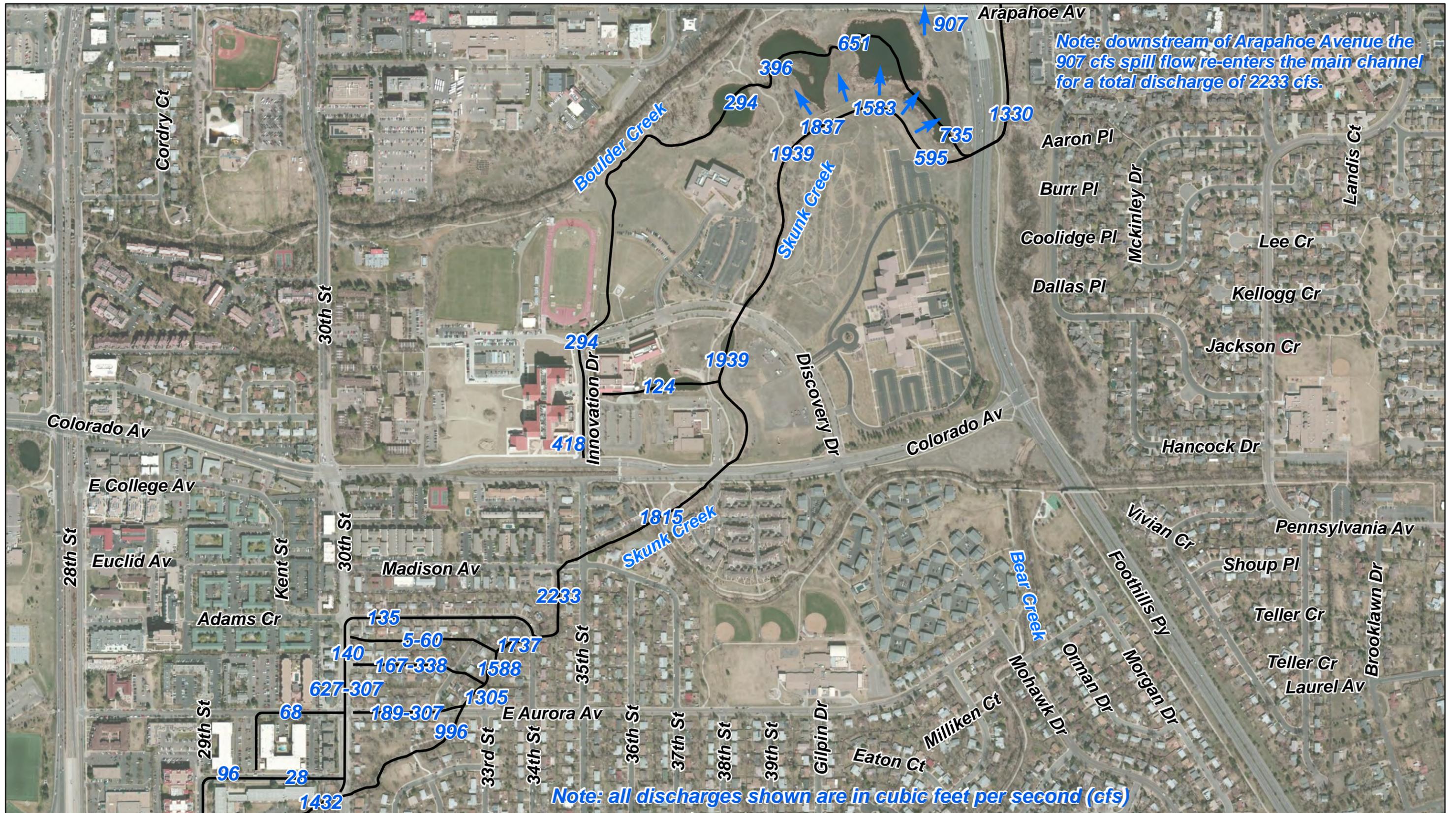
The hydraulic analysis for this study was performed using HEC-RAS version 4.1.0. Hydraulic modeling included analysis of the 10-yr, 25-yr, 50-yr, 100-yr, and 500-yr flow profiles. The hydraulic modeling also includes a 0.5-ft rise conveyance zone (or floodway) model and high hazard zone analysis.

The proposed existing conditions models for Bluebell Canyon Creek, King’s Gulch and Skunk Creek all together consists of 66 reaches, 32 junctions, 578 cross sections, 18 culverts and 8 bridges broken down into two separate projects. Within each project, separate geometry and flow files were developed for each profile due to the variable capacity of the drainage network and limitations of the model. Some junctions and lateral structures which were coded in to model the 100-year event would not converge at lower discharges (KINGS-

20th, BLUEBELL-20th), and additional lateral structures were required to model the 500-year event (Skunk – 2551, 2601, 2651, 2701). Each of these combinations of geometry and flow were saved as separate plans within their respective project file.

The separate geometry files contain identical cross section and reach data. Variables for each plan (discharge profile) include boundary conditions, optimization or addition of lateral structures, and inclusion or deletion of junctions. Five (5) plans for each model were developed for the system. Appendix 8 contains electronic files for all hydraulic models.

Geometry files were developed from the project CAD base file utilizing a digital terrain model compiled from the mapping source cited earlier. This information was brought into the hydraulic model using the GIS data import feature in HEC-RAS. Reaches and junctions for the Skunk Creek model were organized using a dendritic hierarchy starting from the downstream limit (Figures 4-7). The main channel reaches were numbered 1.000, 2.000, etc. while the main tributaries were numbered 1.100, 1.200 and minor tributaries 1.110, 1.120, etc. Junctions were numbered according to the downstream reach. The Bluebell-Kings model was organized by street name and number as it is mainly centered on the residential neighborhood to the south of Baseline and to the west of Broadway.



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Figure 5: HEC-RAS 100-year Discharges Downstream of Highway 36



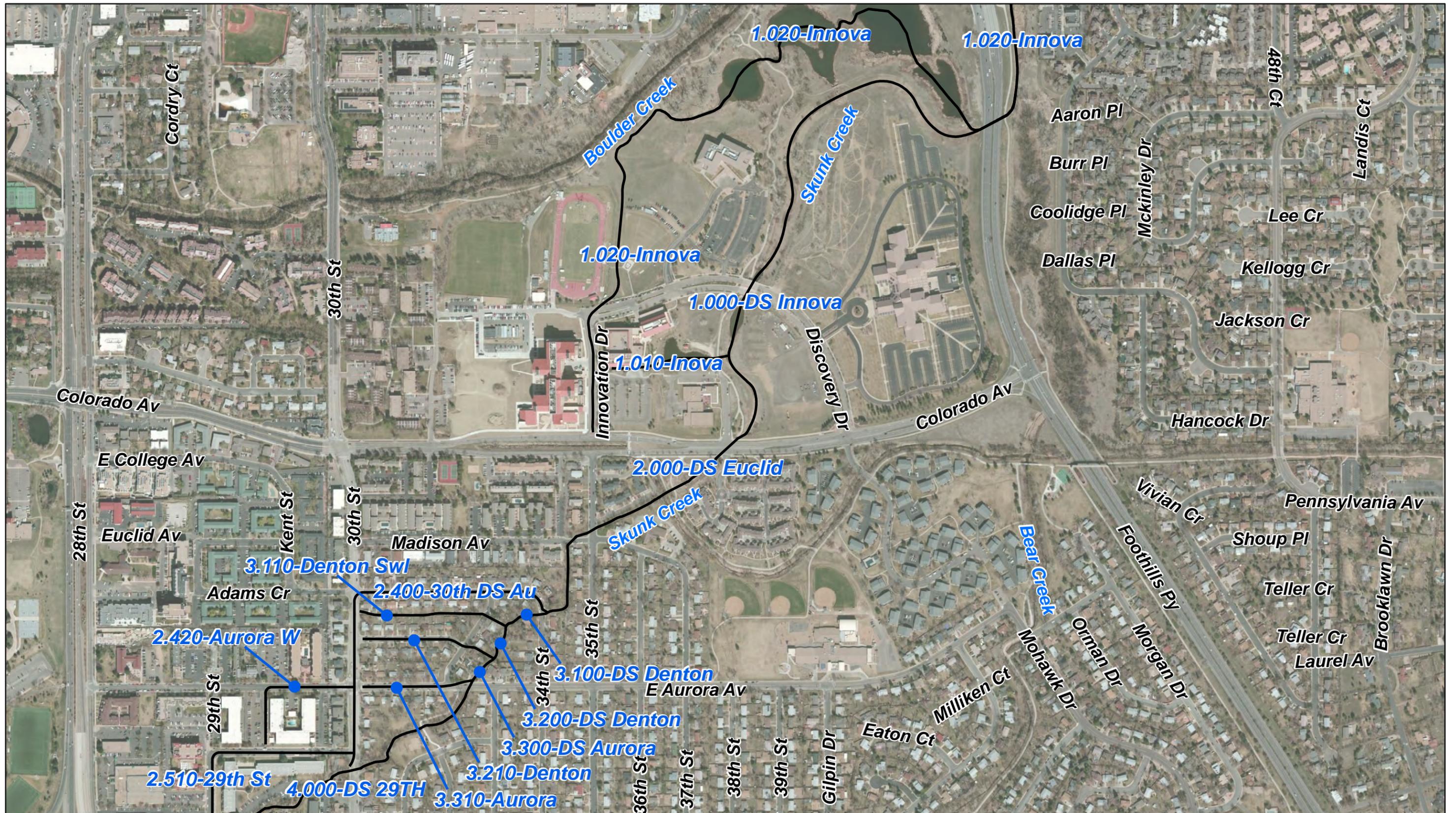
500 Feet



Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, King's Gulch
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Figure 6: HEC-RAS Reach Names Upstream of Highway 36



500 Feet



Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, King's Gulch

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Figure 7: HEC-RAS Reach Names Downstream of Highway 36



500 Feet

The use of junctions in particular proved challenging for the scope of this modeling effort. These are locations where two or more streams (or reaches) either come together or split apart. Junctions were used to model street intersections where sheet flow through neighborhoods is conveyed primarily by the street cross section, and either converges with flows from a cross street or diverges where the cross street has less flow and a lower energy grade. This condition sometimes changed for different profiles depending on hydraulic conditions upstream or downstream. For example, while culvert discharge varies with headwater, it is relatively constant in comparison to the magnitude of difference in flows for different profiles. So, a culvert which may have re-directed a substantial portion of the flow to another reach in the 10 or 25 year event may only direct a fraction of the total flow in the 500 year event, causing a junction downstream of the culvert to change from a divergence zone where these culvert flows exceeded the capacity of the intersection to a convergence zone in higher flows where the culvert now only re-directs a fraction of the total flows and the bypass now exceeds the capacity of the intersection but from a different direction. This will be discussed in more detail on a case by case basis.

Junctions along King Avenue, Columbine and Broadway in the Bluebell-Kings model and on 28th and 30th Streets in the Skunk model which converged for the 100-year event failed to converge for other profiles. Typically, HEC-RAS will add flows from two different reaches automatically and maintain continuity, even with multiple junctions. However with many junctions and extensive split flows being subtracted from one reach and added to another, the model began to have convergence issues. This problem was worked around by first noting the flows into or out of the junction for a run which converged or at least came close, eliminating the junction and then manually balancing the flows while maintaining continuity until a reasonable energy grade differential was established. This typically required multiple iterations to balance the flow over the entire network. An example of this is the Brdwy-Col junction in the Bluebell-Kings model, where flows from Baseline, North Alley, Columbine Avenue and Mariposa mix back and forth in the neighborhood west of Broadway, then converge onto Sunnyside Lane adjacent to Broadway. The model failed to add the flows at this junction from upstream reaches properly, so flows were input manually taking into consideration the overall distribution of flows being lost along Baseline and the Kings and Skunk Creek systems.

Lateral structures were used extensively in the project to model flows leaving hydraulically connected areas. These flows were either added to the same reach downstream, an adjacent reach, a downstream junction, or in some cases allowed to leave the model completely and then added back in manually at another point in the model. Typically these were modeled as broad crested weir embankments with a 5 foot top width, which is an average crest width for lawn areas between residences and office buildings, using a typical weir coefficient of 2.6. Weir geometry was coded from the digital terrain model, with the length

corresponding to the bounding cross sections. The weir coefficient was varied where the weir crest occurred along the crown of a roadway or the highpoint of a sidewalk to a maximum of 2.8, and lowered to 2.4 where high backwater occurred. Rating curves were also used to model flows lost at street intersections and selected culverts. These rating curves were calculated using external hydraulic modeling software based on physical data compiled from the survey information and incorporated into the CAD base. Details for these can be found in Appendix 3, and are discussed on a reach by reach basis where they are used.

3.2.1 Hydraulic Modeling (Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch)

The effective floodplains from the 1987 FHAD for Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch are approximate Zone A floodplains. No detailed effective models were developed for these streams. The proposed existing conditions model for both Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch is combined in one hydraulic model named Bluebell-Kings.prj and consists of 37 reaches, 19 junctions, 274 cross sections, 3 culverts and no bridges. Much of the flow in both streams spills from the main channel upon entering the residential area downstream of 15th Street and proceeds through the neighborhood as sheet flow down streets and through yards and alleys. Flow splits and spills are modeled through a network of junctions and lateral weirs within the combined Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch model. A discussion of the results can be found later in this report. The hydraulic models for Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch are located in Appendix 3. The floodplain work maps can be found in Appendix 4.

3.2.2 Boundary Conditions (Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch)

The downstream limits of Bluebell Canyon Creek flows are located at 1) section 14050 just south east of the intersection of Mariposa Avenue and Sunnyside Lane near the upstream face of box culvert at Skunk Creek and Broadway, 2) section 0097 near the downstream face of the box culvert at Skunk Creek and Broadway, and 3) section 101.72 on Baseline Avenue just west of 27th Way. The starting water surface elevation at these locations is based critical depth at section 14050 (1), normal depth with slopes of 0.8%, at section 0097 (2) and normal depth with a slope of 3.72% at section 101.72 (3).

King's Gulch flows into Skunk Creek near King Avenue and 22nd Street and just east of Bluebell Avenue and 22nd Street. The starting water surface elevations on King's Gulch at the confluences with Skunk Creek are based on normal depth. The normal depth slope at section 0001 at King Avenue and 22nd Street is 6%. The starting water surface elevation for all profiles on Kings Gulch near Bluebell Avenue and 22nd Street is based on normal depth with a slope at section 3000 of 2%.

3.2.3 Roughness Coefficients (Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch)

Roughness coefficients for Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch were developed from field inspection and aerial images. Photographic documentation for Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch was completed in the winter of 2010. Roughness coefficients at representative hydraulic cross section are included in table format in Appendix 3.

3.2.4 Hydraulic Structures (Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch)

The hydraulic structures present on Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch are listed in Table 4. There is one structure on Bluebell Canyon Creek at the Enchanted Mesa Trail and four small structures on King's Gulch. The blockages used in modeling each of these structures are also included in Table 4 and compared to the blockages assumed in the FHAD. Any change in blockage values from the FHAD are explained and justified in the far right column.

3.2.5 Obstructions (Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch)

Generally, single-family residential structures along Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch were modeled using a sufficiently high roughness coefficient and were not modeled as blocked obstructions. There are several commercial buildings in the Basemar shopping center as well as large multi-family structures just west of Broadway and south of Baseline Road which were modeled as blocked obstructions. In addition to these large structures, single-family residential structures at 1498 King Avenue, 485 Sunnyside Lane, and 2118 Baseline Road which obstruct a majority of cross sectional flow area were also modeled as obstructions.

Table 4 - Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch Hydraulic Structure Blockages

Structure Location	FHAD Blockage (%)	Revised Blockage (%)	Railing	Type of Railing and Modeling Method	Structure Description	Justification for Modified Blockage
Bluebell Canyon Creek						
Enchanted Mesa Trail	n/a	50	No	n/a	Semi-circular stone and concrete culvert Span = 12.5 ft Rise = 6.25 ft	n/a
King's Gulch						
Bellevue Drive	50	50	No	n/a	4 ft diameter RCP	n/a
Private Drive at 260 and 1425 Bellevue	25	25	No	n/a	4 ft diameter RCP	n/a
15th Street and adjacent to 1498 King Avenue	25	100	Yes	Residential fence modeled as 100% obstructed	2.5 ft diameter RCP Ties into storm sewer and discharges to gabion lined channel	Blockage increased because storm sewer system assumed full during 10-year events and greater
17th Street (outlet is located east of 22nd Street at Skunk Creek)	25	100	Yes	This storm sewer main is not included in the hydraulic model and is assumed 100% blocked	2 ft diameter RCP with drop inlet	Pipe acts as storm sewer main and is assumed full during 10-year events and greater

3.2.6 Conveyance Zone Modeling

There are currently no effective Floodway (conveyance) zones within the Bluebell and Kings Gulch floodplains.

Hydraulic modeling was completed to define the City's ½-ft rise conveyance zone which is equivalent to, but more stringent than FEMA's 1-ft rise floodway. The conveyance zone was modeled using the equal encroachment methodologies within HEC-RAS.

Conveyance zones were calculated for all reaches except: Basemar DS Brdwy, BWAY-EAST and Basemar.

In the Conveyance Model, the Base Profile condition was established from the 100-year Floodplain Model and the Conveyance Profile maintained identical discharges with the following exceptions. The Conveyance Profile discharges were reduced to zero in the reaches for which Conveyance zones were not calculated (Basemar DS Brdwy, BWAY-EAST and Basemar) and the Conveyance Profile discharges were modified in adjacent reaches (6.000-US Mrhd, Bline-Brdwy-US36, 5.10-BlineWest) to maintain flow continuity.

In some locations the conveyance encroachment locations were optimized to locate the conveyance zone within the public right-of-way along streets or avoid structures. In the vicinity of some of the reach junctions, engineering judgment was used to modify the conveyance zone delineation to more realistically join and transition between conveyance zones in adjacent reaches.

The conveyance model output indicates no surcharges greater than 0.5-ft and no negative surcharges at cross sections where encroachments exist, except in the three reaches for which conveyance zones were not calculated.

3.3.0 Hydraulic Analysis – Skunk Creek

3.3.1 Hydraulic Modeling (Skunk Creek)

The revised model for Skunk creek is named SkunkCreek.prj and consists of 29 reaches, 13 junctions, 304 cross sections, 15 culverts and 8 bridges. The upper reaches of Skunk Creek lie in the same area as Bluebell Canyon and Kings Gulch, running parallel with them in the upper watershed. While timing differences will occur in the larger Skunk Creek watershed, it was assumed that these differences are insignificant for the purposes of performing a steady state analysis of both systems. Based on this assumption, flows from the Bluebell-Kings model utilizing the watershed adjustment factor described above were used as input to the Skunk Creek model. These flows were added at appropriate

points as noted on the Hydraulic Summary exhibit for Skunk Creek. A discussion of the results can be found later in this report. The hydraulic models for Skunk Creek are located in Appendix 3. The floodplain work maps can be found in Appendix 4.

3.3.2 Boundary Conditions (Skunk Creek)

Skunk Creek has been modeled downstream of the confluence of Bear Creek and then downstream to the Confluence with Boulder Creek. The hydraulic modeling downstream of Foothills Parkway has been based on the pending Bear Creek Letter of Map Revision efforts currently underway by the City. The starting water surface elevation at the confluence with Boulder Creek reflects normal depth with a slope of 1%. The split flow to Bear Creek (6.300-Mrhd Bear) has a starting water surface based on normal depth with a slope of 1%.

The main channel reach of Skunk Creek immediately upstream of Foothills Parkway (1.000-DS Innova) utilizes a known water surface elevation for its downstream boundary condition. The known water surface elevation was estimated using an iterative procedure in order for the two cross sections upstream of Foothills Parkway (the other on reach 1.020-Innova) to have nearly equivalent water surface elevations as HEC-RAS was unable to converge the model at this location when using a junction.

3.3.3 Roughness Coefficients (Skunk Creek)

Skunk Creek roughness coefficients at each hydraulic cross section are included in table format in Appendix 3. For the Skunk Creek main channel, deviation from the effective roughness coefficients is documented and justified. For spill reaches not included in the effective model, the newly developed roughness coefficients are justified in the tables in Appendix 3. Roughness coefficients for Skunk Creek were developed from field inspection and aerial images. Photographic documentation of Skunk Creek was completed in the April 2007, July 2008, March 2009, and the winter of 2010. Photographs of Skunk Creek are included in Appendix 3.

3.3.4 Hydraulic Structures (Skunk Creek)

Debris blockage at bridges and culverts was determined based on historical data, use of engineering judgment, and close coordination with City of Boulder staff. For bridges, blockage was modeled by adjusting the low chord elevation to achieve the appropriate blocked flow area. Culvert blockages were modeled with

an equivalent area pipe or box culvert to account for the reduction of flow area by blockage.

The hydraulic structures present on Skunk Creek and their associated modeled blockages are listed in Table 5. Revised condition blockages in Table 5 are compared to the blockages assumed in the FHAD. Any change in blockage values from the FHAD are explained and justified in the far right column. There are 24 hydraulic structures on Skunk Creek included in the proposed existing conditions model.

Table 5 – Skunk Creek Hydraulic Structure Blockages

Structure Location	FHAD Blockage (%)	Revised Model Blockage (%)	Railing/ Guardrail Present	Type of Railing and Modeling Method	Structure Description	Justification for Modified Blockage
SKUNK CREEK						
King Avenue	50	50	Yes	One longitudinal tubular metal bar with three tubular posts. Assumed railing obstructs 50% of length of headwall (4.5').	1 cell culvert 7'w x 3'H	N/A
Private Drive - 322 22nd	40	40	Yes	One longitudinal metal plate with vertical and diagonal posts. Assumed railing obstructs flow for width of 10' over main channel.	Rise over channel invert 5.4'H; Deck width = 31.35'W	N/A
Private Drive - 2200 Bluebell	40	40	Yes	One longitudinal post with 3-4 vertical posts. Assumed railing obstructs flow for width of 10' over main channel (~50% railing blockage).	Rise over channel invert 5.3'H; Deck width = 23.6'W	N/A
Bluebell Avenue	30	30	Yes	Two longitudinal tubular metal bars with three tubular posts. Assumed railing obstructs 50% of length of headwall (3.75').	1 cell culvert 6'w x 4.5'H	N/A
Broadway	30	10	No	Metal railing on top of headwall with glass/plastic cover. Broadway is not overtopped, so there is no impact from railing blockage.	1 cell culvert 22'w x 8'H.	Possible debris blockage from moderate upstream channel vegetation, but the structure is wide relative to others on Skunk Creek and was designed to pass the 100-yr event with freeboard. (Per discussions with the City, this blockage is modified from the previous restudy of upper Skunk Creek which used 0%.)
Footbridge	30	N/A	N/A		Structure was removed with reconstruction of Broadway underpass.	N/A
Low Water Trail crossing d/s of B-way	N/A	100	No		5'W x 2.2'H	Small opening could easily become plugged with debris.
Low Water Trail crossing u/s of 27th Way	N/A	100	No		12'W x 4'H RCBC. See as-builts pg. 70.	Small opening could easily become plugged with debris.

Structure Location	FHAD Blockage (%)	Revised Model Blockage (%)	Railing/ Guardrail Present	Type of Railing and Modeling Method	Structure Description	Justification for Modified Blockage
SKUNK CREEK						
27th Way	0	10	Yes	Three longitudinal metal bars with multiple vertical posts. Railing was 100% blocked 27th Way is not overtopped so there is no impact from railing blockage.	1 cell culvert 20'w x 8'H.	Possible debris blockage from moderate u/s channel vegetation, but structure is wide relative to others on Skunk and was designed to pass the 100-yr event with freeboard. (Per discussions with the City, blockage is modified from previous restudy of upper Skunk Creek which used 0%.)
Moorhead Avenue	0	15	Yes	Tubular metal railing. 2 longitudinal bars, multiple vertical bars spaced approximately every 4-ft. Assumed railing obstructs 50% of length of headwall (11.5').	2 cell culvert 10'w x 5.8'H	Possible debris blockage from channel vegetation and trees.
US 36/28 th St. On Ramp South of Baseline	N/A	15	Yes		1 cell culvert 14'W x 7.5'H; Blockage created by sump condition on outlet side of box. Actual modeled blockage resulting from sump condition = 34%.	Limited debris blockage possible from Skunk Creek main channel and upstream parking area.
US 36	0	30	No	This structure analyzed for capacity in separate model.	U/S 2 cell culvert 6'w x 4'H	Moderate vegetation with mature trees in channel and parking lots north and south of the channel could contribute to debris blockage during a flood.
US 36/28 th St. On Ramp North of Baseline	N/A	5	Yes	Guardrail. Box is in sump condition. Actual blockage after accounting for sump is 56%.	1 cell culvert 14'w x 7.1'H	No significant sources of upstream debris.
Low Water Trail Crossing	N/A	75	No		1 cell culvert 14.7w x 3.4'; Unstable solution (profiles cross) when 100% blockage used.	Small opening could easily become plugged with debris, but opening is larger than low flow crossings at Broadway and 27th Way. Less debris sources because it's located immediately downstream of US36 culvert outlet.
Pedestrian Bridge	30	30	Yes	Timber railing, 2 longitudinal, 4 vertical, paneled fence over upstream wing walls. Assumed railing obstructs 75% of length of headwall and wing walls (32').	Bridge opening 14.8'w x 3.7'H.	N/A

Structure Location	FHAD Blockage (%)	Revised Model Blockage (%)	Railing/ Guardrail Present	Type of Railing and Modeling Method	Structure Description	Justification for Modified Blockage
SKUNK CREEK						
29 th Street	10	10	No	Assume no railing blockage, no separate railing for 29th Street box, pedestrian bridge railing serves 29th Street.	2 cell culvert 7'w x 4'H; Most of the debris at this location would be captured by the pedestrian bridge located immediately upstream.	N/A
Covered Pedestrian Bridge	30	30	Yes	Bridge is covered with wooden paneling. Assumed 100% blockage of paneled area	Connects day care center to basketball court.	N/A
30th Street	30	30	Yes	Tubular metal railing with 3 longitudinal bars and multiple vertical posts. Railing extends along wing walls and stone retaining wall upstream. Assume railing above headwall is 100% blocked.	1 cell culvert 8'w x 6'H	N/A
Arrowood Park Pedestrian Bridge	30	30	Yes	Wire mesh railing. Assume 100% blocked.	Bridge opening ~32.95'W x 5.3'H(max)	N/A
Aurora Avenue	10	20	Yes	8 longitudinal metal bars, multiple vertical metal bars. Assume railing above headwall and wing walls is 100% obstructed.	1 cell culvert 8'w x 6'H	Dense vegetation, but upstream residential density is less than at 34th, Madison, and 35th Streets.
34th Street	20	20	Yes	2 longitudinal bars, 3 vertical bars. Assumed railing obstructs 50% of length of headwall (7').	2 cell culvert 6'w x 3.5'H	
Madison Avenue - East Cell	30	30	Yes	3 longitudinal bars, multiple horizontal bars. Assume railing obstructs 75% of length of headwall (14.2').	2 cell culvert 6'w x 4'H	West cell does not appear more obstructed than the east cell.
Madison Avenue - West Cell	100	30	Yes			
35th Street	50	30	Yes	2 longitudinal bars, 4 vertical bars. Assumed railing obstructs 50% of length of headwall (7.6').	2 cell culvert 6'w x 4'H	Stream channel appears mostly smooth with minimal debris accumulation.
Wellman Canal	N/A	100	No		2' diameter RCP	Backwater effects would submerge pipe outlet during 10-yr and greater storm events.

Structure Location	FHAD Blockage (%)	Revised Model Blockage (%)	Railing/ Guardrail Present	Type of Railing and Modeling Method	Structure Description	Justification for Modified Blockage
SKUNK CREEK						
Colorado Avenue	0	5	Yes	2 longitudinal rails, 5 vertical bars. Assume railing obstructs 50% of length of headwall (17.5')	2 cell culvert; bike path box = 9.9'w x 7.3'H. Stream box = 9.9'w x 8.2'h	Some limited blockage potential from upstream vegetation. Only limited potential for residential debris accumulation upstream of this crossing. Much of the debris in Skunk Creek will be caught at the Wellman Canal upstream of Colorado Avenue. This structure is wide relative to most others on Skunk Creek and was designed to pass the 100-yr event.
Discovery Drive	0	5	Yes	P/C Concrete Fascia Panels Assumed 100% blocked across entire width.	45' span bridge with pedestrian trail beneath	

Capacity for two hydraulic structures on Skunk Creek was determined in separate HY-8 hydraulic models. The capacity of the double box culvert at Highway 36 was determined in HY-8 due to the multiple split flow paths which occur just upstream of the inlet to the Highway 36 structure. At this location, flow splits to the southeast parallel to Highway 36 and toward Bear Canyon Creek, to the northeast through the pedestrian underpass at the Eastbound Highway 36 on-ramp, and to the north toward Baseline. Due to the complexity of the flow splits just upstream of the Highway 36 culvert inlet, model convergence could not be achieved with the Highway 36 culvert included in the HEC-RAS model. Therefore, HY-8 was used to develop a structure rating table for use on a lateral structure in the HEC-RAS model representing the Highway 36 structure. Discharges leaving the model at the lateral structure are added back to the model just downstream of the Highway 36 outlet. The HY-8 model file is named US36_CULVERT&BASELINE-PED-BOX.HY8 and is located in Appendix 3.

The pedestrian underpass box at Baseline Road was also modeled in HY-8. A small spill from Baseline Road toward this underpass box occurs near Baseline and the northbound Hwy 36 exit ramp. The analysis shows this box has more than adequate capacity to return the Baseline spill flow to the main channel of Skunk Creek. The HY-8 model file is named US36_CULVERT&BASELINE-PED-BOX.HY8 and is located in Appendix 3.

3.3.5 Obstructions (Skunk Creek)

Generally, cross sections on Skunk Creek were set up to abut structures or single-family residential structures were modeled using a sufficiently high roughness coefficient and were not modeled as blocked obstructions. There are several large apartment and commercial buildings within the 29th Street spill reach, upstream of Colorado Avenue, and within the University of Colorado Research Park (CURP). These large structures were modeled as blocked obstructions and are hatched in the floodplain work maps. Single-family residential structures on the west side of 30th Street between Skunk Creek and Euclid Avenue were also modeled as blocked obstructions because they blocked a large portion of cross sectional flow area.

3.3.6 Conveyance Zone Modeling

The effective floodway zone within the Skunk Creek floodplain is currently defined in accordance with FEMA's 1-ft rise criteria.

Subsequent to the approval of the regulatory study in 1987, the City of Boulder now enforces a 0.5-ft rise floodway (conveyance) zone for use within the City

limits. The City's ½-ft rise conveyance zone is equivalent to, but more stringent than FEMA's 1-ft rise floodway.

Hydraulic modeling was completed to define the City's ½-ft rise conveyance zone. The conveyance zone was modeled using the equal encroachment methodologies within HEC-RAS.

Conveyance zones were calculated for all reaches.

In the Conveyance Model, the Base Profile condition was established from the 100-year Floodplain Model and the Conveyance Profile maintained identical discharges.

In some locations the conveyance encroachment locations were optimized to locate the conveyance zone within the public right-of-way along streets or avoid structures. In the vicinity of some of the reach junctions, engineering judgment was used to modify the conveyance zone delineation to more realistically join and transition between conveyance zones in adjacent reaches.

The conveyance model output indicates no surcharges greater than 0.5-ft and no negative surcharges at sections where encroachments exist.

3.4.0 Effective Hydraulic Model

The effective model (Skun.dat) completed in HEC-2 was used as a starting point for this study. The upstream limit of the Effective Model is at cross section 450 at the downstream face of King Avenue. Skun.dat is the Effective model for the detailed portion of the effective Skunk Creek floodplain.

The FHAD analysis included a second HEC-2 model (Skunk.dat) for the approximate reach of Skunk Creek from the downstream face of King Avenue to the ponds just west of the Kohler Reservoir storage tank and south of Green Mountain Cemetery. This hydraulic model was not approved or adopted by FEMA and the floodplain through this reach was defined by FEMA as an approximate floodplain.

3.5.0 Existing Conditions Hydraulic Model Results

Significant water surface elevation changes and flood hazard delineation are noted as a result of the revised floodplain analysis. These differences are due to changes within the study area including new development, re-development, channel improvements and drainage course alterations over the last 25 years. Some of these alterations to the drainage system have been documented

through the FEMA LOMR process, however a full understanding of the implications of these changes has not been possible without looking at the system as a whole. New topographic data and as-built surveys in conjunction with updated modeling methods have allowed the refinement of the main channel hydraulics enabling the identification of previously undetected spill reaches.

The revised floodplain and floodway delineations are presented on the floodplain work maps in Appendix 4. The current regulatory delineation has also been shown in order to compare the two. Refer to the Hydraulic Summary Schematic for each model, Appendix 3 for clarification of the following reach by reach discussion which follows.

3.5.1 Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch

Significant water surface elevation changes resulted from the revised floodplain analysis. These changes are due to detailed analysis of previously approximated floodplains, tracing lateral spills, and updated culvert modeling.

Bluebell Canyon Creek from the upstream limit to 20th Street

Along Bluebell Canyon Creek, the hydraulic structure at Enchanted Mesa Trail passes the 100-year event but overtops during the 500-yr event. The floodplain is generally contained to the steep channel upstream of 15th Street. There is a 100-yr spill from the main channel to the south along Mariposa Avenue just upstream of 15th Street. At 15th Street, the defined channel abruptly ends and sheet flows proceed down Mariposa Avenue and through the residential parcels between Mariposa Avenue and Columbine Avenue. A 2D model was developed and used at this location to distribute flows between the residential parcels and Mariposa Avenue. At 17th Street, sheet flows continue along the Mariposa Avenue and Columbine Avenue flow paths to 20th Street.

Baseline Spills

A significant portion of the Bluebell Canyon 100-year flows are diverted to the north at 20th Street due to the crossing of the Anderson Ditch. The 2D model was again used to determine discharges for each reach in this area. Flows north of Columbine eventually migrate north to Baseline where some of the flow spills out of the system to the north. These spill flows were subtracted from the model along this reach, but were assumed to return at the US-36 interchange in the Skunk Creek model.

Broadway and Baseline

At Broadway, Bluebell Canyon Creek flows split, proceeding east across Broadway down Baseline, south down Sunnyside Lane and north along Broadway. This area was modeled again with rating curves for the Broadway roadway section, with the main reach going east down Baseline. Flows lost

along Baseline upstream of this area to the north, north on Broadway at the intersection and east down Baseline were summed and added to the Skunk Creek model in reach 5.100-Blaine West. Approximately 25% of the flows in Baseline travel south down Broadway from the intersection toward Skunk Creek at Broadway, with a portion spilling across Broadway into the Basemar shopping center. In the Basemar shopping center, a portion of the flows are returned to Skunk Creek between commercial buildings. The remaining flows in Basemar rejoin Baseline along the north end of the shopping center and are returned to the Skunk Creek model at the US-36 interchange.

Broadway to Skunk Creek

The remaining flows traveling south down Broadway are joined by flows from Columbine, Mariposa and Bluebell at junctions in Sunnyside Lane.

Kings Gulch from the upstream limit to 20th Street

On King's Gulch, the hydraulic structures at Bellevue Drive, 260 Bellevue Drive, 1425 Bellevue Drive, and 1498 King Avenue are overtopped by the 10-yr event. Upstream of 15th Street, the 100-year floodplain is generally confined to the steep main channel. Downstream of 15th Street, King Avenue flows split at multiple locations and are modeled by junctions at 17th Street, 20th and 21st Streets. Some flows enter the small channel between 15th Street and 17th Street while the remaining flow proceeds through the residential parcels between the small channel and Bluebell Avenue. At 17th Street, all Kings Gulch flows are forced across the street and become sheet flow down King Avenue and Bluebell Avenue. Cross street flow from King Avenue to Bluebell Avenue occurs at 20th Street and 21st Street.

Kings Gulch from 20th Street to 22nd Street

A series of junctions connect flows between Bluebell and King Avenues below 20th Street, and most of the flows migrate from King back to Bluebell. The hydraulic connectivity between Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch at the intersection of Mariposa Avenue and 22nd Street is modeled with embankment weirs. In the vicinity of this intersection, approximately 90 cfs from the Bluebell Canyon Creek floodplain spills into the King's Gulch floodplain prior to entering Skunk Creek.

Bluebell and Kings at the confluence with Skunk Creek

Flows from King and Bluebell Avenues (approximately 400 cfs) enter Skunk Creek just downstream of 22nd Street. Flows from Baseline Columbine and Mariposa, which have combined along Broadway traveling south in Sunnyside Lane enter Skunk Creek just above the Broadway culvert. A portion of the Bluebell Canyon flows enter Skunk Creek below Broadway through driveway and pedestrian paths in the Basemar Shopping Center. A significant portion of flows from Bluebell Canyon travel down Baseline on the north side of the drainage

catchment, or are assumed to rejoin Skunk Creek at the Highway 36 interchange.

Spill reaches were previously detected on both streams above 15th Street, as floodwaters cascading down the narrow drainage ways are forced out of the historic paths due to insufficient capacity in the drainage infrastructure. For the purposes of this study, the entire drainage infrastructure was assumed to be full or completely blocked upstream of Broadway. The Effective model traced these flows down the east-west network of streets, King Avenue, Bluebell Avenue, Mariposa and Columbine, and delineated the neighborhoods as shallow flooding. This study refined the previous analysis, utilizing lateral weirs and junctions and tracked the spills on Kings at 16th and 17th, distributing them between Kings and Mariposa. Junctions between 20th and 21st Streets show the final distribution of flows as they enter the Skunk Creek main stem.

Floodplain and conveyance zone data for Bluebell Canyon Creek and King's Gulch is included in Tables 6 and 7 below.

3.5.2 Skunk Creek

Significant water surface elevation changes result from the revised floodplain analysis. These changes are due to updated topographic data, use of the updated modeling methods, replacement of the culverts at Broadway and 27th Way with 100-year structures, and the analysis of previously untraced spill reaches.

The revised floodplain and floodway delineations are indicated on the floodplain work maps in Appendix 4. New profiles have been developed and are included as exhibits.

Upstream limit to King Avenue

The hydraulic model of Skunk Creek begins immediately upstream of the Anderson Ditch in Green Mountain Cemetery. The 100-year floodplain is approximately 350 wide at this point as the previous study shows the flows spilled out across the left overbank area. The Skunk Creek model confirms this providing good correlation with the extents of the flooded area matching to within 15 feet. The spilled flows in the left overbank do not return to the channel but flow through the neighborhood on the eastern end of King Avenue, where the return to the Skunk Creek channel as part of the King's Gulch flows.

Some of the flows remaining in the channel are forced out of the banks again at King Avenue, Bluebell Avenue, and two private drives in between. Two lateral structures with an embankment weir along the right hand bank (LS 10900 and 11400) were coded in to determine the magnitude of these flows which travel

across the USDC NIST facility immediately to the east. A separate model of this area was originally created to assess the extents of flooding across the site and was later incorporated into the main model.

The USDC NIST spill reach is a newly designated portion of the Skunk Creek floodplain. The spill was detected through the use of detailed study methods and updated topography. A USDC project completed in 2008 placed fill along the east bank of Skunk Creek in this area. The project included a new detention pond located just east of lateral weir 10900. A berm was constructed along the east and north sides of the detention pond. For purposes of the hydraulic analysis, pre-project ground surface elevations were used to define lateral weir 10900. The berm is not treated as a levee and it is assumed the berm will be washed out during the base flood.

The USDC project also placed approximately 1-ft of fill along lateral weir 11400 and through the parking lot east of lateral weir 11400. The fill area and parking lot is approximately 200-ft wide. Post-project grades were used to define 11400. Following site visits, the fill area was assumed to be a landform and it is not expected to be washed out by the base flood.

These lateral structures converged for the 100-year event flows, but failed to converge with subsequent profiles. In order to determine flow inputs for the NIST reach for the 25, 50 and 500 year event, the 100-year discharge along the laterals was prorated along the length of the right bank from lateral structure 11400 down through cross section 10581 at Bluebell Avenue. There was no spill during the 10 year, and thus no flow in the NIST reach for this profile.

Flows are also input to the Skunk Creek model from the Bluebell-Kings model along this reach. These flows were adjusted for hydrologic effects as discussed earlier and added at appropriate points above Broadway. Residual flows from the Kings Gulch are added at sections 10978 and 10505. Residual flow from Bluebell Canyon traveling down Broadway is input at section 9842, and flows from NIST are input at section 9818.

King Avenue to Broadway

The 100-year floodplain is generally narrowed through the residential neighborhood between Broadway and King Avenue, with the most notable narrowing on the north side of Skunk Creek between the Bluebell Avenue culvert and Broadway. Water surface elevations decrease significantly upstream and downstream of the new structure at Broadway. The new Broadway structure passes the 100-year and 500-year flood events without overtopping the roadway. Six residential structures are removed from the 100-year floodplain in this reach. The 100-yr spill flow and a portion of the 500-year spill flow reenter the Skunk Creek main channel just upstream of Broadway.

Broadway to 27th Way

The 27th Way structure, included in the effective model, was overtopped during the 100-year event resulting in spill flows north along 27th Way to Baseline Road. The City of Boulder replaced the 27th Way culvert and constructed channel improvements between 27th Way and Broadway in approximately 2006. The improvements were designed to convey the 100-year event without over topping 27th Way and eliminated the spill flows along 27th Way. A City of Boulder Floodplain Development Permit was completed for these improvements (Floodplain Development Permit Application for the Replacement of the 27th Way Culvert over Skunk Creek, Love & Associates, Inc., 2006) which showed the improvements caused no rise in floodplain water surface elevations. A LOMR was not completed for these improvements.

The Broadway structure, included in the effective model, was overtopped during the 100-year event resulting in spill flows north along Broadway and east to the Basemar Shopping Center. The City of Boulder replaced the Broadway culvert in approximately 1999. The improvements were designed to convey the 500-year event without overtopping Broadway and eliminated the spill flows to Broadway and the Basemar Shopping Center. A City of Boulder Floodplain Development Permit was completed for these improvements (Floodplain Development Permit Application for the Replacement of the Broadway Culvert over Skunk Creek, Love & Associates, Inc., 1999.) which showed the improvements caused no rise in floodplain water surface elevations. A LOMR was not completed for these improvements.

27th Way to Hwy-36

A newly constructed floodwall between Moorhead and 27th way contains flows within the channel. Note that the total flow in the Skunk Creek main stem has been reduced along this reach due to the spill upstream of Broadway along Baseline as discussed earlier. Previously, in the effective model, FHAD hydrology had indicated all of the flows from Bluebell, Kings and Skunk converged upstream of Moorhead, and the curved culvert under Moorhead was overtopped, with a significant portion traveling south into the Bear Creek drainage. The results of this analysis show that with the flow leaving Baseline to the north above Broadway, the Moorhead Culvert is actually capable of passing the 100-year discharge. (Note that the flows leaving Baseline Road above Broadway are assumed to rejoin the floodplain at the Highway 36 interchange).

Flows from the Bluebell-Kings model which spill through and around the Basemar Shopping Center were added to the Skunk Creek model at locations immediately below Broadway (section 9638), upstream of 27th Way (section 9111) and into reach 5.100 on Baseline immediately above the US 36 interchange.

Downstream of Moorhead Avenue, a deep gabion lined channel directs flows to a box culvert under US Highway 36. This double 6'x2.8' culvert has insufficient capacity to convey the 100-year event, even with 10 to 12 feet of headwater. This headwater pools up behind the culvert, spilling into the parking lot of the Baseline Shopping Center directly adjacent to the north, and south down an alley along the southbound ramp to US 36. Lateral structures were coded along the northern perimeter of the shopping center to define flows lost from this pool onto Baseline directly above the highway interchange. Lost flows from the Bluebell-Kings model along Baseline to the west of Broadway are assumed to be added above the US 36 interchange increasing the water surface along Baseline, which in turn reduces the amount of flow lost from these lateral structures.

The deeper pool caused by this condition causes the gabion lined channel above the US 36 culvert to overtop the right bank, forcing more flow to the south in the alley along the southbound ramp toward Bear Canyon Creek. Approximately 334 cfs will be lost to the south, however, these flows were assumed to stay in the system and were added back in downstream of the outfall of the US 36 culvert. Due to the complex nature of the flow interactions above and below the US 36 interchange, the culvert routine in HEC-RAS would not converge. A rating curve was developed for the culvert using the FHWA program HY-8 (Appendix 3) and input as a lateral structure with flows returning downstream into reach 4.110 – Bline Path. This also failed to converge. Finally, a lateral structure with the rating curve was used to define the flow in the culvert based on headwater at section 8489 and the flow was removed from the model but added back in along with the Bear Canyon flows at section 7950, which is the outfall of the US 36 culvert at the pedestrian path crossing.

US Highway 36 to 29th Street

The flow balance upstream of the US 36 interchange was achieved by iteratively assigning values in the flow table at section 1022 (DP 303) until the overall discharge between reach 5.000 Bline-East (Baseline through the underpass), reach 6.000 US-Moorhead (the US 36 double box culvert and the pedestrian underpass through the SB on ramp) and reach 6.300 Mrhd-Bear (flows lost to Bear Canyon which are assumed to be re-introduced below US 36) summed to the published FHAD value of 1,350 cfs. Of this, approximately half of the flow travels down Baseline through the underpass, spilling to the left into the infield area of the NB on ramp through a pedestrian culvert and to the southeast infield area immediately adjacent to the NB off ramp, which also runs through a pedestrian culvert. Some residual flows travel on eastward down Baseline. The two pedestrian culverts discharge to the outfall of the US 36 double box culvert, affecting the tail water thus the discharge in the culvert. The flow balance in this area was also manually balanced in order to achieve continuity, adding approximately 10% to achieve an interpolated FHAD hydrology value of 1,525 cfs at section 7407.

A gabion lined channel downstream of this area collects Skunk Creek flows but is blocked above 29th Street by a commercial structure built in a pond formed by an irrigation dam immediately to the west of 29th. This structure is supported by concrete piers above the permanent pool which are inundated during the 100-year event. The piers were represented in section 7642 by raising the manning's n value to 0.15. This condition, coupled with the dam forces flood flows around and on to the 28th Street Frontage Road, where lateral structures on 29th Street show flows running north down 29th Street, east back into Skunk Creek, and south around the apartment complex located immediately downstream of 29th.

29th and 30th Street Spill Reaches

Spill flows down 29th travel along the streets down to Bixby and north to Aurora Avenue. The effective model assumed that flows were lost along this reach. A more detailed analysis of this split flow indicates that 95% of flows stay in the main channel or flood fringe down to 30th Street, where an undersized culvert forces 35% of flows out of the channel and into the neighborhood bounded by 30th, Madison and 35th Street before finding their way back to the main channel of Skunk Creek through a series of junctions. Some flows are eventually lost to the north near Aurora and 30th, however they are minimal and were added back in downstream.

Flows through these reaches are highly variable for profiles other than the 100-year. Variations in flows lost at lateral structures, the capacity of culverts and the ability of steep street sections to convey large flows back to the main channel result in street profiles showing large flows for one event and very little for others. For the purposes of this study, all flows were assumed to return to the main channel or flood fringe at Madison Avenue, which is FHAD DP 305.

Colorado at 35th Street

Between Euclid and Madison, the floodplain narrows to 350-400 feet, and the full 100-year flow is confined at depths of 2-3 feet and velocities of 2 feet per second. Culverts at Madison Avenue and 35th Streets force flows out of the floodplain to the north along 35th Street toward Colorado Avenue. Downstream of this area, the Wellman Canal cuts across and obliterates the Skunk Creek channel, resulting in still more flows lost north toward Colorado Avenue and the CU Research Park. Several attempts were made to model this area with separate reaches and lateral structures, with the result that the model failed to converge. These models were compared to one another and used to compile an energy grade surface of the floodplain between Colorado and Madison Avenues. This surface was then contoured, and the resulting isolines of energy grade were used to strike new cross sections for the entire area. The resulting single reach model run was checked against the multi-reach runs and found to agree well in terms of flow distribution, depth and velocity.

The flows in the left overbank overtop Colorado Avenue. Approximately 25% of these flows cross Colorado Avenue and into Innovation Drive, traveling down Innovation adjacent to the new CU Biotech building, still under construction. Grading around the building forms the left side of the roadway section, while the right bank of this section opens into a parking lot. Lateral weirs were used to define flows leaving Innovation Drive along this reach which are then collected in a channel running in front of the CU LASP Building. A portion of this flow returns to Skunk Creek at Discovery Drive, however approximately 294 cfs rejoins the Boulder Creek floodplain in a swale across Potts Field to the north, which ultimately travels through several ponds and rejoins the Skunk Creek channel at the Foothills Parkway culvert.

Wellman Canal

The Wellman Canal represents a significant obstruction to Skunk Creek as there is no drainage infrastructure to carry it across. Assuming the canal is flowing full, the capacity is limited by a low point along the left bank at the Skunk Creek crossing. However, immediately south of the Skunk Creek crossing the canal actually has significantly greater capacity. During a flood event on Skunk Creek, the water surface created as Skunk Creek flows over the canal will allow for a diversion of flows to the southeast. These flows were assumed to go into storage due to backwater from Foothills Highway and were returned to Skunk Creek above Colorado Avenue.

Colorado Avenue to Foothills

The bridge at Colorado Avenue constricts the remaining flows in Skunk Creek at this point, forcing some water east along Colorado Avenue towards the intersection with Monroe and Discovery Drives. These flows will be shallow and will return to the Skunk Creek channel as the peak recedes.

A flood channel was constructed in the late 1980's to convey Skunk Creek flows from Colorado Avenue through the CU Research Park to Foothills Hwy. Below Colorado Avenue, flows which have overtopped the roadway are returned with a spill collection channel on the right hand bank. Just below the CU Center for Astrophysics, a majority of the flows lost above Colorado Avenue which travel north down Innovation Drive are returned to the main channel by way of the flood channel and pond which runs west to east in front of the LASP Center.

Above Discovery Drive, the flood channel does not have the capacity to contain the headwater required to force the 100-year flows through the culvert, and backs up onto both overbank areas. The 500-year floodplain spills at this point to the east across Innovation Drive and returns to the Skunk Creek channel downstream.

Below Discovery Drive, flows will overtop the channel along the north (left) bank and mix with Boulder Creek flood flows before the remainder passes under the

culvert at Foothills Parkway and into the Bear Creek channel. Embankment weirs were coded along this area to model the spill using a weir coefficient of 2.4 in order to reflect the backwater that will exist within the floodplain area due to spills out of Skunk Creek. The weir coefficients for flows going north over Arapahoe Road were taken directly from the Boulder Creek PMR and reflect a value of 2.6.

Floodplain and conveyance zone data for Skunk Creek is included in Table 8 below.

Table 6: Summary of Floodplain and Conveyance Zone Data - Bluebell Canyon Creek (1 of 4)

Skunk Creek , Bluebell Canyon Creek , and King's Gulch Request for Physical Map Revision
 ICON Engineering, Inc.

River	Cross Section	Channel Invert (ft - NAVD 88)	Peak Discharge ¹		Water Surface Elevation (ft - NAVD 88)	Top Width (ft)	0.5-foot Rise Conveyance Zone					
			Floodplain (cfs)	Conveyance Zone (cfs)			Width (ft)	Area (sf)	Mean Vel. (ft/s)	Regulatory (ft - NAVD 88)	With Conveyance Zone (ft - NAVD 88)	Increase (ft)
Bluebell Creek Brdwy Marip-Skun	14050	5385.63	273	337	5387.68	26	25	45	7.6	5387.68	5387.91	0.23
	14100	5388.98	273	337	5390.65	48	35	49	6.8	5390.65	5390.83	0.18
	14150	5390.93	273	337	5391.91	64	45	53	6.4	5391.91	5392.17	0.26
Bluebell Creek Bline Brdwy-US36	101.72	5370.36	52	52	5370.86	130	30	20	2.7	5370.86	5371.25	0.39
	245	5375.01	52	52	5375.52	74	22	19	2.7	5375.52	5375.89	0.37
Bluebell Creek BWAY-EAST	97	5381.00	16	16	5381.73	16	17	7	2.4	5381.74	5381.73	-0.01
	225	5381.00	16	16	5381.94	34	34	28	0.6	5381.94	5381.94	0.00
Bluebell Creek Bline_21st_23rd	10100	5376.83	23	23	5377.57	23	15	8	2.7	5377.57	5377.58	0.01
	10200	5380.71	23	23	5381.36	32	19	4	6.2	5381.36	5381.12	-0.24
	10300	5385.26	23	23	5385.68	36	12	6	4.0	5385.68	5385.79	0.11
	10400	5388.05	23	23	5388.59	36	10	5	4.2	5388.59	5388.67	0.08
	10500	5391.15	23	23	5391.64	30	11	6	4.1	5391.64	5391.73	0.09
	10600	5394.38	23	23	5394.66	46	19	6	3.6	5394.66	5394.84	0.18
	10645	5397.12	23	23	5397.47	58	28	8	3.0	5397.47	5397.50	0.03
	10725	5398.12	32	32	5398.91	47	12	6	5.4	5398.91	5399.22	0.31
	10758	5399.91	32	32	5400.42	74	35	38	2.7	5400.42	5400.43	0.01
	10800	5400.95	32	32	5401.55	25	25	9	3.6	5401.55	5401.55	0.00
	10900	5404.65	32	32	5405.23	69	69	21	1.5	5405.23	5405.23	0.00
	11000	5407.94	33	33	5408.54	25	18	5	6.8	5408.54	5408.34	-0.20
	11030	5408.91	34	34	5409.59	33	10	8	4.5	5409.59	5409.73	0.14
	11100	5411.63	34	34	5412.17	28	15	8	4.0	5412.17	5412.29	0.12
	11200	5413.96	38	38	5414.63	23	15	8	4.5	5414.63	5414.65	0.02
11300	5417.00	38	38	5417.76	23	15	9	4.4	5417.76	5417.81	0.05	
11400	5420.86	44	44	5421.48	23	19	10	4.3	5421.48	5421.50	0.02	
11450	5422.50	80	80	5423.57	44	44	22	3.7	5423.57	5423.39	-0.18	
Bluebell Creek Brdwy Col-Marip	14200	5391.00	150	214	5392.64	66	66	97	2.2	5392.64	5393.00	0.36
	14250	5392.00	150	214	5392.92	69	50	42	5.1	5392.92	5392.97	0.05
	14300	5392.00	150	214	5393.27	94	85	95	2.3	5393.27	5393.56	0.29
	14350	5392.93	150	214	5393.43	91	85	57	3.7	5393.43	5393.66	0.23
	14400	5393.00	196	214	5393.85	99	65	67	3.2	5393.85	5394.03	0.18
	14450	5393.00	214	214	5394.03	95	70	59	3.6	5394.03	5394.26	0.23
	14500	5393.00	214	214	5394.42	92	75	85	2.5	5394.42	5394.56	0.14
14545	5393.38	214	214	5394.47	55	48	47	4.5	5394.47	5394.59	0.12	
Bluebell Creek Basemar	366	5375.99	29	29	5377.15	37	39	32	0.9	5377.15	5377.27	0.12
	556	5377.93	43	43	5378.60	84	82	34	1.3	5378.60	5378.54	-0.06
	747	5381.01	49	49	5381.52	108	110	39	1.3	5381.52	5381.56	0.04
	826	5381.00	49	49	5381.88	91	93	74	0.7	5381.88	5381.95	0.07

¹ Peak discharge for floodway may be higher than floodplain due to floodway consolidation from split flow paths

Table 6: Summary of Floodplain and Conveyance Zone Data - Bluebell Canyon Creek (2 of 4)

Skunk Creek , Bluebell Canyon Creek , and King's Gulch Request for Physical Map Revision
 ICON Engineering, Inc.

River	Cross Section	Channel Invert (ft - NAVD 88)	Peak Discharge ¹		Water Surface Elevation (ft - NAVD 88)	Top Width (ft)	0.5-foot Rise Conveyance Zone						
			Floodplain (cfs)	Conveyance Zone (cfs)			Width (ft)	Area (sf)	Mean Vel. (ft/s)	Regulatory (ft - NAVD 88)	With Conveyance Zone (ft - NAVD 88)	Increase (ft)	
Bluebell Creek	977	5388.94	64	64	5389.33	131							
Basemar DS Brdwy	1008	5392.44	0	0	5392.61	122							
Bluebell Creek	138	5392.59	123	123	5394.16	85	25	27	4.6	5394.16	5394.51	0.35	
MARIPOSA-US-16TH	198	5394.98	123	123	5396.26	99	29	26	4.7	5396.26	5396.44	0.18	
	260	5397.37	123	123	5398.52	108	25	22	5.5	5398.52	5398.67	0.15	
	379	5401.46	123	123	5402.54	82	25	22	5.6	5402.54	5402.71	0.17	
	438	5403.50	123	123	5404.65	67	25	23	5.4	5404.65	5404.93	0.28	
	497	5405.87	123	123	5407.05	73	25	23	5.4	5407.05	5407.35	0.30	
	590	5409.69	123	123	5410.72	63	25	24	5.1	5410.72	5411.13	0.41	
	655	5412.03	123	123	5413.17	96	30	24	5.2	5413.17	5413.43	0.26	
	761	5416.13	273	273	5417.45	178	37	44	6.2	5417.45	5417.86	0.41	
	923	5420.67	273	273	5421.80	148	35	44	6.3	5421.80	5422.02	0.22	
	1099	5426.02	273	273	5427.29	144	40	45	6.1	5427.29	5427.54	0.25	
	1147	5428.13	273	273	5429.21	213	55	55	4.9	5429.21	5429.46	0.25	
	1319	5435.43	273	273	5436.36	219	90	81	3.4	5436.36	5436.70	0.34	
	1437	5441.00	273	273	5441.77	130	72	59	4.6	5441.77	5442.09	0.32	
	1522	5444.36	273	273	5445.27	259	95	87	3.2	5445.27	5445.55	0.28	
	1626	5449.14	273	273	5449.93	177	76	56	4.9	5449.93	5450.25	0.32	
	1721	5454.11	273	273	5455.33	244	131	98	2.8	5455.33	5455.76	0.43	
	1808	5459.97	273	273	5461.29	70	30	41	6.7	5461.29	5461.49	0.20	
	1947	5467.15	273	273	5468.65	83	30	41	6.6	5468.65	5468.83	0.18	
	2082	5474.06	273	273	5475.38	99	35	43	6.3	5475.38	5475.54	0.16	
	2136	5476.96	273	273	5478.30	58	30	41	6.7	5478.30	5478.45	0.15	
	2313	5487.90	273	273	5489.25	75	35	43	6.3	5489.25	5489.39	0.14	
	2429	5494.92	273	273	5495.87	105	40	45	6.0	5495.87	5496.12	0.25	
	2480	5496.80	264	264	5498.16	49	30	40	6.6	5498.16	5498.31	0.15	
	2552	5501.22	264	264	5502.63	68	30	39	6.7	5502.63	5502.77	0.14	
	2619	5505.97	264	264	5507.48	56	30	40	6.6	5507.48	5507.68	0.20	
	2754	5514.65	264	264	5516.13	115	40	50	5.3	5516.13	5516.40	0.27	
	2824	5518.76	279	279	5520.13	105	44	46	6.1	5520.13	5520.31	0.18	
	3012	5533.57	279	279	5535.70	44	30	41	6.8	5535.70	5535.80	0.10	
	3081	5539.19	279	279	5540.54	169	35	43	6.5	5540.54	5540.74	0.20	
	3141	5543.05	279	279	5543.76	147	45	51	5.5	5543.76	5544.24	0.48	
	3169	5543.69	0	0	5544.46	49	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	3335	5554.36	0	0	5554.51	9	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	3485	5564.95	0	0	5565.04	17	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	3559	5570.96	0	0	5571.14	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	3667	5579.34	0	0	5579.50	49	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	3805	5591.10	0	0	5591.29	12	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	3944	5601.50	0	0	5601.70	19	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	4124	5618.60	0	0	5618.73	7	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	4251	5631.50	0	0	5631.65	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	4385	5646.00	0	0	5646.13	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	4386	5646.00	0	0	5646.13	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	

¹ Peak discharge for floodway may be higher than floodplain due to floodway consolidation from split flow paths

Table 6: Summary of Floodplain and Conveyance Zone Data - Bluebell Canyon Creek (3 of 4)

Skunk Creek , Bluebell Canyon Creek , and King's Gulch Request for Physical Map Revision

ICON Engineering, Inc.

River	Cross Section	Channel Invert (ft - NAVD 88)	Peak Discharge ¹		Water Surface Elevation (ft - NAVD 88)	Top Width (ft)	0.5-foot Rise Conveyance Zone					
			Floodplain (cfs)	Conveyance Zone (cfs)			Width (ft)	Area (sf)	Mean Vel. (ft/s)	Regulatory (ft - NAVD 88)	With Conveyance Zone (ft - NAVD 88)	Increase (ft)
Bluebell Creek Bline 20th-21st	11500	5423.94	20	20	5424.29	25	15	8	2.4	5424.29	5424.56	0.27
	11600	5426.82	45	45	5427.38	34	32	8	5.7	5427.38	5427.24	-0.14
	11700	5429.99	50	50	5430.76	25	25	13	3.8	5430.76	5430.84	0.08
	11800	5434.32	50	50	5435.15	41	18	6	8.7	5435.15	5434.87	-0.28
	11898	5436.84	50	50	5437.46	45	40	23	2.2	5437.46	5437.65	0.19
	11998	5439.23	50	50	5440.23	52	30	12	4.0	5440.23	5440.35	0.12
Bluebell Creek Brdwy Bline-N Al	14550	5393.58	156	156	5394.69	52	53	53	2.9	5394.69	5394.83	0.14
	14600	5393.95	156	156	5394.98	60	59	54	2.9	5394.98	5395.02	0.04
	14650	5394.00	156	156	5395.17	56	55	58	2.7	5395.17	5395.20	0.03
	14700	5394.88	156	156	5395.79	61	35	30	5.3	5395.79	5395.79	0.00
	14750	5395.37	156	156	5396.20	61	45	46	3.4	5396.20	5396.49	0.29
	14800	5396.23	156	156	5397.04	69	40	30	5.1	5397.04	5397.11	0.07
	14850	5397.20	156	156	5398.14	69	29	26	5.9	5398.14	5398.28	0.14
	14900	5398.37	150	156	5399.17	61	25	26	6.0	5399.17	5399.59	0.42
Bluebell Creek Col North Alley	648	5423.88	60	60	5424.53	136	40	41	1.5	5424.53	5424.98	0.45
	670	5424.68	60	60	5425.19	67	35	13	4.5	5425.19	5425.19	0.00
	739	5428.31	60	60	5428.84	124	30	17	3.5	5428.84	5429.12	0.28
	829	5430.08	60	60	5431.35	65	20	30	2.0	5431.35	5431.70	0.35
	906	5433.59	60	60	5434.08	132	25	14	4.3	5434.08	5434.42	0.34
	979	5436.00	60	60	5437.05	73	20	28	2.2	5437.05	5437.50	0.45
	1027	5439.44	60	60	5440.27	50	30	16	3.7	5440.27	5440.44	0.17
	1040	5441.00	60	60	5441.37	95	35	17	3.5	5441.37	5441.52	0.15
Bluebell Creek Blue-19TH-20TH	1234	5394.86	58	58	5395.78	39	35	8	7.3	5395.78	5395.48	-0.30
	1336	5397.50	58	58	5398.39	39	39	20	2.9	5398.39	5398.49	0.10
	1436	5400.92	58	58	5401.84	45	22	5	12.2	5401.84	5401.48	-0.36
	1520	5404.35	58	58	5404.87	47	47	27	2.2	5404.87	5405.08	0.21
	1570	5406.49	58	58	5406.99	39	37	9	6.8	5406.99	5406.85	-0.14
	1682	5410.95	58	58	5411.45	69	26	14	4.2	5411.45	5411.57	0.12
	1743	5412.97	13	13	5413.30	23	9	4	3.6	5413.30	5413.38	0.08
	1901	5419.67	13	13	5420.03	21	8	3	4.7	5420.03	5420.06	0.03
	2004	5422.69	13	13	5423.49	17	5	3	4.7	5423.49	5423.55	0.06
	2053	5424.50	13	13	5425.25	17	3	2	7.4	5425.25	5425.25	0.00
	2154	5428.16	13	13	5428.72	46	15	5	2.7	5428.72	5428.84	0.12
	2226	5431.01	13	13	5431.45	33	25	5	2.6	5431.45	5431.45	0.00
	2310	5433.50	13	13	5434.20	13	4	3	5.1	5434.20	5434.33	0.13
	2383	5437.35	13	13	5437.95	21	8	3	4.1	5437.95	5438.12	0.17
	2433	5441.90	13	13	5442.18	101	25	4	3.1	5442.18	5442.21	0.03
	2460	5442.03	13	13	5442.37	30	30	12	1.1	5442.37	5442.48	0.11
	2469	5442.04	13	13	5442.42	49	51	16	0.8	5442.42	5442.50	0.08
	2477	5442.00	121	121	5442.59	256	125	84	1.4	5442.59	5442.65	0.06
	2512	5442.66	121	121	5443.09	161	95	69	1.8	5443.09	5443.25	0.16
2565	5443.84	121	121	5444.36	89	45	31	3.9	5444.36	5444.60	0.24	
2622	5445.94	121	121	5446.96	59	35	25	4.8	5446.96	5447.05	0.09	
2739	5450.17	121	121	5451.33	58	35	24	5.0	5451.33	5451.44	0.11	

¹ Peak discharge for floodway may be higher than floodplain due to floodway consolidation from split flow paths

Table 6: Summary of Floodplain and Conveyance Zone Data - Bluebell Canyon Creek (4 of 4)

Skunk Creek , Bluebell Canyon Creek , and King's Gulch Request for Physical Map Revision

ICON Engineering, Inc.

River	Cross Section	Channel Invert (ft - NAVD 88)	Peak Discharge ¹		Water Surface Elevation (ft - NAVD 88)	Top Width (ft)	0.5-foot Rise Conveyance Zone					
			Floodplain (cfs)	Conveyance Zone (cfs)			Width (ft)	Area (sf)	Mean Vel. (ft/s)	Regulatory (ft - NAVD 88)	With Conveyance Zone (ft - NAVD 88)	Increase (ft)
Bluebell Creek Col-18TH-19TH	40	5452.94	65	65	5453.43	46	35	15	4.4	5453.43	5453.46	0.03
	193	5462.31	65	65	5462.99	45	31	7	9.1	5462.99	5462.73	-0.26
	355	5471.97	53	53	5472.33	130	40	15	3.6	5472.33	5472.50	0.17
	426	5474.95	53	53	5475.54	35	34	14	3.7	5475.54	5475.54	0.00
Bluebell Creek BLUE-US-16TH	2793	5457.77	51	51	5458.34	84	28	7	7.7	5458.34	5458.11	-0.23
	2945	5467.00	51	51	5467.96	142	41	31	1.6	5467.96	5468.21	0.25
	3107	5474.32	70	70	5476.67	130	35	16	4.3	5476.67	5476.79	0.12
	3177	5479.59	70	70	5481.06	135	20	26	2.7	5481.06	5481.21	0.15
	3320	5488.27	121	121	5489.73	105	20	22	5.5	5489.73	5489.81	0.08
	3490	5495.34	121	121	5496.17	181	40	44	2.7	5496.17	5496.56	0.39
	3567	5497.10	130	130	5497.95	111	40	41	3.2	5497.95	5498.33	0.38
	3643	5500.26	130	130	5501.35	106	60	37	3.6	5501.35	5501.67	0.32
	3760	5508.79	130	130	5510.06	107	40	40	3.3	5510.06	5510.40	0.34
	3862	5516.96	130	130	5517.66	86	30	27	4.7	5517.66	5517.94	0.28
	3917	5519.19	115	115	5520.57	66	40	33	3.5	5520.57	5521.01	0.44
	3932	5519.92	115	115	5521.49	31	20	24	4.8	5521.49	5521.53	0.04
	4006	5525.95	115	115	5527.12	70	30	31	3.7	5527.12	5527.35	0.23
	4108	5534.05	115	115	5534.63	119	40	31	3.7	5534.63	5534.99	0.36
	4197	5539.04	115	115	5540.25	97	30	35	3.3	5540.25	5540.47	0.22
	4258	5543.17	115	115	5543.66	124	45	34	3.4	5543.66	5544.04	0.38
	4282	5544.30	230	230	5545.37	110	107	61	3.8	5545.37	5545.73	0.36
	4436	5548.93	230	230	5550.19	44	38	40	5.8	5550.19	5550.62	0.43
	4507	5556.54	230	230	5558.80	41	20	33	7.1	5558.80	5559.08	0.28
	4641	5565.95	230	230	5568.12	31	15	29	7.9	5568.12	5568.29	0.17
	4735	5572.10	230	230	5573.81	42	25	39	5.9	5573.81	5574.16	0.35
	4779	5575.87	230	230	5577.38	50	22	33	7.0	5577.38	5577.46	0.08
	4960	5584.89	230	230	5587.29	27	13	33	7.0	5587.29	5587.79	0.50
	5092	5593.93	230	230	5596.56	22	9	25	9.4	5596.56	5597.00	0.44
	5207	5600.89	230	230	5603.73	21	14	35	6.6	5603.73	5604.18	0.45
	5350	5612.93	230	230	5615.45	18	11	26	8.8	5615.45	5615.66	0.21
	5485	5624.62	230	230	5627.56	20	11	26	8.8	5627.56	5627.66	0.10
	5696	5643.29	230	230	5646.55	82	10	25	9.1	5646.55	5646.58	0.03
	5828	5651.99	230	230	5654.26	42	34	46	5.0	5654.26	5654.47	0.21
	5976	5664.97	230	230	5667.23	39	18	31	7.4	5667.23	5667.28	0.05
	6160	5677.88	230	230	5679.28	57	29	39	5.9	5679.28	5679.48	0.20
	6345	5685.51	230	230	5688.91	18	10	30	7.7	5688.91	5689.33	0.42
6510	5694.96	230	230	5698.14	16	10	28	8.2	5698.14	5698.43	0.29	
6677	5705.00	230	230	5707.21	27	16	35	6.7	5707.21	5707.56	0.35	
6819	5718.35	230	230	5719.95	40	18	31	7.4	5719.95	5720.19	0.24	
6920	5728.49	230	230	5729.74	44	20	31	7.3	5729.74	5730.12	0.38	
7082	5738.42	230	230	5741.48	20	10	27	8.5	5741.48	5741.80	0.32	
7199	5752.85	230	230	5754.40	40	18	31	7.5	5754.40	5754.76	0.36	
7281	5759.13	230	230	5761.68	17	10	25	9.0	5761.68	5762.04	0.36	
7313	5759.98	230	230	5765.41	30	24	98	2.4	5765.41	5765.41	0.00	
7520	5783.94	230	230	5785.37	47	20	32	7.2	5785.37	5785.85	0.48	
7631	5794.96	230	230	5796.75	45	16	30	7.7	5796.75	5797.14	0.39	

¹ Peak discharge for floodway may be higher than floodplain due to floodway consolidation from split flow paths

Table 7: Summary of Floodplain and Floodway Data - Kings Gulch (1 of 3)

Skunk Creek , Bluebell Canyon Creek , and King's Gulch Request for Physical Map Revision
 ICON Engineering, Inc.

River	Cross Section	Channel Invert (ft - NAVD 88)	Peak Discharge ¹		Water Surface Elevation (ft - NAVD 88)	Top Width (ft)	0.5-foot Rise Conveyance Zone					
			Floodplain (cfs)	Conveyance Zone (cfs)			Width (ft)	Area (sf)	Mean Vel. (ft/s)	Regulatory (ft - NAVD 88)	With Conveyance Zone (ft - NAVD 88)	Increase (ft)
Kings-Ave Echo	22068	5425.95	239	239	5427.67	104	35	65	3.7	5427.67	5428.00	0.33
	22146	5430.13	239	239	5431.34	148	69	59	4.1	5431.34	5431.78	0.44
	22259	5434.50	239	239	5435.64	215	69	94	2.5	5435.64	5436.10	0.46
	22374	5436.82	239	239	5438.56	91	25	54	4.4	5438.56	5439.03	0.47
	22529	5441.65	239	239	5443.29	143	38	72	3.3	5443.29	5443.75	0.46
Kings-Gulch 21st-Skunk	1	5415.99	267	267	5418.33	112	73	69	3.9	5418.33	5418.74	0.41
	73	5420.29	267	267	5421.65	130	50	78	3.4	5421.65	5422.09	0.44
	181	5423.99	267	267	5425.46	67	30	41	6.6	5425.46	5425.67	0.21
	319	5428.78	28	28	5429.10	72	25	8	3.4	5429.10	5429.19	0.09
	474	5433.49	28	28	5434.33	48	35	7	3.8	5434.33	5434.46	0.13
Kings-Gulch Blbell-21st Skunk	3000	5402.17	417	417	5406.89	88	55	121	3.4	5406.89	5406.96	0.07
	3053	5403.24	417	417	5407.79	73	73	159	2.6	5407.79	5407.86	0.07
	3132	5410.97	312	312	5411.90	90	40	49	6.3	5411.90	5412.32	0.42
	3215	5413.43	312	312	5414.89	168	40	50	6.3	5414.89	5415.17	0.28
	3310	5417.43	312	312	5418.69	167	61	65	4.8	5418.69	5419.08	0.39
	3374	5420.48	312	312	5422.11	247	29	44	7.0	5422.11	5422.45	0.34
	3455	5424.47	312	312	5425.77	184	34	47	6.7	5425.77	5426.20	0.43
	3537	5428.35	312	312	5429.62	181	41	50	6.2	5429.62	5430.10	0.48
	3560	5429.00	312	312	5430.43	205	40	50	6.3	5430.43	5430.91	0.48
Kings-Gulch Blue-20TH-21ST	3615	5430.86	85	85	5431.86	131	51	31	2.7	5431.86	5432.14	0.28
	3674	5433.50	85	85	5434.61	100	100	36	2.4	5434.61	5434.61	0.00
	3796	5439.50	85	85	5440.33	173	172	47	1.8	5440.33	5440.33	0.00
	3896	5442.52	85	85	5443.65	45	26	18	4.9	5443.65	5443.70	0.05
Kings-Gulch 20TH Street	3998	5445.95	62	62	5446.46	46	45	18	3.4	5446.46	5446.46	0.00
	20097	5447.10	62	62	5447.87	55	30	16	3.9	5447.87	5447.97	0.10
	20098	5447.10	62	62	5447.89	56	30	17	3.7	5447.89	5448.00	0.11
Kings-Gulch Blue-17TH-20TH	17038	5445.05	23	23	5446.10	22	8	1	16.3	5446.10	5445.65	-0.45
	17174	5451.71	23	23	5452.64	17	15	11	2.1	5452.64	5452.91	0.27
	17246	5455.27	23	23	5456.17	71	71	14	1.6	5456.17	5456.17	0.00
	17317	5458.27	23	23	5459.33	40	40	14	1.7	5459.33	5459.33	0.00
	17458	5465.17	23	23	5466.01	136	136	79	0.7	5466.01	5466.01	0.00
	17604	5471.92	23	23	5472.80	40	40	13	1.8	5472.80	5472.80	0.00
	17675	5475.48	23	23	5476.19	25	25	7	3.2	5476.19	5476.19	0.00
	17803	5482.31	23	23	5483.27	46	46	19	3.3	5483.27	5483.27	0.00
	17910	5489.97	23	23	5490.85	16	10	5	4.2	5490.85	5490.90	0.05
	17966	5492.77	23	23	5493.93	15	14	7	3.2	5493.93	5493.90	-0.03
	171056	5493.46	23	23	5494.73	32	18	11	2.1	5494.73	5494.71	-0.02

¹ Peak discharge for floodway may be higher than floodplain due to floodway consolidation from split flow paths

Table 7: Summary of Floodplain and Floodway Data - Kings Gulch (2 of 3)

Skunk Creek , Bluebell Canyon Creek , and King's Gulch Request for Physical Map Revision
 ICON Engineering, Inc.

River	Cross Section	Channel Invert (ft - NAVD 88)	Peak Discharge ¹		Water Surface Elevation (ft - NAVD 88)	Top Width (ft)	0.5-foot Rise Conveyance Zone					
			Floodplain (cfs)	Conveyance Zone (cfs)			Width (ft)	Area (sf)	Mean Vel. (ft/s)	Regulatory (ft - NAVD 88)	With Conveyance Zone (ft - NAVD 88)	Increase (ft)
Kings-Gulch 21st Street	21139	5431.44	227	227	5432.96	73	30	36	6.3	5432.96	5433.15	0.19
	21235	5432.07	227	227	5433.73	122	35	55	4.2	5433.73	5434.22	0.49
	21268	5432.97	227	227	5434.15	109	38	39	5.8	5434.15	5434.43	0.28
Kings-Gulch 20th-21st Street	562	5437.00	255	255	5438.29	172	27	38	6.7	5438.29	5438.71	0.42
	711	5442.68	255	255	5443.79	137	40	46	5.6	5443.79	5444.12	0.33
	820	5447.30	255	255	5447.74	114	94	66	3.9	5447.74	5448.16	0.42
Kings-Gulch 17TH-20TH	926	5450.46	267	267	5452.30	79	29	40	6.7	5452.30	5452.56	0.26
	1034	5455.85	267	267	5457.22	253	36	43	6.2	5457.22	5457.38	0.16
	1106	5460.16	267	267	5461.36	107	29	40	6.7	5461.36	5461.68	0.32
	1188	5463.85	267	267	5465.07	72	35	43	6.2	5465.07	5465.20	0.13
	1342	5470.81	267	267	5472.08	114	30	41	6.6	5472.08	5472.43	0.35
	1465	5476.92	267	267	5478.15	87	30	41	6.6	5478.15	5478.36	0.21
	1547	5479.91	267	267	5481.10	116	31	41	6.5	5481.10	5481.34	0.24
	1621	5482.94	267	267	5484.65	73	25	42	6.3	5484.65	5484.78	0.13
	1756	5487.99	267	267	5489.71	70	40	48	5.6	5489.71	5489.75	0.04
	1829	5492.17	267	267	5493.48	135	35	43	6.3	5493.48	5493.61	0.13
Kings-Gulch Kings-US-17TH	1885	5496.27	185	185	5497.02	71	35	32	5.8	5497.02	5497.44	0.42
	1936	5496.32	185	185	5499.05	57	40	49	3.8	5499.05	5499.36	0.31
	2055	5504.96	185	185	5506.94	23	10	22	8.4	5506.94	5507.29	0.35
	2208	5518.02	185	185	5521.30	15	15	25	7.3	5521.30	5521.35	0.05
	2306	5524.95	186	186	5526.82	21	10	22	8.4	5526.82	5527.19	0.37
	2408	5527.98	201	202	5530.39	21	17	28	7.1	5530.39	5530.47	0.08
	2488	5528.68	202	202	5531.24	13	11	29	7.0	5531.24	5531.34	0.10
	2527	5535.57	214	214	5536.57	102	35	37	5.8	5536.57	5537.02	0.45
	2570	5538.99	214	214	5540.13	102	26	33	6.5	5540.13	5540.49	0.36
	2658	5540.73	214	214	5545.56	15	15	28	7.7	5545.56	5545.56	0.00
	2785	5547.47	214	214	5550.83	27	13	44	4.8	5550.83	5551.32	0.49
	2881	5554.04	214	214	5556.46	25	10	24	8.8	5556.46	5556.84	0.38
	2979	5560.41	214	214	5562.88	22	9	24	9.0	5562.88	5563.35	0.47
	3057	5567.30	214	214	5570.36	14	6	20	10.5	5570.36	5570.83	0.47
	3095	5570.30	214	214	5575.77	65	37	87	2.5	5575.77	5576.15	0.38
	3240	5578.15	214	214	5579.93	30	13	26	8.1	5579.93	5580.37	0.44
	3339	5584.72	214	214	5586.89	29	13	29	7.5	5586.89	5587.33	0.44
	3437	5595.26	214	214	5599.83	26	4	17	12.6	5599.83	5600.22	0.39
	3593	5601.81	214	214	5613.83	77	35	367	0.6	5613.83	5614.11	0.28
	3742	5610.98	200	200	5613.63	26	25	48	4.2	5613.63	5613.97	0.34
3841	5617.99	200	200	5620.51	25	9	22	9.0	5620.51	5620.89	0.38	
Kings-Gulch 17TH-STR	17181	5493.49	42	42	5494.59	44	32	30	1.4	5494.59	5494.86	0.27
	17227	5493.44	42	42	5494.71	51	32	32	1.3	5494.71	5494.92	0.21

¹ Peak discharge for floodway may be higher than floodplain due to floodway consolidation from split flow paths

Table 7: Summary of Floodplain and Floodway Data - Kings Gulch (3 of 3)

Skunk Creek , Bluebell Canyon Creek , and King's Gulch Request for Physical Map Revision
 ICON Engineering, Inc.

River	Cross Section	Channel Invert (ft - NAVD 88)	Peak Discharge ¹		Water Surface Elevation (ft - NAVD 88)	Top Width (ft)	Width (ft)	Area (sf)	0.5-foot Rise Conveyance Zone			Increase (ft)
			Floodplain (cfs)	Conveyance Zone (cfs)					Mean Vel. (ft/s)	Regulatory (ft - NAVD 88)	With Conveyance Zone (ft - NAVD 88)	
Kings-Gulch Spill-15th-17th	15076	5496.03	65	65	5496.50	106	35	14	4.6	5496.50	5496.54	0.04
	15166	5499.99	65	65	5500.81	123	50	37	1.7	5500.81	5500.99	0.18
	15329	5506.97	65	65	5507.41	136	30	12	5.2	5507.41	5507.42	0.01
	15409	5511.61	65	65	5512.14	78	40	33	2.0	5512.14	5512.61	0.47
	15477	5516.46	65	65	5516.79	229	55	18	3.6	5516.79	5516.80	0.01
	15630	5522.59	64	64	5523.66	86	23	28	2.3	5523.66	5524.04	0.38
	15731	5527.08	49	49	5527.89	38	15	13	3.8	5527.89	5528.03	0.14
	15814	5532.36	49	49	5533.27	38	20	17	2.9	5533.27	5533.63	0.36
	15815	5532.36	0	0	5533.37	40	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Peak discharge for floodway may be higher than floodplain due to floodway consolidation from split flow paths

Table 8: Summary of Floodplain and Floodway Data - Skunk Creek (1 of 8)

Skunk Creek , Bluebell Canyon Creek , and King's Gulch Request for Physical Map Revision
 ICON Engineering, Inc.

River	Cross Section	Channel Invert (ft - NAVD 88)	Peak Discharge ¹		Water Surface Elevation (ft - NAVD 88)	Top Width (ft)	0.5-foot Rise Conveyance Zone					
			Floodplain (cfs)	Conveyance Zone (cfs)			Width (ft)	Area (sf)	Mean Vel. (ft/s)	Regulatory (ft - NAVD 88)	With Conveyance Zone (ft - NAVD 88)	Increase (ft)
Skunk Creek 1.020-Innova	5	5229.00	2233	2233	5232.41	609	335	490	4.6	5232.41	5232.83	0.42
	10	5232.70	2233	2233	5234.63	671	447	625	3.6	5234.63	5235.13	0.50
	15	5233.40	2233	2233	5236.07	643	530	682	3.3	5236.07	5236.54	0.47
	17	5234.90	2233	2233	5237.49	625	440	575	3.9	5237.49	5237.92	0.43
	21	5234.35	1329	1330	5238.73	264	124	492	2.7	5238.73	5239.20	0.47
	22	5234.40	1329	1330	5238.76	123	115	498	2.7	5238.76	5239.22	0.46
	32	5235.60	1329	1330	5238.86	123	124	365	3.7	5238.86	5239.32	0.46
	40	5236.70	1329	1330	5239.18	88	88	191	7.0	5239.18	5239.43	0.25
	44	5236.70	1329	1330	5240.61	152	151	328	4.1	5240.61	5240.56	-0.05
	48	5236.70	1329	1330	5240.93	138	136	288	4.6	5240.93	5240.90	-0.03
	49	5236.12	1329	1330	5241.2	150	149	320	4.2	5241.20	5241.18	-0.02
	49.5	5236.11	1329	1330	5241.57	132	132	212	6.3	5241.57	5241.56	-0.01
	50	5235.98	1329	1330	5242	158	158	257	5.2	5242.00	5242.00	0.00
	55	5236.11	1329	1330	5242.81	193	122	250	5.3	5242.81	5242.80	-0.01
	1437	5236.95	1329	1330	5243.14	31	29	177	7.9	5243.14	5243.15	0.01
	1575.999	5237.38	1329	1330	5244.56	335	31	215	7.1	5244.56	5244.30	-0.26
	1576	5237.38	1329	1330	5244.56	346	28	194	7.1	5244.56	5244.31	-0.25
	1715	5241.00	735	859	5245.14	150	150	314	2.7	5245.14	5245.17	0.03
	1957	5241.00	673	797	5245.31	785	240	943	0.9	5245.31	5245.39	0.08
	2649	5241.00	651	775	5245.31	452	95	409	1.9	5245.31	5245.39	0.08
	3151	5243.00	396	520	5245.31	205	60	143	3.6	5245.31	5245.38	0.07
	3525	5247.00	294	418	5247.3	334	130	89	4.7	5247.30	5247.68	0.38
	3896	5246.43	294	418	5249.64	45	35	86	4.9	5249.64	5249.97	0.33
	11550	5257.90	294	418	5260	29	29	53	7.8	5260.00	5260.40	0.40
	11700	5257.93	294	418	5261.28	65	65	112	3.7	5261.28	5261.78	0.50
	11850	5257.96	294	418	5261.72	128	128	189	2.2	5261.72	5262.18	0.46
	12000	5257.99	294	418	5261.87	316	150	333	1.3	5261.87	5262.32	0.45
	12150	5261.47	294	418	5262.12	228	140	92	4.5	5262.12	5262.44	0.32
	12300	5262.48	294	418	5263.13	114	103	114	3.7	5263.13	5263.58	0.45
	12400	5263.55	294	418	5264.41	113	110	87	4.8	5264.41	5264.60	0.19
	12450	5264.19	294	418	5264.83	96	109	102	4.1	5264.83	5265.26	0.43
	12500	5265.35	294	418	5266.5	68	47	63	6.6	5266.50	5266.91	0.41
	12550	5266.36	307	418	5267.6	76	52	65	6.4	5267.60	5267.94	0.34
12600	5267.48	309	418	5268.73	101	46	63	6.7	5268.73	5269.17	0.44	
12650	5268.98	328	418	5270.29	111	46	63	6.6	5270.29	5270.69	0.40	
12700	5270.30	351	418	5271.61	90	46	63	6.6	5271.61	5272.07	0.46	
12750	5271.80	371	418	5273.15	90	46	63	6.6	5273.15	5273.57	0.42	
12800	5273.46	390	418	5274.87	113	50	64	6.5	5274.87	5275.22	0.35	
12850	5274.96	418	418	5276.38	113	56	67	6.2	5276.38	5276.64	0.26	
12870	5275.80	0	0	5276.88	160	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Skunk Creek 6.300-Mrhd Bear	21300	5355.00	334	334	5358.39	215	47	120	2.8	5358.39	5358.58	0.19
	21350	5355.16	334	334	5358.82	210	45	131	2.5	5358.82	5359.08	0.26
	21400	5354.51	334	334	5358.93	219	55	238	1.4	5358.93	5359.33	0.40
	21450	5355.00	334	334	5358.95	223	63	248	1.3	5358.95	5359.39	0.44
	21500	5355.00	334	334	5358.95	188	61	235	1.4	5358.95	5359.40	0.45
	21550	5355.07	334	334	5358.93	205	76	252	1.3	5358.93	5359.40	0.47
	21600	5355.92	334	334	5358.88	46	44	124	2.7	5358.88	5359.38	0.50
	21650	5355.99	334	334	5358.99	55	46	131	2.5	5358.99	5359.43	0.44
	21700	5356.00	0	0	5359.15	143	--	--	--	--	--	--
Skunk Creek 1.000-DS Innova	340	5240.26	595	595	5245.00	133	88	428	1.4	5245.00	5245.50	0.50
	442	5241.00	595	595	5245.01	124	80	338	1.8	5245.01	5245.51	0.50
	541	5241.99	817	815	5245.03	106	88	296	2.8	5245.03	5245.53	0.50
	641	5242.00	1056	1055	5245.19	109	90	283	3.7	5245.19	5245.63	0.44
	742	5242.00	1352	1350	5245.51	123	86	278	4.9	5245.51	5245.82	0.31
	842	5242.98	1564	1562	5245.91	111	88	267	5.9	5245.91	5246.18	0.27
	939	5243.06	1584	1582	5246.64	102	88	277	5.7	5246.64	5246.78	0.14
	1037	5244.00	1703	1702	5247.25	108	88	259	6.6	5247.25	5247.30	0.05
	1137	5244.01	1828	1827	5248.00	121	103	326	5.6	5248.00	5248.11	0.11
	1237	5244.70	1837	1837	5249.24	129	129	232	7.9	5249.25	5249.25	0.00
	1337	5245.96	1901	1901	5250.56	115	115	284	6.7	5250.56	5250.56	0.00
	1437	5246.98	1939	1939	5251.43	133	133	328	5.9	5251.43	5251.43	0.00
	1537	5247.27	1939	1939	5252.10	131	131	377	5.1	5252.10	5252.10	0.00
	1635	5247.98	1939	1939	5252.46	146	146	343	5.7	5252.46	5252.46	0.00
	1740	5248.98	1939	1939	5253.11	112	111	276	7.0	5253.12	5253.11	-0.01
	1855	5249.95	1939	1939	5254.29	154	134	392	4.9	5254.29	5254.29	0.00
	1918	5250.00	1939	1939	5254.51	141	122	333	5.8	5254.51	5254.53	0.02
	1968	5250.99	1939	1939	5254.79	128	108	294	6.6	5254.79	5254.81	0.02
	2018	5251.00	1939	1939	5255.19	123	122	332	5.9	5255.19	5255.30	0.11
	2118	5251.95	1939	1939	5255.81	113	113	317	6.1	5255.81	5255.85	0.04
2218	5252.00	1939	1939	5256.45	111	110	353	5.5	5256.45	5256.45	0.00	
2259	5252.79	1939	1939	5256.54	113	112	310	6.3	5256.54	5256.54	0.00	
2318	5253.00	1939	1939	5256.78	89	90	246	7.9	5256.78	5256.81	0.03	
2374	5250.43	1939	1939	5258.19	46	46	296	6.6	5258.19	5258.18	-0.01	

¹ Peak discharge for floodway may be higher than floodplain due to floodway consolidation from split flow paths

Table 8: Summary of Floodplain and Floodway Data - Skunk Creek (2 of 8)

Skunk Creek , Bluebell Canyon Creek , and King's Gulch Request for Physical Map Revision
 ICON Engineering, Inc.

River	Cross Section	Channel Invert (ft - NAVD 88)	Peak Discharge ¹		Water Surface Elevation (ft - NAVD 88)	Top Width (ft)	0.5-foot Rise Conveyance Zone					
			Floodplain (cfs)	Conveyance Zone (cfs)			Width (ft)	Area (sf)	Mean Vel. (ft/s)	Regulatory (ft - NAVD 88)	With Conveyance Zone (ft - NAVD 88)	Increase (ft)
Skunk Creek 1.000-DS Innova	2471	5251.13	1939	1939	5258.53	46	46	295	6.6	5258.53	5258.52	-0.01
	2490	5252.93	1939	1939	5258.57	73	73	291	6.7	5258.57	5258.56	-0.01
	2517	5253.00	1939	1939	5259.21	109	108	345	5.6	5259.21	5259.20	-0.01
	2569	5253.00	1939	1939	5261.08	220	221	710	2.7	5261.08	5261.08	0.00
	2618	5253.00	1939	1939	5261.18	279	280	864	2.3	5261.18	5261.18	0.00
	2670	5253.00	1939	1939	5261.08	237	237	769	2.5	5261.08	5261.08	0.00
	2724	5253.00	1939	1939	5261.23	274	274	703	2.8	5261.23	5261.23	0.00
Skunk Creek 1.010-Innova	143	5258.00	124	0	5261.47	96	--	--	--	--	--	--
	258	5258.00	124	0	5261.47	116	--	--	--	--	--	--
	338	5258.00	124	0	5261.47	117	--	--	--	--	--	--
	503	5259.00	124	0	5261.09	31	--	--	--	--	--	--
	662	5260.00	47	0	5261.91	18	--	--	--	--	--	--
	663	5260.00	0	0	5261.97	18	--	--	--	--	--	--
Skunk Creek 2.000-DS Euclid	2831	5254.00	1815	1814	5261.38	175	175	737	2.5	5261.38	5261.38	0.00
	2941	5254.93	1815	1814	5261.32	104	104	409	4.4	5261.32	5261.32	0.00
	3040	5254.94	1815	1814	5261.56	119	119	471	3.9	5261.56	5261.56	0.00
	3149	5254.98	1815	1814	5261.64	113	113	405	4.5	5261.64	5261.64	0.00
	3252	5256.95	1815	1814	5261.30	71	72	198	9.2	5261.30	5261.30	0.00
	3302	5257.00	1815	1814	5262.12	60	60	192	9.4	5262.12	5262.21	0.09
	3352	5258.30	1815	1814	5262.90	34	34	151	12.0	5262.90	5262.88	-0.02
	3522	5260.76	1815	1814	5271.65	205	41	369	4.9	5271.65	5271.72	0.07
	3636	5262.92	1815	1814	5272.14	174	120	567	3.2	5272.14	5272.16	0.02
	3725	5263.27	1815	1814	5272.19	128	82	520	3.5	5272.19	5272.24	0.05
	3808	5270.91	1815	1814	5273.89	110	73	195	9.3	5273.89	5274.09	0.20
	3843	5273.47	1815	1814	5276.25	126	125	236	7.7	5276.25	5276.27	0.02
	3855	5274.05	1815	1814	5276.88	174	173	264	6.9	5276.88	5276.90	0.02
	3860	5274.03	2233	2231	5277.60	626	587	838	2.7	5277.60	5277.60	0.00
	3879	5275.00	2233	2231	5277.63	869	759	1093	2.0	5277.63	5277.63	0.00
	3903	5274.37	2233	2231	5277.51	472	379	457	4.9	5277.51	5277.81	0.30
	3943	5275.00	2233	2231	5279.30	626	224	352	6.3	5279.30	5279.64	0.34
	4004	5275.00	2233	2231	5280.26	440	173	417	5.4	5280.26	5280.76	0.50
	4044	5275.15	2233	2231	5280.89	577	247	487	4.6	5280.89	5281.15	0.26
	4202	5276.00	2233	2231	5282.26	857	338	499	4.5	5282.26	5282.46	0.20
	4262	5276.00	2233	2231	5282.93	968	450	1125	2.0	5282.93	5283.38	0.45
	4287	5276.00	2233	2231	5283.00	995	495	1200	1.9	5283.00	5283.49	0.49
	4361	5276.00	2233	2231	5283.54	705	260	444	5.0	5283.54	5283.68	0.14
	4384	5276.43	2233	2231	5284.04	718	152	396	5.6	5284.04	5284.20	0.16
	4401	5275.63	2233	2231	5284.48	548	125	409	5.5	5284.48	5284.96	0.48
	4426	5276.55	2233	2231	5284.90	410	110	377	5.9	5284.90	5285.26	0.36
	4497	5277.10	2233	2231	5285.74	677	147	457	4.9	5285.74	5286.19	0.45
4591	5279.00	2233	2231	5286.96	438	135	388	5.8	5286.96	5287.06	0.10	
4886	5281.94	2233	2231	5289.08	445	352	1143	2.0	5289.08	5289.56	0.48	

¹ Peak discharge for floodway may be higher than floodplain due to floodway consolidation from split flow paths

Table 8: Summary of Floodplain and Floodway Data - Skunk Creek (3 of 8)

Skunk Creek , Bluebell Canyon Creek , and King's Gulch Request for Physical Map Revision

ICON Engineering, Inc.

River	Cross Section	Channel Invert (ft - NAVD 88)	Peak Discharge ¹		Water Surface Elevation (ft - NAVD 88)	Top Width (ft)	Width (ft)	Area (sf)	0.5-foot Rise Conveyance Zone			Increase (ft)
			Floodplain (cfs)	Conveyance Zone (cfs)					Mean Vel. (ft/s)	Regulatory (ft - NAVD 88)	With Conveyance Zone (ft - NAVD 88)	
Skunk Creek 3.100-DS Denton	4956	5283.20	1737	1737	5290.52	479	270	509	3.4	5290.52	5290.63	0.11
	5008	5283.47	1737	1737	5290.97	525	260	465	3.7	5290.97	5291.37	0.40
	5277	5285.93	1737	1737	5291.85	273	140	291	6.0	5291.85	5292.27	0.42
Skunk Creek 3.110-Denton SWL	238	5293.98	60	66	5294.41	44	20	14	4.7	5294.41	5294.69	0.28
	278	5294.00	60	66	5295.33	64	30	52	1.3	5295.33	5295.82	0.49
	304	5294.00	23	25	5295.42	66	30	54	0.5	5295.42	5295.92	0.50
	344	5294.00	23	25	5295.45	58	30	50	0.5	5295.45	5295.95	0.50
	373	5294.75	5	5	5295.48	56	30	33	0.1	5295.48	5295.97	0.49
	413	5295.29	5	5	5295.58	41	20	10	0.5	5295.58	5295.96	0.38
	441	5295.87	5	5	5296.13	50	5	1	3.1	5296.13	5296.17	0.04
	547	5296.97	5	5	5297.41	27	11	8	0.6	5297.41	5297.74	0.33
	576	5297.48	5	5	5297.82	33	5	3	1.8	5297.82	5298.01	0.19
	642	5298.80	5	5	5299.22	26	20	8	0.6	5299.22	5299.34	0.12
	682	5299.51	0	0	5299.65	30	15	2	0.0	5299.65	5299.65	--
Skunk Creek 3.200-DS Denton	5312	5287.99	1588	1582	5294.24	335	197	412	3.8	5294.24	5294.34	0.10
	5401	5288.89	1588	1582	5294.90	221	230	396	4.0	5294.90	5295.38	0.48
Skunk Creek 2.400-30TH DS AU	6.49	5292.02	135	133	5292.96	64	40	28	4.7	5292.96	5293.05	0.09
	6.79	5292.79	135	133	5293.55	74	40	29	4.5	5293.55	5293.61	0.06
	7.19	5293.00	135	133	5294.00	69	40	33	4.0	5294.00	5294.20	0.20
	7.39	5293.50	135	133	5294.30	69	40	28	4.7	5294.30	5294.40	0.10
	7.79	5293.99	135	133	5294.87	69	40	36	3.7	5294.87	5294.96	0.09
	7.99	5294.35	135	133	5295.16	63	43	30	4.5	5295.16	5295.26	0.10
	8.42	5294.95	135	133	5295.76	72	40	35	3.8	5295.76	5295.89	0.13
	8.62	5294.98	135	133	5295.95	68	35	29	4.6	5295.95	5296.02	0.07
	9.02	5295.95	135	133	5296.62	78	40	31	4.3	5296.62	5296.89	0.27
	9.25	5295.98	135	133	5296.92	72	35	34	4.0	5296.92	5297.22	0.30
	9.64	5296.50	135	133	5297.38	77	40	35	3.8	5297.38	5297.67	0.29
	9.85	5296.93	135	133	5297.68	70	45	37	3.6	5297.68	5297.87	0.19
	10.29	5297.42	135	133	5298.25	88	38	31	4.3	5298.25	5298.58	0.33
	10.48	5297.81	135	133	5298.56	82	45	40	3.3	5298.56	5298.96	0.40
	10.88	5298.00	135	133	5299.00	69	41	47	2.8	5299.00	5299.23	0.23
	495	5299.38	135	133	5300.09	78	46	29	4.5	5300.09	5300.13	0.04
	536	5299.91	135	133	5300.50	80	65	36	3.7	5300.50	5300.53	0.03
	567	5300.39	140	138	5301.00	87	65	36	3.8	5301.00	5301.12	0.12
	604	5300.00	140	138	5301.30	83	65	67	2.1	5301.30	5301.43	0.13
	633	5300.56	140	138	5301.35	77	62	33	4.2	5301.35	5301.36	0.01
	658	5300.96	140	138	5301.56	78	60	36	3.9	5301.56	5301.58	0.02
705	5301.00	307	305	5302.03	84	78	62	4.9	5302.03	5302.04	0.01	
753	5301.77	307	305	5302.47	93	65	60	5.1	5302.47	5302.76	0.29	
796	5301.97	307	305	5302.91	71	60	67	4.5	5302.91	5303.17	0.26	
877	5302.94	384	382	5303.96	79	65	67	5.7	5303.96	5304.06	0.10	
917	5302.98	384	382	5304.26	106	60	69	5.5	5304.26	5304.25	-0.01	
965	5303.01	626	624	5304.69	104	103	107	5.8	5304.69	5304.70	0.01	

¹ Peak discharge for floodway may be higher than floodplain due to floodway consolidation from split flow paths

Table 8: Summary of Floodplain and Floodway Data - Skunk Creek (4 of 8)

Skunk Creek , Bluebell Canyon Creek , and King's Gulch Request for Physical Map Revision
 ICON Engineering, Inc.

River	Cross Section	Channel Invert (ft - NAVD 88)	Peak Discharge ¹		Water Surface Elevation (ft - NAVD 88)	Top Width (ft)	Width (ft)	Area (sf)	0.5-foot Rise Conveyance Zone			Increase (ft)
			Floodplain (cfs)	Conveyance Zone (cfs)					Mean Vel. (ft/s)	Regulatory (ft - NAVD 88)	With Conveyance Zone (ft - NAVD 88)	
Skunk Creek 3.210-Denton	140.5	5294.92	283	298	5296.16	77	50	66	4.6	5296.16	5296.37	0.21
	180	5294.99	283	298	5296.60	73	62	70	4.2	5296.60	5296.64	0.04
	212	5295.83	320	339	5296.91	72	67	65	5.2	5296.91	5296.96	0.05
	252	5295.95	320	339	5297.43	76	70	88	3.9	5297.43	5297.51	0.08
	274	5295.99	338	359	5297.51	76	70	82	4.4	5297.51	5297.57	0.06
	315	5296.83	297	323	5297.91	88	65	62	5.2	5297.91	5297.95	0.04
	345	5296.92	297	323	5298.26	93	65	83	3.9	5298.26	5298.40	0.14
	395	5297.58	278	278	5298.78	90	70	61	4.5	5298.78	5298.81	0.03
	410	5297.91	278	278	5298.96	72	70	64	4.3	5298.96	5299.07	0.11
	455	5298.63	267	267	5299.71	98	65	56	4.8	5299.71	5299.72	0.01
	478	5298.98	267	267	5299.98	90	70	65	4.1	5299.98	5300.08	0.10
	518	5299.61	244	244	5300.62	106	70	54	4.5	5300.62	5300.63	0.01
	546	5300.00	167	167	5300.90	82	70	62	2.7	5300.90	5301.11	0.21
	575	5300.61	0	0	5301.31	95	70	40	0.0	5301.31	5301.35	0.04
	Skunk Creek 3.300-DS Aurora	5506	5288.98	1305	1284	5296.94	158	60	173	7.4	5296.94	5296.99
5548		5289.75	1278	1260	5297.53	165	60	162	7.8	5297.53	5297.75	0.22
Skunk Creek 2.420-Aurora W	190	5305.95	68	67	5306.42	59	47	19	3.6	5306.42	5306.42	0.00
	360.5	5308.99	68	67	5309.49	61	45	19	3.6	5309.49	5309.50	0.01
	472	5311.50	68	67	5312.17	68	45	18	3.6	5312.17	5312.31	0.14
	559	5313.40	68	67	5314.29	54	24	20	3.4	5314.29	5314.34	0.05
	671	5313.98	68	67	5315.30	61	23	39	1.7	5315.30	5315.71	0.41
	802	5314.96	68	67	5316.03	55	44	52	1.3	5316.03	5316.29	0.26
	803	5314.96	0	0	5316.08	55	44	54	0.0	5316.08	5316.32	0.24
Skunk Creek 3.310-Aurora	45	5299.19	280	262	5300.80	94	60	94	2.8	5300.77	5300.99	0.22
	83	5299.92	307	286	5300.95	93	60	62	4.6	5300.91	5300.99	0.08
	124	5299.93	249	228	5301.32	91	60	85	2.7	5301.27	5301.46	0.19
	151	5299.98	189	163	5301.43	91	60	90	1.8	5301.38	5301.57	0.19
	202.5	5300.74	189	163	5301.49	87	60	40	4.1	5301.43	5301.54	0.11
	240	5300.99	209	209	5301.96	81	55	49	4.3	5301.89	5301.97	0.08
	280	5301.29	209	209	5302.32	87	60	49	4.3	5302.34	5302.38	0.04
	308	5301.92	220	220	5302.74	89	60	48	4.6	5302.74	5302.79	0.05
	347	5301.99	220	220	5303.20	85	60	68	3.2	5303.20	5303.30	0.10
	382	5302.24	242	243	5303.50	75	60	51	4.7	5303.51	5303.51	0.00
	422	5302.94	0	0	5304.07	88	60	62	0.0	5304.07	5304.08	--

¹ Peak discharge for floodway may be higher than floodplain due to floodway consolidation from split flow paths

Table 8: Summary of Floodplain and Floodway Data - Skunk Creek (5 of 8)

Skunk Creek , Bluebell Canyon Creek , and King's Gulch Request for Physical Map Revision
 ICON Engineering, Inc.

River	Cross Section	Channel Invert (ft - NAVD 88)	Peak Discharge ¹		Water Surface Elevation (ft - NAVD 88)	Top Width (ft)	0.5-foot Rise Conveyance Zone					
			Floodplain (cfs)	Conveyance Zone (cfs)			Width (ft)	Area (sf)	Mean Vel. (ft/s)	Regulatory (ft - NAVD 88)	With Conveyance Zone (ft - NAVD 88)	Increase (ft)
Skunk Creek 4.000-DS 29TH	5576	5289.48	996	996	5298.66	271	75	175	5.7	5298.66	5298.98	0.32
	5651	5290.15	996	996	5299.54	200	150	372	2.7	5299.54	5300.03	0.49
	5736	5291.93	996	996	5299.87	40	40	159	6.3	5299.87	5300.18	0.31
	5850	5294.97	996	996	5301.20	118	98	127	7.9	5301.20	5301.23	0.03
	5926	5295.16	1054	1054	5303.26	148	122	228	4.6	5303.26	5303.27	0.01
	5995	5297.08	1054	1054	5304.09	165	135	338	3.1	5304.09	5304.33	0.24
	6084	5297.98	1093	1094	5304.48	42	41	165	6.7	5304.48	5304.68	0.20
	6167	5298.00	1093	1094	5306.37	109	40	156	7.0	5306.37	5306.37	0.00
	6241	5300.93	1048	1048	5307.82	56	44	185	5.7	5307.82	5307.88	0.06
	6334	5302.99	1038	1039	5309.33	40	39	132	7.9	5309.33	5309.36	0.03
	6400	5304.00	1038	1039	5311.28	59	38	174	6.0	5311.28	5311.28	0.00
	6445	5304.15	1038	1039	5313.15	52	51	124	8.4	5313.15	5313.19	0.04
	6517	5304.90	1038	1039	5314.54	87	76	234	4.5	5314.54	5314.84	0.30
	6575	5305.19	1068	1068	5314.99	54	50	273	3.9	5314.99	5315.29	0.30
	6607	5305.79	1068	1068	5315.85	86	78	357	3.0	5315.85	5316.15	0.30
	6666	5306.94	1433	1432	5316.54	75	70	264	5.4	5316.54	5317.03	0.49
	6793	5311.00	1433	1432	5318.00	58	57	266	5.4	5318.00	5318.13	0.13
	6891	5316.03	1433	1432	5319.84	142	70	164	8.7	5319.84	5319.85	0.01
	7040	5317.00	1433	1432	5324.00	162	50	173	8.3	5324.00	5324.26	0.26
	7152	5319.91	1433	1432	5326.09	347	44	169	8.5	5326.09	5326.56	0.47
7234	5321.84	1433	1432	5328.12	252	54	215	6.7	5328.12	5328.39	0.27	
7407	5324.84	1321	1319	5330.65	328	49	161	8.2	5330.65	5330.90	0.25	
Skunk Creek 4.100-Path to 29	7489	5325.92	1183	1181	5332.62	101	67	219	5.4	5332.62	5332.94	0.32
	7545	5329.20	1183	1181	5335.22	111	105	190	6.2	5335.22	5335.35	0.13
	7546	5329.20	1258	1256	5335.77	147	134	225	5.6	5335.77	5335.85	0.08
	7555	5328.33	1258	1256	5337.11	186	176	370	3.4	5337.11	5337.23	0.12
	7557	5328.33	1391	1388	5337.16	215	184	355	3.9	5337.16	5337.29	0.13
	7595	5334.42	1391	1388	5337.70	188	188	271	5.1	5337.70	5337.70	0.00
	7642	5334.98	1391	1388	5338.64	199	199	445	3.1	5338.64	5338.63	-0.01
	7800	5334.98	1391	1388	5341.02	126	61	242	5.7	5341.02	5341.08	0.06
	7840	5335.00	1391	1388	5341.69	93	72	294	4.7	5341.69	5341.78	0.09
7899	5336.45	1391	1388	5342.53	69	60	191	7.3	5342.53	5342.53	0.00	
Skunk Creek 4.120-NE Bline	64	5342.94	221	223	5344.34	191	75	103	2.2	5344.34	5344.35	0.01
	199	5342.45	221	223	5344.37	31	15	30	7.5	5344.37	5344.43	0.06
	239	5342.70	221	223	5344.43	20	14	28	8.0	5344.43	5344.69	0.26
	373.5	5346.92	30	30	5347.50	18	13	7	4.2	5347.50	5347.51	0.01
	398	5351.42	0	0	5351.44	2	1	0	0.6	5351.44	5351.45	0.01
Skunk Creek 4.110-Bline_Path	7900	5336.45	1071	1066	5342.54	69	60	202	5.3	5342.54	5342.70	0.16
	7931	5336.40	1071	1066	5343.96	96	67	404	2.6	5343.96	5344.42	0.46
	7950	5335.78	846	846	5344.65	88	70	313	2.7	5344.65	5345.00	0.35

¹ Peak discharge for floodway may be higher than floodplain due to floodway consolidation from split flow paths

Table 8: Summary of Floodplain and Floodway Data - Skunk Creek (6 of 8)

Skunk Creek , Bluebell Canyon Creek , and King's Gulch Request for Physical Map Revision
 ICON Engineering, Inc.

River	Cross Section	Channel Invert (ft - NAVD 88)	Peak Discharge ¹		Water Surface Elevation (ft - NAVD 88)	Top Width (ft)	Width (ft)	Area (sf)	0.5-foot Rise Conveyance Zone			Increase (ft)
			Floodplain (cfs)	Conveyance Zone (cfs)					Mean Vel. (ft/s)	Regulatory (ft - NAVD 88)	With Conveyance Zone (ft - NAVD 88)	
Skunk Creek 5.000-Bline East	126	5335.96	14	15	5336.34	37	37	12	1.2	5336.34	5336.51	0.17
	160	5337.33	14	15	5337.77	45	41	6	2.3	5337.77	5337.80	0.03
	198	5338.92	14	15	5339.56	25	25	5	2.7	5339.56	5339.57	0.01
	343	5343.98	14	15	5344.22	55	48	7	2.1	5344.22	5344.24	0.02
	425	5343.98	56	59	5344.87	90	71	26	2.3	5344.87	5344.91	0.04
	532	5344.55	56	59	5345.64	99	76	30	2.0	5345.64	5345.67	0.03
	599	5345.49	63	65	5346.20	86	66	22	2.9	5346.20	5346.20	0.00
	796.5	5346.87	281	279	5348.32	107	95	69	4.1	5348.32	5348.35	0.03
	910	5348.50	472	472	5350.07	91	86	83	5.7	5350.07	5350.07	0.00
	1022	5351.17	502	502	5352.69	80	76	83	6.0	5352.69	5352.70	0.01
Skunk Creek 5.100-Bline West	1163	5355.01	173	173	5355.87	84	65	39	4.5	5355.87	5355.96	0.09
	1272	5357.97	173	173	5358.84	112	91	43	4.0	5358.84	5358.88	0.04
	1357	5360.00	52	52	5360.62	85	20	12	4.4	5360.62	5360.63	0.01
	1492	5362.99	52	52	5362.99	122	58	30	1.8	5362.99	5363.14	0.15
	1548	5365.74	52	52	5366.16	102	50	16	3.3	5366.16	5366.16	0.00
Skunk Creek 2.500-30th DS Bx	1024	5303.96	559	557	5305.30	97	60	85	6.5	5305.30	5305.47	0.17
	1065	5304.83	559	557	5306.09	99	60	88	6.3	5306.09	5306.39	0.30
	1090	5304.98	602	601	5306.44	98	60	90	6.7	5306.44	5306.60	0.16
	1131	5305.91	602	601	5307.22	102	60	89	6.8	5307.22	5307.46	0.24
	1187	5305.99	620	618	5307.65	94	60	92	6.7	5307.65	5307.73	0.08
	1207	5306.97	629	627	5308.52	103	60	92	6.8	5308.52	5308.59	0.07
	1261	5307.86	629	627	5309.26	98	60	90	7.0	5309.26	5309.44	0.18
	1287	5307.99	666	664	5309.72	100	60	96	6.9	5309.72	5309.74	0.02
	1328	5308.96	666	664	5310.64	121	65	98	6.8	5310.64	5310.69	0.05
	1340	5309.08	310	309	5311.31	200	65	127	2.4	5311.31	5311.44	0.13
Skunk Creek 2.510-29th st	221	5312.81	28	28	5313.13	53	45	10	2.8	5313.13	5313.15	0.02
	469	5317.46	28	28	5318.13	23	22	10	2.9	5318.13	5318.14	0.01
	631	5321.94	96	95	5322.85	46	36	22	4.3	5322.85	5322.86	0.01
	726	5324.85	96	95	5325.67	66	29	20	4.7	5325.67	5325.66	-0.01
	836	5327.87	96	95	5328.54	62	59	25	3.8	5328.54	5328.53	-0.01
	986	5329.60	96	95	5330.31	97	57	32	3.0	5330.31	5330.34	0.03
	1108	5330.66	96	95	5331.35	71	55	30	3.2	5331.35	5331.39	0.04
	1208	5331.95	208	207	5332.79	61	50	41	5.1	5332.79	5332.85	0.06
1209	5331.95	0	0	5333.21	66	50	64	0.0	5333.21	5333.30	0.09	
Skunk Creek 2.600-30th DS BI	1383	5309.99	282	281	5311.31	91	60	52	5.4	5311.31	5311.40	0.09
	1419	5310.94	0	0	5311.89	34	30	24	0.0	5311.89	5312.00	0.11

¹ Peak discharge for floodway may be higher than floodplain due to floodway consolidation from split flow paths

Table 8: Summary of Floodplain and Floodway Data - Skunk Creek (7 of 8)

Skunk Creek , Bluebell Canyon Creek , and King's Gulch Request for Physical Map Revision
 ICON Engineering, Inc.

River	Cross Section	Channel Invert (ft - NAVD 88)	Peak Discharge ¹		Water Surface Elevation (ft - NAVD 88)	Top Width (ft)	0.5-foot Rise Conveyance Zone					
			Floodplain (cfs)	Conveyance Zone (cfs)			Width (ft)	Area (sf)	Mean Vel. (ft/s)	Regulatory (ft - NAVD 88)	With Conveyance Zone (ft - NAVD 88)	Increase (ft)
Skunk Creek 6.000-US Mrhd	8331	5355.00	157	192	5356.68	41	12	24	8.0	5356.68	5357.01	0.33
	8400	5355.45	157	192	5360.71	234	14	78	2.5	5360.71	5361.01	0.30
	8488	5360.50	578	613	5360.72	277	154	443	1.4	5360.72	5361.13	0.41
	8490	5360.50	1091	1125	5360.70	277	153	436	2.6	5360.70	5361.09	0.39
	8520	5350.99	1107	1142	5360.75	265	114	465	2.5	5360.75	5361.16	0.41
	8576	5354.58	1123	1158	5360.81	270	81	266	4.4	5360.81	5361.18	0.37
	8646	5356.31	1124	1159	5361.16	23	20	102	11.3	5361.16	5361.56	0.40
	8647	5356.31	1124	1159	5361.51	23	19	100	11.6	5361.51	5361.59	0.08
	8794	5357.12	1124	1159	5365.29	107	39	260	4.5	5365.29	5365.62	0.33
	8861	5358.00	1124	1159	5365.79	57	56	268	4.3	5365.79	5366.08	0.29
	8925	5358.17	1124	1159	5366.36	33	32	190	6.1	5366.36	5366.57	0.21
	8966	5358.45	1124	1159	5366.84	42	40	173	6.7	5366.84	5367.03	0.19
	9001	5358.45	1124	1159	5367.57	47	41	249	4.7	5367.57	5367.74	0.17
	9017	5359.85	1124	1159	5367.38	20	19	144	8.1	5367.38	5367.50	0.12
	9111	5360.56	1124	1159	5367.38	20	20	136	8.5	5367.38	5367.49	0.11
	9157	5361.05	1106	1159	5367.98	38	38	169	6.9	5367.98	5368.13	0.15
	9170	5361.39	1106	1159	5368.04	36	35	136	8.6	5368.04	5368.18	0.14
	9194	5361.60	1106	1159	5371.72	91	44	258	4.5	5371.72	5372.20	0.48
	9226	5366.45	1106	1159	5372.13	74	36	114	10.1	5372.13	5372.14	0.01
	9479	5370.00	1106	1159	5377.17	163	49	240	4.8	5377.17	5377.64	0.47
	9638	5374.00	1106	1159	5379.85	154	44	134	8.7	5379.85	5380.01	0.16
9703	5376.25	1089	1159	5381.74	143	119	213	5.5	5381.74	5382.20	0.46	
9717	5379.25	1089	1159	5383.70	37	32	109	10.6	5383.70	5383.70	0.00	
9818	5382.60	1089	1159	5387.91	44	36	147	7.9	5387.91	5388.12	0.21	
Skunk Creek 7.100 Blue DS	20059	5387.86	336	336	5390.10	41	41	52	6.4	5390.10	5390.10	0.00
	20142	5390.02	336	336	5391.70	59	40	52	6.5	5391.70	5391.79	0.09
Skunk Creek 7.120 Nist	20207	5392.37	83	63	5393.06	82	35	16	3.9	5393.06	5393.07	0.01
	20333	5395.00	83	63	5395.90	52	10	11	5.9	5395.90	5396.11	0.21
	20453	5397.00	83	63	5397.65	51	12	11	5.5	5397.65	5397.96	0.31
	20495	5397.96	83	63	5398.35	86	48	26	2.4	5398.35	5398.54	0.19
	20592	5399.33	86	75	5400.13	92	51	21	3.6	5400.13	5400.36	0.23
	20680	5402.25	94	94	5402.81	137	75	30	3.2	5402.81	5402.84	0.03
	20806	5403.19	94	94	5404.17	106	82	48	2.0	5404.17	5404.20	0.03
	20984	5407.02	94	94	5407.54	88	86	29	3.2	5407.54	5407.54	0.00
Skunk Creek 7.110-Bluebell	13205	5391.70	254	274	5392.92	86	47	56	4.9	5392.92	5393.08	0.16
	13340	5394.76	243	243	5395.98	62	30	38	6.5	5395.98	5396.17	0.19
	13488	5398.04	243	243	5398.97	89	33	39	6.3	5398.97	5399.33	0.36
	13613	5401.53	243	243	5402.45	104	38	41	5.9	5402.45	5402.90	0.45
	13730	5405.20	243	243	5406.19	176	40	42	5.9	5406.19	5406.35	0.16

¹ Peak discharge for floodway may be higher than floodplain due to floodway consolidation from split flow paths

Table 8: Summary of Floodplain and Floodway Data - Skunk Creek (8 of 8)

Skunk Creek , Bluebell Canyon Creek , and King's Gulch Request for Physical Map Revision
 ICON Engineering, Inc.

River	Cross Section	Channel Invert (ft - NAVD 88)	Peak Discharge ¹		Water Surface Elevation (ft - NAVD 88)	Top Width (ft)	Width (ft)	Area (sf)	0.5-foot Rise Conveyance Zone			Increase (ft)
			Floodplain (cfs)	Conveyance Zone (cfs)					Mean Vel. (ft/s)	Regulatory (ft - NAVD 88)	With Conveyance Zone (ft - NAVD 88)	
Skunk Creek 7.122 Nist S	21240	5408.00	23	24	5409.32	108	34	23	1.0	5409.32	5409.72	0.40
	21250	5407.34	13	13	5409.40	26	6	6	2.1	5409.40	5409.83	0.43
	21260	5419.23	13	13	5419.50	38	10	4	3.5	5419.50	5419.64	0.14
	21261	5419.23	0	0	5419.59	46	10	6	0.0	5419.59	5419.86	0.27
Skunk Creek 7.121 Nist N	20240	5410.05	71	70	5410.93	66	65	28	2.5	5410.93	5410.92	-0.01
	20250	5412.71	81	81	5413.15	142	103	32	2.5	5413.15	5413.15	0.00
	20260	5419.25	81	81	5419.75	140	121	45	1.8	5419.75	5419.76	0.01
	20270	5426.85	25	25	5427.35	36	5	5	5.4	5427.35	5427.81	0.46
Skunk Creek 7.000-US Mrhd	9842	5383.00	753	823	5389.42	194	115	443	1.9	5389.42	5389.70	0.28
	9921	5384.00	575	575	5389.66	153	56	196	2.9	5389.66	5389.92	0.26
	10095	5386.83	575	575	5391.12	30	17	61	9.4	5391.12	5391.45	0.33
	10273	5394.99	575	575	5399.85	44	21	75	7.7	5399.85	5400.17	0.32
	10505	5398.95	575	575	5404.01	41	18	81	7.1	5404.01	5404.26	0.25
	10581	5402.90	315	315	5407.86	38	31	81	3.9	5407.86	5408.12	0.26
	10657	5402.40	408	408	5410.50	44	44	126	3.2	5410.50	5410.58	0.08
	10716	5404.14	496	496	5412.22	95	49	155	3.2	5412.22	5412.55	0.33
	10801	5406.73	496	496	5413.04	30	34	83	6.0	5413.04	5413.22	0.18
	10853	5409.52	558	558	5417.33	97	97	307	1.8	5417.33	5417.33	0.00
	10978	5414.90	558	558	5420.61	25	7	41	13.7	5420.61	5420.71	0.10
	11038	5416.00	376	376	5423.95	156	58	227	1.7	5423.95	5424.44	0.49
	11166	5422.25	401	401	5426.16	28	11	38	10.6	5426.16	5426.31	0.15
	11287	5426.52	401	401	5431.77	59	33	94	4.3	5431.77	5432.26	0.49
	11389	5430.77	401	401	5434.86	32	13	42	9.5	5434.86	5434.88	0.02
	11437	5433.27	401	401	5437.88	122	43	84	4.8	5437.88	5438.30	0.42
11598	5436.03	401	401	5441.35	79	16	60	6.6	5441.35	5441.36	0.01	
11847	5445.00	640	640	5448.70	383	159	190	3.4	5448.70	5449.20	0.50	

¹ Peak discharge for floodway may be higher than floodplain due to floodway consolidation from split flow paths

4.0 Floodplain Management Applications

The PMR process is being used to provide a more accurate definition of the flood conditions on Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, and King's Gulch in the City of Boulder. This study uses updated topographic data and hydraulic modeling methods and incorporates structural improvements at Broadway and 27th Way. The City regulates the 100-year and 500-year floodplains and a 0.5-ft rise floodway through the NFIP. The City also regulates the High Hazard Zone (HHZ), a zone where depth and velocity are used to determine 100-year flood hazards to public health and safety. The HHZ determined for this creek will not be submitted to FEMA as a part of this LOMR.

The City, with assistance from the UDFCD, maintains the channel and floodplain of Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, and King's Gulch. The City periodically inspects the channel and road crossings.

5.0 Conclusions

The PMR process is being used to provide a better definition of existing flood conditions along Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, and King's Gulch. Its purpose is to update the FIRM using more accurate topographic information, updated methodology, and inclusion of structural improvements. The FEMA forms required for this PMR are located in Appendix 1.

6.0 References

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USACE, 2010. HEC RAS River Analysis System Version 4.1.0, Hydrologic Engineering Center, Davis, California.

**Appendix 1 –
FEMA Forms**

To be completed prior to FEMA submittal

Appendix 2 – Hydrology

FLOOD HAZARD AREA DELINEATION



CITY
OF
BOULDER

BOULDER AND ADJACENT COUNTY DRAINAGEWAYS

MAY 1987

Prepared For:
URBAN DRAINAGE and FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
The CITY OF BOULDER
BOULDER COUNTY, COLORADO

Prepared By:
 GREENHORNE & O'MARA, INC.
Consulting Engineers
Denver, Colorado

Flood water surface elevations and floodplain boundaries are often revised by road and bridge construction, floodplain development, flood control improvements, or natural process. Prior to utilization of this report for planning or design purposes, the user is advised to contact the Urban Drainage and Flood Control District, the City of Boulder, and Boulder County to determine if the information in this report has been amended.

BASIN DESCRIPTIONS

The major drainage basin and sub-basin boundaries along with their respective drainage areas, are shown on Sheets 2 and 3 in the Appendix. A description of each basin is presented below.

Bear Canyon Creek

Bear Canyon Creek drainage basin is the southernmost region of the study area. Its overall length is about 5 miles. The source of the creek is near Kossler Lake. The drainage basin is rugged, steep and narrow as the creek drains Boulder Mountain and its surrounding areas. As it leaves the Foothills, the creek flows to the south of the National Center for Atmospheric Research.

Near Table Mesa Drive and Lehigh Street the basin enters residential and commercially developed areas. As the stream crosses the southern line of the City of Boulder, the basin remains highly developed. North of the Empson Ditch, the basin is again undeveloped. The slope of the land is gradual, and the vegetation is dense with native grasses and weeds.

The stream channel within the upstream reaches of the Bear Canyon Creek drainage basin reflects the characteristics of the basin. The creek bed at Bear Mountain Drive and Wildwood Road is very rocky with 10 to 12 foot banks, with 3:1 side slopes. As the channel enters the developed reaches of the basin, it becomes more defined. From Table Mesa Drive and Ithaca to Table Mesa Drive and Broadway, there are several drop structures and culverts. The stream channel is grasslined approximately six feet wide with 2:1 side slopes. As the creek approaches its confluence with Boulder Creek, the channel becomes wide and shallow.

Skunk Canyon Creek

The Skunk Canyon Creek drainage basin originates in the Flatirons southwest of Boulder and drains to the northeast a distance of about 2 miles. The undeveloped portion of the basin which exists in the mountains is steep, narrow and rocky. As the drainage enters and crosses the Boulder City limits, the basin becomes less steep in slope, and wider. Skunk Creek flows into Bear Canyon Creek 2000 feet south of the confluence of Bear Canyon Creek and Boulder Creek.

Skunk Canyon Creek flows northeast from the Flatirons past Kohler Reservoir. The stream channel is 10 to 12 feet high and very rocky. Stream banks rise from the channel at 2:1 side slopes. Downstream, the creek flows through Green Mountain Cemetery. The Creek banks within this reach are grass or rip-rapped, and range in height from 2 to 5 feet. The width of the channel ranges from 5 to 10 feet. As the creek leaves the cemetery, it crosses the Anderson Extension Ditch.

Northeast of the ditch, the creek approaches developed residential and commercial areas. The creek crosses Highway 36 at Baseline Road. Within the developed areas of the basin the channel is natural with 4 foot banks at approximately a 2:1 side slope. The channel reflects the basin conditions as it approaches its confluence with Bear Creek. Under a smaller gradient, the channel is wide and shallow.

Bluebell Canyon Creek

Bluebell Canyon Creek also drains east from the Boulder Flatirons. The overall length of the basin is about 1.8 miles. Approximately half of this distance is within Bluebell Canyon, which is undeveloped. In this portion of the basin, the channel is steep, rocky and well defined. The lower half of the basin is located in fully developed residential areas. Again, the drainage channel is all but obliterated by development. The channel enters this portion of the basin at 15th Street. A small ditch carries trickle flows eastward along the backyard property lines between Mariposa and Columbine Avenues. The drainage flows directly into the Anderson Extension Ditch at 20th Street. During a storm event, the creek

will overflow the ditch and sheet flow west through properties with the water eventually draining into Skunk Creek.

Kings Gulch

The Kings Gulch drainage basin starts in the Boulder Flatirons and drains eastward from the mountains to lower-lying residential areas which start around 15th Street. From 15th Street to the stream's confluence at 22nd Street near King Avenue, the grade of the land is moderately steep. The basin is fully developed as a residential area. As such, the natural drainage channel is obliterated.

Gregory Canyon Creek

The Gregory Canyon Creek drainage basin is steep, narrow, and approximately 1.9 miles long in its upstream and undeveloped section. The drainage starts near Green Mountain and continues northeastward towards the Boulder City limits. The drainage traverses fully developed residential areas between Baseline and Arapahoe Road along 9th Street for a distance of about 1 mile. The creek eventually empties into Boulder Creek north of 9th Street and Arapahoe Avenue.

The channel within the upstream portion of the basin mirrors basin conditions. It is steep, rocky, and narrow. The downstream section of the channel through the developed areas is open and relatively steep in grade. Within the developed areas there are numerous road crossings. The channel within this section is narrow with steep banks at several locations. Deciduous vegetation borders and overhangs the channels.

Sunshine Canyon Creek

The Sunshine Canyon Creek drainage basin has its source in the mountains west of Boulder. The drainage runs from the mountains to Boulder Creek south of Canyon Boulevard at 3rd Street, an approximate distance of 2.2 miles. The majority of the basin exists in the mountains under undeveloped conditions. This portion of the basin is very steep, rocky, narrow and approximately 1.6 miles long. The basin enters the city limits near Memorial Hospital. It then turns to

the south, and parallels 4th Street along a steep grade to Boulder Creek. The drainage basin within the city limits is fully developed. A small tributary about 0.5 miles long enters the main Sunshine Canyon Creek drainage basin at Memorial Hospital. This tributary drains the area directly north of the hospital. The entire basin of this tributary is undeveloped.

The channel within the undeveloped section of the basin is rocky, steep and narrow. The channel within the developed section is well defined, steep and narrow.

Goose Creek

The Goose Creek drainageway originates one block north of 9th Street and Alpine through overland flow drainage of an area of approximately 200 acres. This area naturally drains to the east side of North Boulder Park. From here floodwaters enter Balsam Street from 9th Street. There is no stream visible within this portion of the drainage basin. The stream appears at 19th Street and Tyler Road, which is one block north of Alpine Avenue.

The drainage basin between North Boulder Park and the Boulder and Whiterocks Ditch has a moderate slope and is situated in developed residential areas. The stream bed within this area is very well-defined with heavy growth adjacent to the channel. The width of the channel within this section is as large as 25 feet with 6- to 15-foot high channel walls. The stream runs south of and parallel to Edgewood Drive. Homes border the stream along its length within this section.

Under non-flood conditions, Goose Creek flows into the Boulder and Whiterocks Ditch. During a flood event, floodwaters traverse the ditch. The basin area east of the Boulder and Whiterocks Ditch is largely developed by a variety of commercial business. The channel through this area has been largely obliterated with development. Culverts under Foothills Parkway flows directly into two improved channels downstream for approximately 0.8 miles before joining again at a sediment pond just above the confluence with Boulder Creek.

- o Fourmile Creek
- o Wonderland Creek
- o Twomile Creek
- o Elmer's Twomile Creek
- o Goose Creek
- o Bear Canyon Creek *
- o Skunk Creek **

* Bear Canyon Creek from Boulder Creek to Yale Road.

** Skunk Creek from Bear Creek to King Avenue.

The floodplain information for the additional streams and stream reaches listed below was completed as part of this study.

- o Bluebell Canyon Creek
- o King's Gulch
- o Gregory Creek
- o Sunshine Canyon Creek
- o Bear Canyon Creek *
- o Skunk Creek **

* Bear Canyon Creek upstream of Yale Road.

** Skunk Creek upstream of King Avenue.

Hydrologic Analyses

Historic stream flow measurements were not available for any of the streams under study, and hence, hydrologic modelling was used to develop frequency discharge information. The Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure (CUHP), (Reference 2,3), was used to determine the runoff hydrographs for each sub-basin. Basins and sub-basins used in the analysis are shown on Figures 1 and 2. These hydrographs were then lagged and routed through the basin using the HEC-1 computer model (Reference 4) to account for stream travel times and flow attenuation due to channel or reservoir storage.

The CUHP model was used to develop hydrology for future basin conditions along each drainageway. An investigation was completed by the MSM/SP Group to compare existing vs full development hydrology. The results of this study showed that the increase in discharges and associated water surface elevations for full development was relatively small. Representatives of the City of Boulder, the Urban Drainage and Flood Control District and the Federal Emergency Management Agency reviewed the information and agreed that the use of future condition hydrology was appropriate for the Flood Insurance Study as well as this study.

Frequency discharges were developed for each of the drainageways for the 2-, 5-, 10-, 50-, and 100-year storm events. The CUHP model was used to calculate the 10-, 50-, and 100-year events for each stream included in the Flood Insurance Study (Fourmile Creek, Wonderland Creek, Twomile Creek, Elmer's Twomile Creek, Goose Creek, Bear Canyon Creek, and Skunk Creek). The 2-year and 5-year discharges for these streams were determined by extrapolating the modelled discharge information downward on a log probability graph. Frequency discharges for the 2-, 5-, 10-, 50-, and 100-year events for the remaining streams (King's Gulch, Bluebell Canyon Creek, Gregory Creek, and Sunshine Canyon Creek) were all calculated using the CUHP method.

Rainfall data was developed based on the revised guidelines dated September 15th, 1982, set forth in the Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual. Rainfall depths presented in these guidelines were obtained from the Precipitation Frequency Atlas of the Western United States (Reference 5). The total rainfall depths for the flood events analyzed for each drainageway included in this study are presented in Table 2.

TABLE 2
Rainfall Depths (Inches) / 1-Hour Duration

Basin	2-Year	5-Year	10-Year	50-Year	100-Year
Kings Gulch	1.00	1.41	1.70	2.30	2.65
Bluebell Canyon Creek	0.94	1.35	1.65	2.25	2.55
Gregory Creek	0.95	1.36	1.63	2.28	2.58
Sunshine Canyon Creek	0.94	1.35	1.62	2.25	2.55
Skunk Creek	*N/A	*N/A	1.65	2.25	2.55
Bear Canyon Creek	*N/A	*N/A	1.65	2.25	2.50
Elmer's Twomile Creek	*N/A	*N/A	1.70	2.35	2.65
Goose Creek	*N/A	*N/A	1.70	2.30	2.55
Wonderland Creek	*N/A	*N/A	1.60	2.25	2.50
Fourmile Canyon Creek (Upper Basin)	*N/A	*N/A	1.65	2.30	2.55
Fourmile Canyon Creek (Lower Basin)	*N/A	*N/A	1.70	2.35	2.65
Twomile Canyon Creek (Upper Basin)	*N/A	*N/A	1.60	2.20	2.45
Twomile Canyon Creek (Lower Basin)	*N/A	*N/A	1.70	2.30	2.65

*(N/A) The 2-year and 5-year events for these streams were extrapolated.

The 1-hour duration rainfall obtained from the NOAA Atlas is distributed into a 2-hour design storm for use with the CUHP program. The desired 2-hour storm duration is calculated for each recurrence frequency by multiplying each time increment by the percentages as shown in Table 3. The resulting 2-hour storm depth is comparable to the 2-hour depth found in the NOAA Atlas.

TABLE 3
Design Storm Distributions of 1-Hour NOAA Atlas Depths

Time Minutes	Percent of NOAA Rainfall Atlas Depth				
	2-Year	5-Year	10-Year	50-Year	100-Year
5	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.3	1.0
10	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.0
15	8.4	8.7	8.2	5.0	4.6
20	16.0	15.3	15.0	8.0	8.0
25	25.0	25.0	25.0	15.0	14.0
30	14.0	13.0	12.0	25.0	25.0
35	6.3	5.8	5.6	12.0	14.0
40	5.0	4.4	4.3	8.0	8.0
45	3.0	3.6	3.8	5.0	6.2
50	3.0	3.6	3.2	5.0	5.0
55	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.2	4.0
60	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.2	4.0
65	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.2	4.0
70	2.0	3.0	3.2	2.4	2.0
75	2.0	2.5	3.2	2.4	2.0
80	2.0	2.2	2.5	1.8	1.2
85	2.0	2.2	1.9	1.8	1.2
90	2.0	2.2	1.9	1.4	1.2
95	2.0	2.2	1.9	1.4	1.2
100	2.0	1.5	1.9	1.4	1.2
105	2.0	1.5	1.9	1.4	1.2
110	2.0	1.5	1.9	1.4	1.2
115	1.0	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.2
120	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.2
Totals	15.7	115.7	115.7	115.6	115.6

The Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure was completed utilizing the computerized model (CUHPB) as currently approved by the Urban Drainage and Flood Control District. The basin parameters required as input into the CUHPB model include the Basin Area (A), basin length along the flow path (L), length to centroid

T A B L E 5

CUHPB Basin Parameters

* Sub-Basin Designation	AREA (mi ²)	Basin Length (mi)	L _{ca} (mi)	%I	C _t *	C _p	Pervious Depression (Inches)	Impervious Depression (Inches)	Initial Infl. (In/Hr)	Decay Rate (per sec.)	Final Infl. Rate (In/Hr)
Twomile Canyon Creek											
601	1.40	2.41	1.35	7.0	0.33	0.32	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
602	0.28	0.86	0.51	25.0	0.19	0.30	0.40	0.10	4.0	0.0018	0.6
603	0.51	1.48	0.76	41.0	0.22	0.48	0.40	0.10	4.0	0.0018	0.6
Goose Creek											
701	0.48	1.52	0.59	27.0	0.20	0.34	0.40	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
702	0.80	1.44	0.66	42.0	0.23	0.52	0.40	0.10	4.0	0.0018	0.6
703	0.04	0.52	0.28	28.0	0.16	0.24	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
704	0.12	0.66	0.21	41.0	0.18	0.39	0.40	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
705	0.62	1.57	0.76	64.0	0.25	0.66	0.40	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
706	0.69	1.63	0.80	53.0	0.27	0.59	0.40	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
Wonderland Creek											
801	0.38	0.72	0.38	11.0	0.22	0.26	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
802	0.47	1.21	0.57	16.0	0.23	0.27	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
803	0.29	0.88	0.57	30.0	0.23	0.34	0.40	0.10	4.0	0.0018	0.6
804	0.21	0.81	0.47	36.0	0.21	0.38	0.40	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
805	0.24	1.14	0.43	31.0	0.25	0.33	0.40	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
806	0.32	1.42	0.76	10.0	0.37	0.25	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
Fourmile Canyon Creek											
901	3.93	4.17	1.37	5.0	0.39	0.38	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
902	3.28	3.08	1.18	6.0	0.35	0.37	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
903	0.71	1.10	0.49	15.0	0.22	0.29	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
904	0.68	1.89	1.02	41.0	0.27	0.50	0.40	0.10	4.0	0.0018	0.6
905	0.49	1.25	0.49	12.0	0.31	0.27	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
906	0.94	2.50	1.21	13.0	0.42	0.30	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
Skunk Creek											
301	0.88	2.79	1.40	8.0	0.34	0.30	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
302	0.16	0.99	0.23	51.0	0.14	0.45	0.40	0.10	4.0	0.0018	0.6
303	0.04	0.26	0.16	78.0	0.11	6.48	0.40	0.10	4.0	0.0018	0.6
304	0.11	0.38	0.19	50.0	0.12	0.43	0.40	0.10	4.0	0.0018	0.6
305	0.35	1.33	0.51	6.0	0.23	0.57	0.40	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
306	0.29	1.00	0.53	22.0	0.27	0.28	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5

* Design Points for each sub-basin designation are shown on Figures 1 and 2, respectively.

T A B L E 5

CUHPB Basin Parameters

*Sub-Basin Designation	AREA (mi ²)	Basin Length (mi)	L _{ca} (mi)		C _t *	C _p	Pervious Depression (Inches)	Impervious Depression (Inches)	Initial Infl. (In/Hr)	Decay Rate (per sec.)	Final Infl. Rate (In/Hr)
			%I								
King's Gulch											
K1	0.23	1.00	0.44	5.0	0.26	0.24	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
K2	0.09	0.57	0.38	35.0	0.32	0.15	0.40	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
Bluebell Canyon Creek											
B1	0.40	1.55	0.95	5.0	0.30	0.26	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
B2	0.28	0.88	0.35	46.0	0.14	0.47	0.40	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
Gregory Creek											
G1	1.16	1.61	0.87	5.0	0.34	0.30	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
G2	0.40	0.93	0.45	5.0	0.29	0.24	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
G3	0.73	1.20	0.72	33.0	0.42	0.19	0.40	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
Sunshine Canyon Creek											
S1	1.13	2.56	0.95	.5	0.33	0.33	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
S2	0.30	0.91	0.46	5.0	0.27	0.24	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
S3	0.29	0.91	0.40	5.0	0.27	0.28	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
S4	0.10	0.47	0.40	43.0	0.39	0.13	0.40	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
Bear Canyon Creek											
401	2.84	4.43	2.05	7.0	0.40	0.34	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
402	0.87	1.59	0.76	27.0	0.22	0.37	0.50	0.10	4.0	0.0018	0.6
403	0.37	1.10	0.68	53.0	0.20	0.54	0.40	0.10	4.0	0.0018	0.6
404	0.26	0.83	0.57	42.0	0.24	0.43	0.40	0.10	4.0	0.0018	0.6
405	0.37	1.04	0.38	28.0	0.18	0.33	0.40	0.10	4.0	0.0018	0.6
406	0.18	0.64	0.27	40.0	0.19	0.40	0.40	0.10	4.0	0.0018	0.6
407	0.07	0.47	0.25	20.0	0.21	0.22	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
408	0.39	1.74	0.95	32.0	0.31	0.32	0.40	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
409	0.06	0.38	0.27	5.0	0.31	0.19	0.50	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
Elmer's Twomile											
501	0.12	0.52	0.25	30.0	0.16	0.30	0.40	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
502	0.19	0.72	0.22	36.0	0.18	0.37	0.40	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5
503	0.21	1.06	0.64	47.0	0.23	0.44	0.40	0.10	3.0	0.0018	0.5

* Design Points for each sub-basin designation are shown on Figures 1 and 2, respectively.

through the various channel reaches. The Modified Puls Method for channel routing was chosen using typical stream cross-sections for developing normal depth storage/discharge relationships.

The only major transbasin diversion modelled in the Flood Insurance Studies was the Broadway diversion of Fourmile to Wonderland. In this diversion, 400 cfs was taken from Fourmile Creek and added to Wonderland. The Fourmile discharges were not reduced since improvements may eliminate the diversion in the future.

Irrigation ditches cross each of the drainageways at various locations. In many cases, siphons, aqueducts, or pipes are used at the crossings. However, Goose, Elmer's Twomile, and Bluebell Canyon Creeks discharge directly into ditches. For this hydrologic analysis, it was assumed that the ditches would be full to capacity while crossing the basins, and storm runoff was therefore assumed to flow directly across the irrigation ditches.

Table 6 presents a summary of all peak discharge results. Discharge profiles for the streams are shown in Figures 6 through 11. Typical flood hydrographs are shown in Figure 12.

Hydraulics

The water surface profiles for all streams under study were computed using the HEC-2 computer model (Reference 8). Cross section information for streams completed as part of the Flood Insurance Studies was obtained using photogrammetric techniques, by utilizing digitized sections from the aerial photography used to prepare the two foot contour mapping. Cross sections for streams analyzed under this study were taken directly from the two foot contour mapping.

Geometric measurements and invert elevations for bridge and culvert crossings were obtained in the field as required. Photographs were taken of each crossing and a sketch of the crossing was prepared showing appropriate dimensions. This material is on file as back up information to the project. During these field investigations, estimates of roughness coefficients, i.e. Mannings "n" values, were also noted.

Hydraulic runs were completed for the 10-year, 50-year, 100-year, and 500-year events for streams analyzed in the Flood Insurance Study. Hydraulic runs were completed for the 2-year, 5-year, 10-year, 50-year and 100-year events for stream analyzed in this study. However, only the 10-year and 100-year water surface profiles are reported in this study.

In addition, a floodway was computed for all streams under study. This floodway is based on the City of Boulder criteria allowing for no more than a one-half foot rise in the water surface elevation with encroachment during the 100-year event, and no encroachment in areas where velocities exceed 2 feet per second or depths exceed 2 feet.

The floodplains for the 100-year event were then delineated on the topographic mapping using the computed water surface profile. The floodplains and water surface profiles are presented on Sheets 1 through 31.

Culvert or bridge blockage was considered at each crossing structure. The degree of blockage was determined by field inspection by the City of Boulder Staff. Table 7 presents the estimate of blockage at major crossings for the drainageways included in this study.

FLOODPLAIN DESCRIPTIONS

The extent of flooding in overbank areas varies throughout each study reach. A description of the 100-year floodplain for each of the eleven streams follows.

Bear Canyon Creek

The upstream portion of Bear Canyon Creek experiences shallow flooding. From the upstream study limit to Lehigh Street, the floodplain ranges in width from 50 to 150 feet. Although the area is fairly well developed, flood damage to properties is light, as the floodplain is narrow and buildings are usually not located close to the stream channel. Three buildings are affected by the floodplain within this section of the creek.

TABLE 6

SUMMARY OF PEAK DISCHARGE

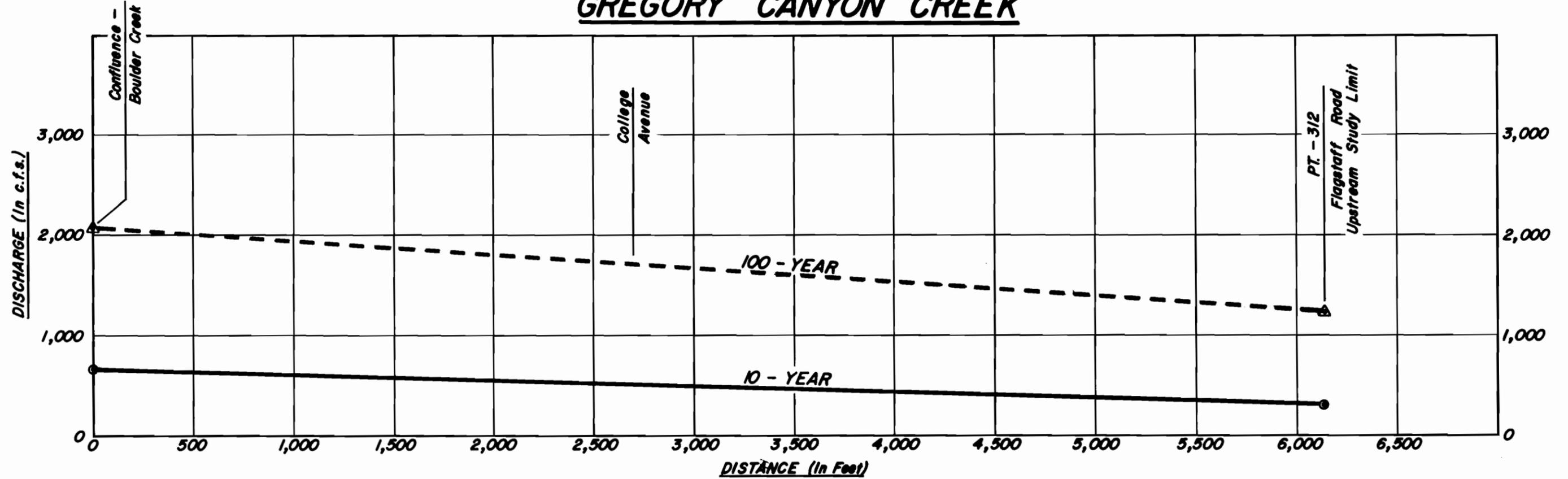
Design Point	Flooding Source	Drainage Area (sq mi)	Peak Discharges (cfs)					Design Point	Flooding Source	Drainage Area (sq mi)	Peak Discharges (cfs)				
			2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr				2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
	BEAR CANYON CREEK - (Figure 2)							SUNSHINE CANYON CREEK - (Figure 1)							
409	Confluence - Boulder Creek	8.24	720	1415	2050	3762	4880	411	Confluence w/Sunshine Creek Tributary	1.13	17	89	169	538	678
408	Confluence - Skunk Creek	5.35	355	780	1170	2360	3070	412	Design Point d/s of Memorial Hospital	1.72	27	139	266	869	1103
407	Baseline Road	4.96	330	740	1110	2352	2930								
404	U.S. 36	4.34	240	540	820	1780	2210	414	Confluence with Boulder Creek	1.82	45	155	286	914	1159
403	Broadway	4.08	140	440	680	1512	1930								
402	Yale Road	3.71	110	290	480	1190	1600								
401	500' u/s of Lehigh	2.84	68	180	307	791	1063								
	SKUNK CANYON CREEK - (Figure 2)							SUNSHINE CANYON TRIB. - (Figure 1)							
306	Confluence - Bear Creek	2.83	350	700	980	1830	2230	414	Confluence with Sunshine Canyon Creek	0.29	10	26	51	161	200
305	Madison Avenue	2.43	340	690	920	1580	1870								
303	U.S. 36	2.08	270	480	650	1130	1350	706	Confluence - Boulder Creek	5.46	650	1260	1740	3300	4180
302	Broadway	1.36	47	125	210	520	710	705	Colorado & Southern Railroad	4.77	520	1040	1520	2960	3761
301	Anderson Ditch	1.20	39	105	180	460	640	704	Confluence - Elmer's Twomile	3.63	340	710	1050	2100	2680
	BLUEBELL CANYON CREEK - (Figure 2)							TWOMILE CANYON CREEK - (Figure 1)							
211	Chautauqua Park	0.40	6	31	63	168	227	703	Confluence - Twomile Canyon	1.32	240	470	670	1270	1590
212	Confluence with Skunk Creek	0.68	139	247	360	627	737	702	19th Street	1.28	260	500	700	1320	1600
	KING'S GULCH - (Figure 1)							ELMER'S TWOMILE - (Figure 2)							
111	Design Point	0.23	6	32	64	164	214	701	Upstream Study Limit	.48	90	183	260	520	620
112	Confluence with Skunk Creek	0.32	41	82	132	292	373	603	Confluence - Goose Creek	2.19	110	255	360	840	1120
	GREGORY CREEK - (Figure 2)							TWOMILE CANYON CREEK - (Figure 1)							
311	0.4 mi. u/s Flagstaff Road	1.16	22	117	229	659	890	602	Broadway	1.68	48	138	210	675	890
312	Flagstaff Road	1.56	30	163	321	932	1239	601	Upstream Study Limit (Maxwell Reservoir)	1.40	40	112	210	540	710
313	Confluence with Boulder Creek	2.29	161	435	673	1672	2092	503	Confluence - Goose Creek	0.52	84	190	280	630	790
								502	Iris Avenue	0.31	93	185	270	510	610
								501	Upstream Study Limit	0.12	40	78	110	210	250

TABLE 7

ESTIMATED BLOCKAGE AT MAJOR DRAINAGE STRUCTURES

DRAINAGEWAY	LOCATION	% BLOCKAGE	DRAINAGEWAY	LOCATION	% BLOCKAGE
Bear Canyon Creek	Wildwood	40	Skunk Creek	U.S. 36	0
	Boiler Pipe Culvert	100		Baseline	0
	Footbridge	30		29th	10
	Lehigh	75		Pedestrian Bridge	30
	All Table Mesa Drive	50		30th	30
	Culverts			Footbridge	30
	Security Bank	0		Aurora	10
	Broadway	75		34th	20
	2 Footbridges	20		Madison (East Cell)	30
	Martin	50		(West Cell)	100
	Moorhead	20		Skunk/35th	50
	Turnpike	0		Colorado	0
	Bike Bridge	0		47th Parkway	0
	Church Culvert	30			
	Baseline	50		Bluebell Canyon Creek	
	Gilpin	10		15th Street	0
	Mohawk	0		16th Street	100
	Low Flow Crossing	100		17th Street	100
	at Wellman		18th Street	100	
	47th	0	19th Street	100	
	Arapahoe	30	20th Street	100	
	Skunk Creek	King	50	King's Gulch	
Driveway		40	Bellevue Drive	50	
Driveway		40	Driveway	25	
Bluebell		30	15th Street	25	
Broadway		30	17th Street	25	
Footbridge		30			
27th		0			
Moorhead U.S. 36		0			

GREGORY CANYON CREEK



BLUEBELL CANYON CREEK

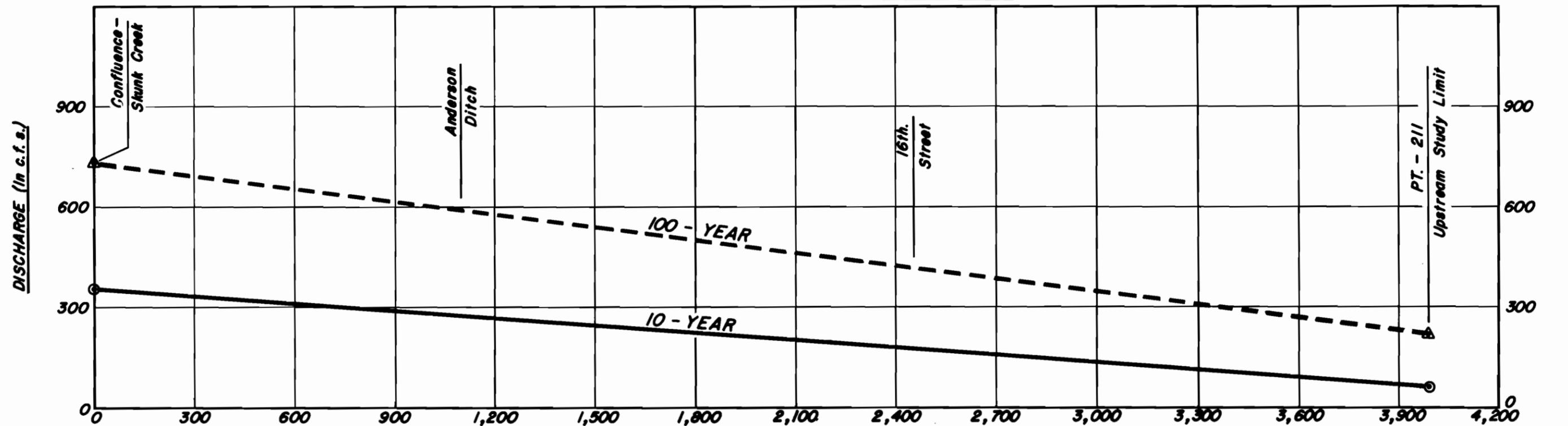
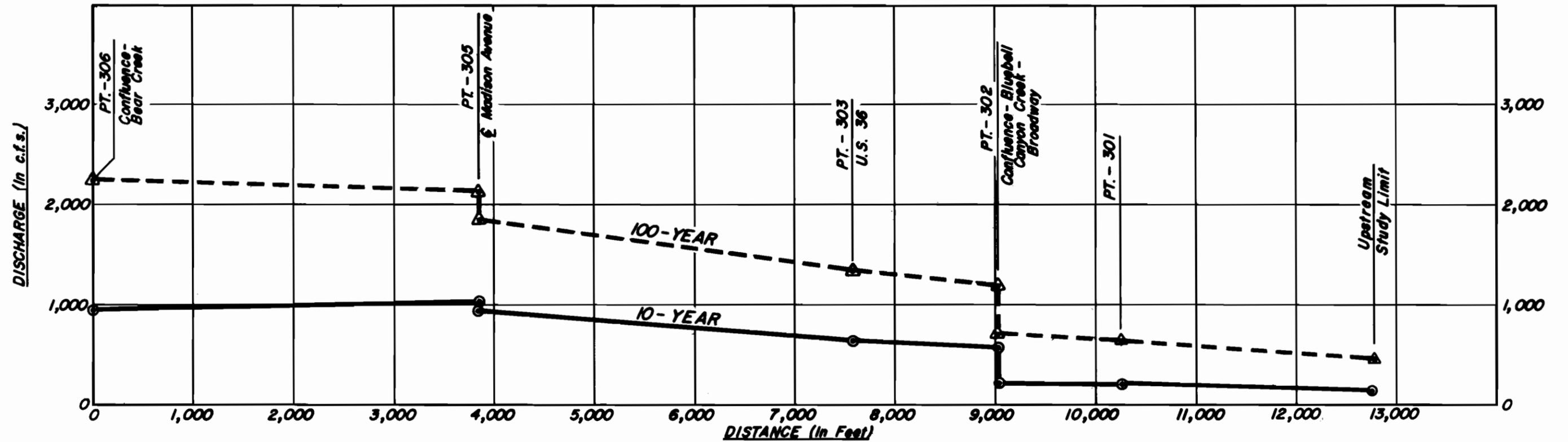


Figure 9

SKUNK CANYON CREEK



BEAR CANYON CREEK

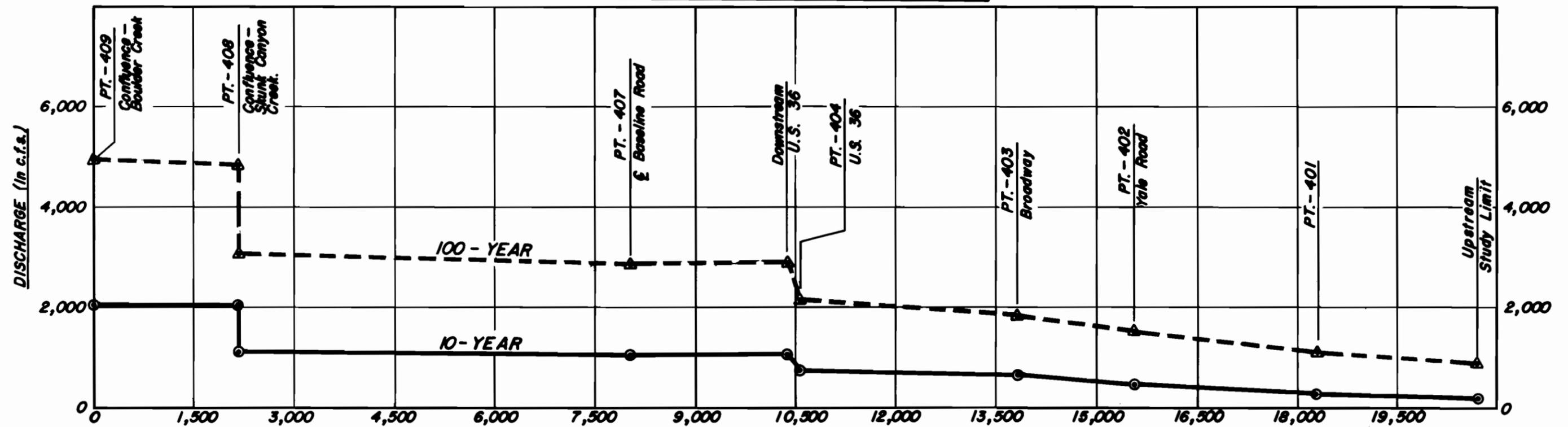


Figure 10

KINGS GULCH

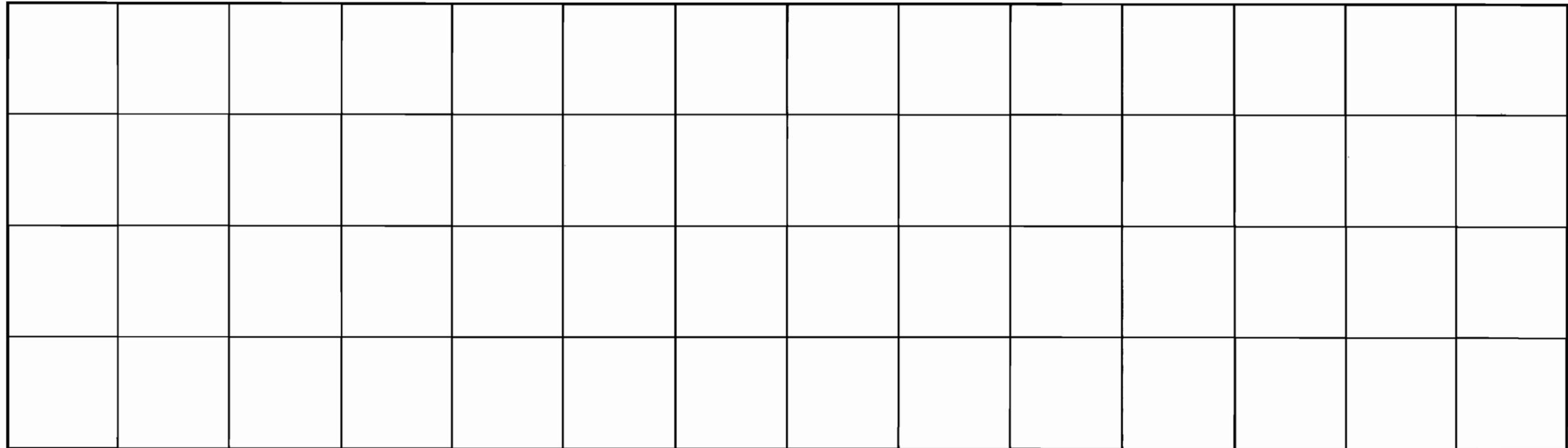
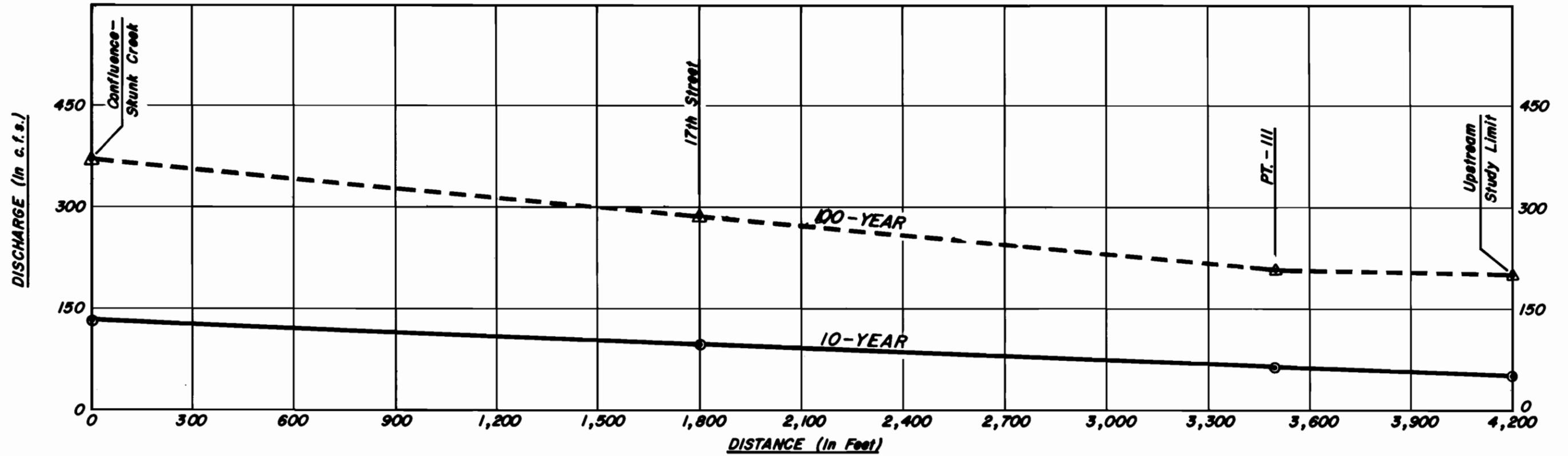


Figure 11

Between Lehigh Street and Broadway, the floodplain generally follows the exterior boundaries of Table Mesa Drive. The floodplain widens at cross streets with Table Mesa. This is caused by the culverts built for those streets. As the creek approaches Broadway, the floodplain becomes wider. Downstream from Gillaspie Drive, the floodplain extends eastward as the terrain starts to flatten out. Commercial development also increases in this area. The floodplain crosses approximately 450 feet of Broadway. Again damages are not heavy, as only 2 buildings are within the floodplain.

Downstream from Broadway, the wide floodplain intersects Eastman Avenue on the west side of the stream. Eastman conveys its water to 35th Street, and 35th Street carries the water down to Martin Drive. Between Martin Drive and Highway 36, a continuous floodplain boundary lies to the east of the creek. This boundary is 250 feet east of the creek at Martin Drive. It follows along the western half of Chase Circle and returns very close to the creek at Moorhead Avenue. The floodplain on the west side of the creek between Martin Drive and Highway 36 is not continuous. Three-fourths of the area west of the creek and between Martin and Berkeley Avenue is not flooded. Immediately downstream from this area, a residential area which is built around Berkeley Avenue is flooded. Twenty homes are effected by the floodplain in this area.

Downstream of Highway 36 broad, shallow flooding occurs to Baseline Road. The floodplain approaches 1300 feet in width at its widest point. Only a commercial building is located within the floodplain near Baseline Road. North of Baseline Road, the floodplain becomes narrow as the creek's channel is larger and street flow occurs along Gilpin Drive.

The floodplain is narrow along the creek bed and Gilpin Drive, leaving most of the area between the creek and the street dry. Floodwaters from Gilpin Drive flow onto Inca Parkway and then onto Mohawk Drive. A large amount of property damage occurs as a result of this flooding pattern. Twenty-two residential buildings incur shallow flooding.

From Mohawk Drive to the creek's confluence with Boulder Creek, the floodplain ranges from being narrow to very extensive. The width of the floodplain is influenced by Skunk Creek, which flows into Bear Creek approximately 530 feet

south of Arapahoe Road. The floodplain is a fairly uniform 75 feet in width for 750 feet downstream of Mohawk Drive. As the stream approaches Foothills Parkway and the Skunk Creek floodplain, the Bear Creek floodplain widens on the west side of the creek. On the east side of the creek, the floodplain extends to within 100 feet of Hancock Drive near Foothills Parkway. The flood profiles and floodplain delineation immediately upstream of Arapahoe have been revised to reflect the installation of larger culverts by the Highway Department and overbank grading by a developer. North of Arapahoe Road to the creek's confluence with Boulder Creek, a broad area is flooded to approximately 1 foot of depth. The widest area of the floodplain extends approximately 200 feet on the east side of the creek. Property damage is light in this downstream portion of the creek, as only 3 small buildings are within the floodplain.

Skunk Creek

The floodplain upstream from the Kings Gulch confluence with Skunk Creek ranges from narrow and confined in steep channel banks to wide where overland shallow flooding occurs within Green Mountain Cemetery. Street flooding occurs near the upstream study limit.

The floodplain maintains a fairly uniform width of about 200 feet as it enters Green Mountain Cemetery. However, about halfway through the cemetery, the land slopes off to the north. This results in shallow overland flooding which flows northward from the cemetery. Some of the flow returns to the floodplain while the rest of the flow enters Kings Avenue east of 21st Street. North of the Kings Gulch confluence with Skunk Creek, the floodplain is approximately 1700 feet wide. This width is maintained as the floodplain crosses Broadway. Property damages are moderately heavy in this area as 27 buildings are flooded.

Between Broadway and 30th Streets, the floodplain ranges from 1700 feet to 100 feet. The floodplain is restricted as it passes through large culverts, notably, the culverts at U.S. 36 and Baseline Road. Some street flow occurs down 29th Street to Bixby. All of the water returns to the channel. Property damage remains moderately heavy upstream of U.S. 36, but becomes light downstream of U.S. 36. From 30th Street where the floodplain is 500 feet wide, to Colorado Avenue where the floodplain is 2000 feet wide, a large amount of property damage

occurs. More than 75 residential and commercial buildings are flooded. Colorado Avenue intercepts the floodwaters and conducts them eastward. This decreases the width of the floodplain. Downstream of Colorado Avenue, a broad floodplain occurs near the creek's confluence with Bear Creek. Although the floodplain is at places more than 1500 feet wide, a small amount of damage results as this is a very sparsely developed area.

Bluebell Canyon Creek

The Bluebell Canyon Creek Floodplain is narrow and well confined in its upstream reaches and is dominated by the street pattern over its lower reaches. From the upstream study limit to 15th Street, the floodplain is narrow (about 50 feet wide) within Bluebell Canyon.

Downstream, from 15th Street to the creek's confluence with Skunk Creek, the floodplain is basically determined through shallow street flooding. Mariposa Avenue conveys floodwaters to Broadway. At 20th Street, floodwaters travel northward and then eastward on Baseline Road. Twenty-first Street is also flooded between Columbine and Baseline. Flood damage is generally light within the street flooding area. However, approximately 12 buildings are affected by overland flooding between 15th and 19th Streets.

Kings Gulch

Kings Gulch has a flooding pattern similar to Bluebell Canyon Creek. A narrow floodplain exists in the mountainous upstream portions of the basin. Approximately 800 feet downstream of the upstream study limit overland flooding occurs eastward from the storm channel. Floodwaters travel down East Belleview Drive to 15th Street. Two buildings are flooded. At 15th Street, the floodplain is 200 feet wide.

From 15th Street, floodwaters flow down King Avenue to Skunk Creek. Between 15th and 17th Streets, overland flow affects 7 buildings. At 17th Street, the floodplain is 450 feet wide. Overland shallow flooding covers the half block area between 17th and 18th Streets. Floodwaters reach Bluebell Avenue and travel to Skunk Creek. Property damage to the downstream sections of the basins is very light.

Gregory Creek

The floodplain for Gregory Canyon Creek is significantly affected by the streets within the drainage basin. Street flow occurs when the floodplain intersects a street and floodwaters are then carried off down the street.

The floodplain is basically narrow between the upstream study limit and College Avenue. However, street flow results in shallow flooding in areas along Baseline Road, Willow Street (north and south of the creek), Gilbert Street and Rose Hill Drive. The streets generally do not overflow onto adjacent areas. Property damage is moderate within this section of the creek as 13 residential buildings are flooded.

Between College Avenue and the stream's confluence with Boulder Creek the floodplain becomes wider and continues to be affected by street flows. The floodplain is 300 feet wide between College and Pleasant Avenues. Rose Hill Drive conveys floodwaters across Arapahoe Road and into Boulder Creek. As the floodplain intersects Pleasant Avenue on the east side of the creek, floodwaters travel eastward along the street and overflow the street creating a shallow flooding zone between Pleasant Avenue and University Avenue. Floodwaters reach 9th Street and travel northward on 9th Street north of University Avenue. The floodplain downstream of Arapahoe Avenue is approximately 400 feet wide. Property damage within this downstream portion of the creek is heavy. More than 50 residential and commercial buildings are flooded.

Sunshine Canyon Gulch and Sunshine Canyon Tributary

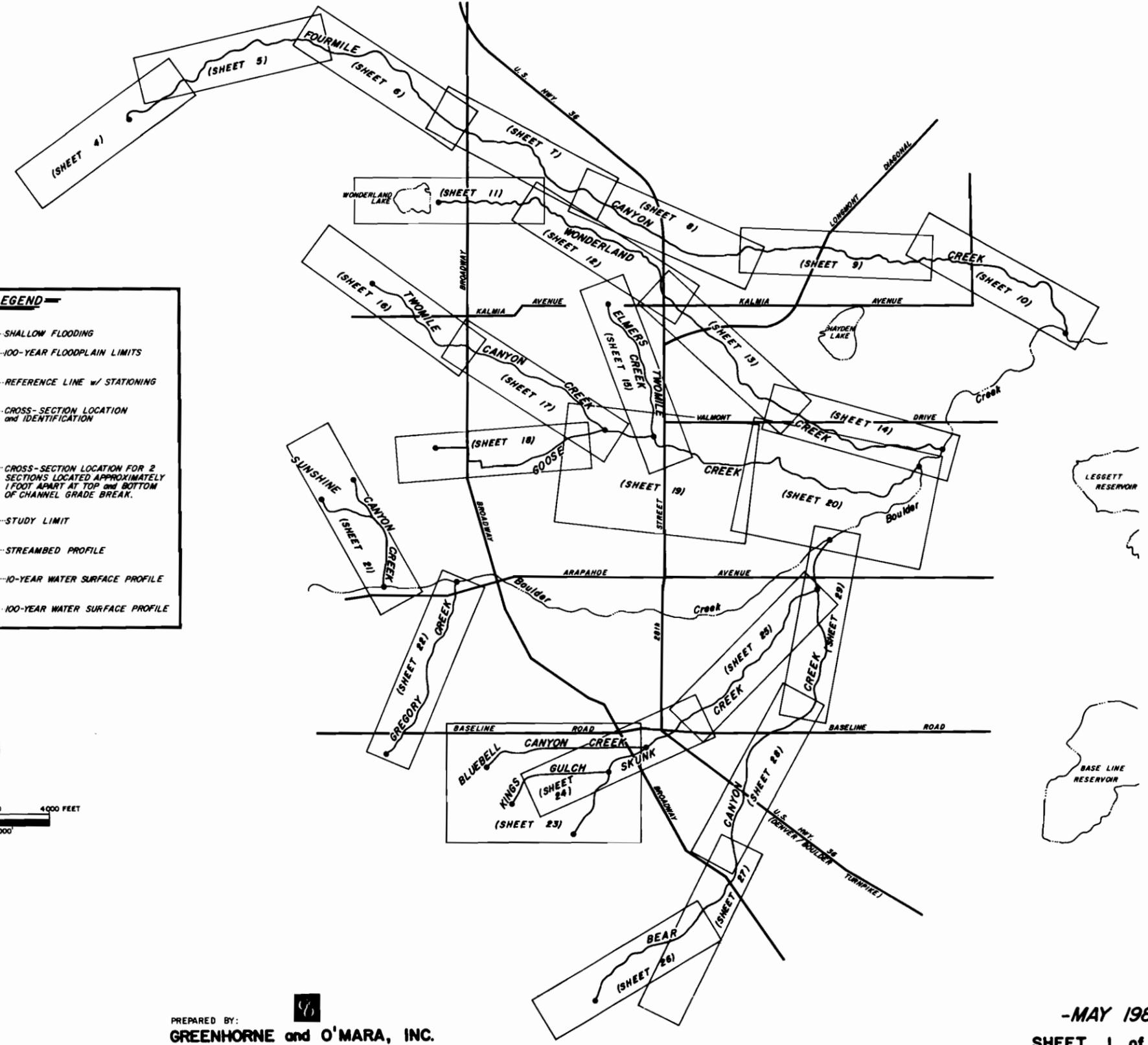
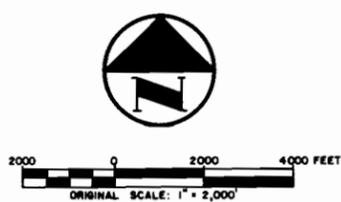
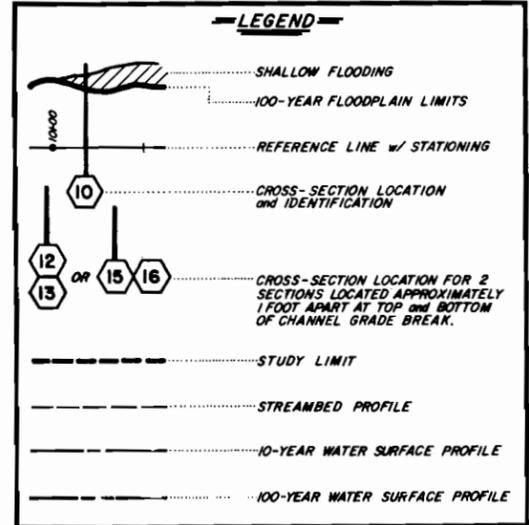
The upstream floodplain of Sunshine Canyon Gulch and its tributary are very similar. This portion of the stream flows from the upstream study limit to Sunshine Canyon Road near Memorial Hospital. Both floodplains are narrow and follow the creek beds within their steep channels. Damage is very light within the floodplain as few buildings are present within the upstream reaches.

The floodplain between Sunshine Canyon Road and Spruce Street, range in width from less than 50 feet, near Sunshine Canyon Road, to more than 300 feet at Spruce Street. Eight buildings are flooded north of Spruce Street. Shallow

FLOOD HAZARD AREA DELINEATION

CITY OF BOULDER & ADJACENT COUNTY DRAINAGEWAYS

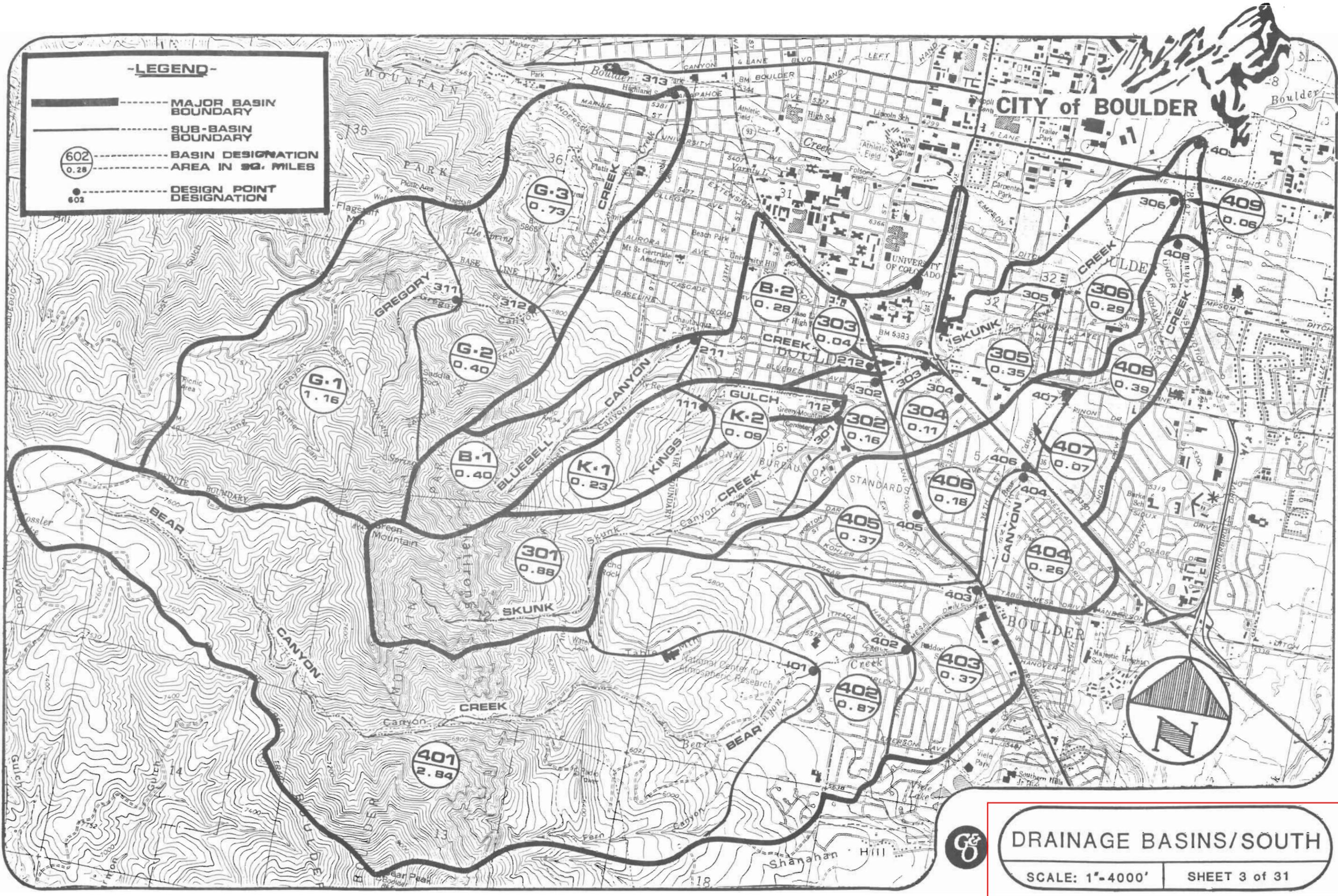
INDEX TO SHEETS	
SHEET NO.	TITLE
1	COVER & INDEX SHEET
2	DRAINAGE BASINS/NORTH
3	DRAINAGE BASINS/SOUTH
4	FOURMILE PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 380+00 To Sta. 401+00)
5	FOURMILE PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 321+00 To Sta. 380+00)
6	FOURMILE PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 261+00 To Sta. 321+00)
7	FOURMILE PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 199+00 To Sta. 261+00)
8	FOURMILE PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 135+00 To Sta. 199+00)
9	FOURMILE PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 70+00 To Sta. 135+00)
10	FOURMILE PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 0+00 To Sta. 70+00)
11	WONDERLAND PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 186+00 To Sta. 217+50)
12	WONDERLAND PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 114+00 To Sta. 186+00)
13	WONDERLAND PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 60+00 To Sta. 114+00)
14	WONDERLAND PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 0+00 To Sta. 60+00)
15	ELMERS TOWNILE PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 0+00 To Sta. 51+85)
16	TOWNILE PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 57+00 To Sta. 104+00)
17	TOWNILE PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 0+00 To Sta. 57+00)
18	GOOSE PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 141+00 To Sta. 194+00)
19	GOOSE PLAN (Sta. 75+00 To Sta. 141+00)
20	GOOSE PLAN (Sta. 0+00 To Sta. 75+00)
21	SUNSHINE PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 0+00 To Sta. 50+00)
22	GREGORY PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 0+00 To Sta. 65+00)
23	SKUNK PLAN (Sta. 97+00 To Sta. 128+00) BLUEBELL PLAN (Sta. 13+00 To Upstream Study Limit) KINGS PLAN (Sta. 0+00 To Upstream Study Limit)
24	SKUNK PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 63+00 To Sta. 97+00) BLUEBELL PLAN (Sta. 0+00 To Sta. 13+00) SKUNK PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 0+00 To Sta. 63+00)
25	BEAR PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 158+00 To Sta. 207+00)
26	BEAR PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 126+00 To Sta. 158+00)
27	BEAR PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 66+00 To Sta. 126+00)
28	BEAR PLAN & PROFILE (Sta. 0+00 To Sta. 66+00)
29	GOOSE PROFILE (Sta. 0+00 To Sta. 141+00)
30	BLUEBELL PROFILE (From 15th St. To Upstream Study Limit) KINGS PROFILE (From 15 St. To Upstream Study Limit) SKUNK PROFILE (Sta. 97+00 To Sta. 128+00)
31	SUNSHINE TRIBUTARY PROFILE (Sta. 0+00 To Sta. 17+00)



NOTE:
 FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS AND FLOOD PLAIN BOUNDARIES ARE OFTEN REVISED BY ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION, FLOOD PLAIN DEVELOPMENT, FLOOD CONTROL, IMPROVEMENTS, OR NATURAL PROCESS PRIOR TO UTILIZATION OF THIS REPORT FOR PLANNING OR DESIGN PURPOSES. THE USER IS ADVISED TO CONTACT THE URBAN DRAINAGE AND FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT TO DETERMINE IF THE INFORMATION IN THIS REPORT HAS BEEN AMENDED.

-LEGEND-

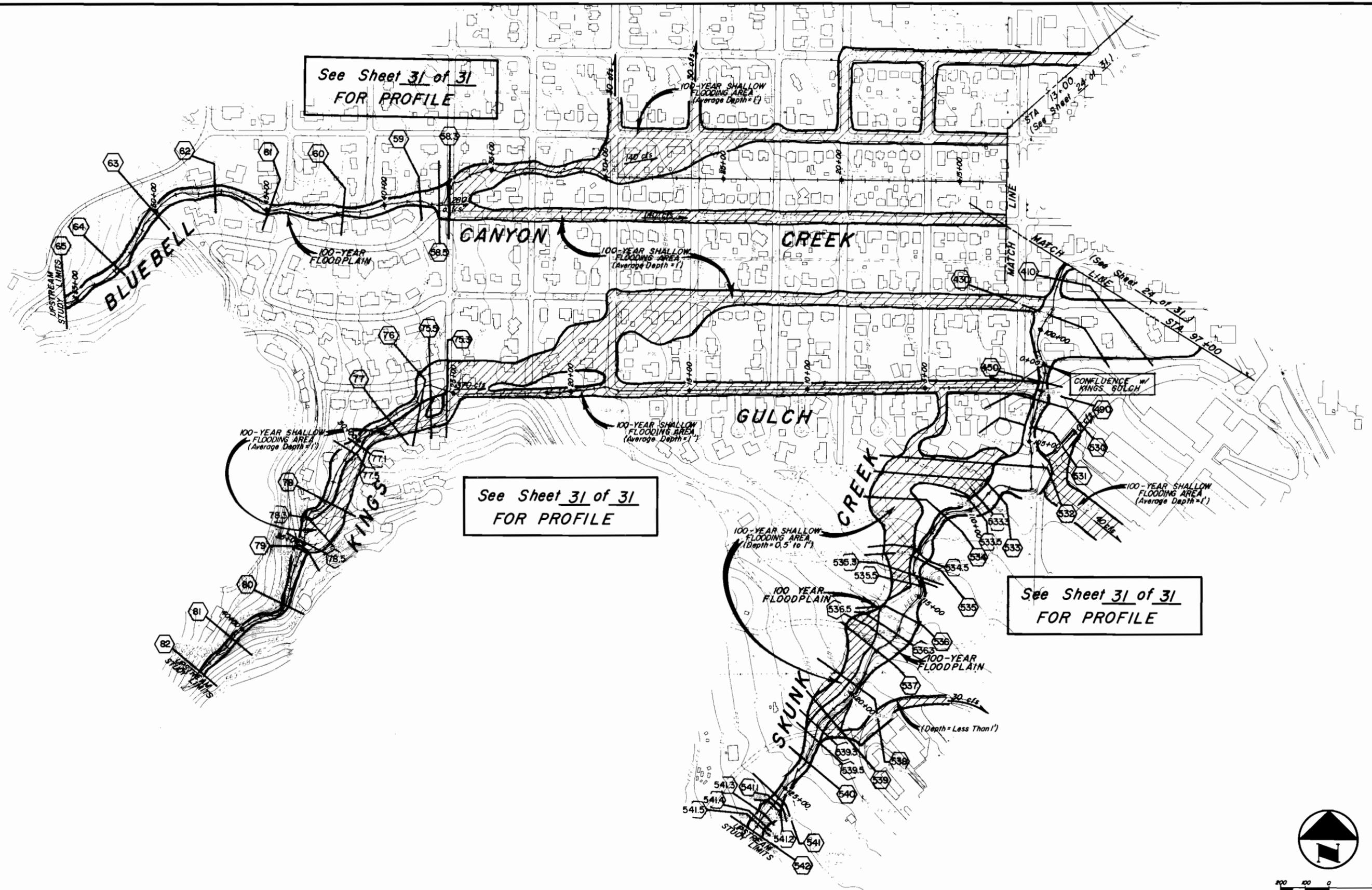
-  MAJOR BASIN BOUNDARY
-  SUB-BASIN BOUNDARY
-  BASIN DESIGNATION
AREA IN SQ. MILES
-  DESIGN POINT DESIGNATION



DRAINAGE BASINS/SOUTH

SCALE: 1"=4000'

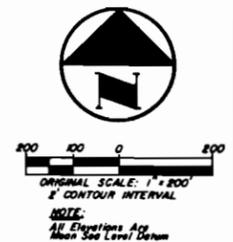
SHEET 3 of 31



See Sheet 31 of 31
FOR PROFILE

See Sheet 31 of 31
FOR PROFILE

See Sheet 31 of 31
FOR PROFILE



GREENHORNE and O'MARA, INC.
 Engineers · Architects · Planners · Surveyors · Photogrammetrists
 1325 South Colorado Boulevard · Suite 405 · Denver, Colorado 80222 · (303) 756-5250

Ground Control Survey By: **MSM CONSULTANTS, INC.**
 Aerial Photography By: **GENGE AERIAL SURVEYS**
 Topographic Mapping By: **GENGE AERIAL SURVEYS**
 Contour Interval: **2'** Date Flown: **OCTOBER 10, 1981**

Designed By: **MKP** Date: **4/84**
 Drawn By: **CDG** Date: **9/84**
 Checked By: **RLC** Date: **4/84**
 Revised By: _____ Date: _____

URBAN DRAINAGE AND FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
 CITY OF BOULDER - BOULDER COUNTY

FLOOD HAZARD AREA DELINEATION
 CITY OF BOULDER
 and
 ADJACENT COUNTY DRAINAGEWAYS

BLUEBELL CANYON CREEK
KINGS GULCH
SKUNK CREEK

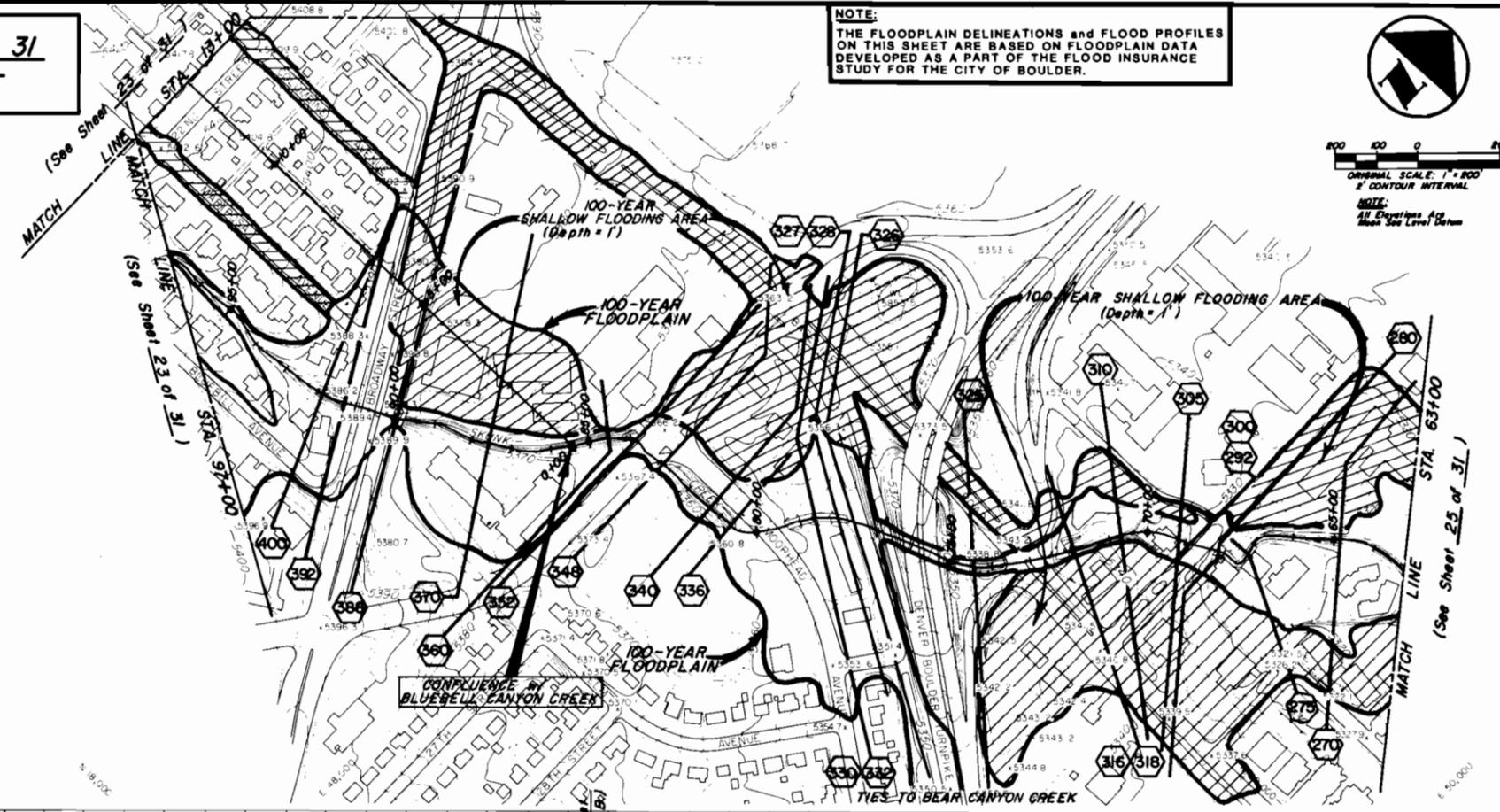
JOB NO. **0680-FHD-415**
 SHEET **23**
 OF **31**

See Sheet 31 of 31
FOR PROFILE

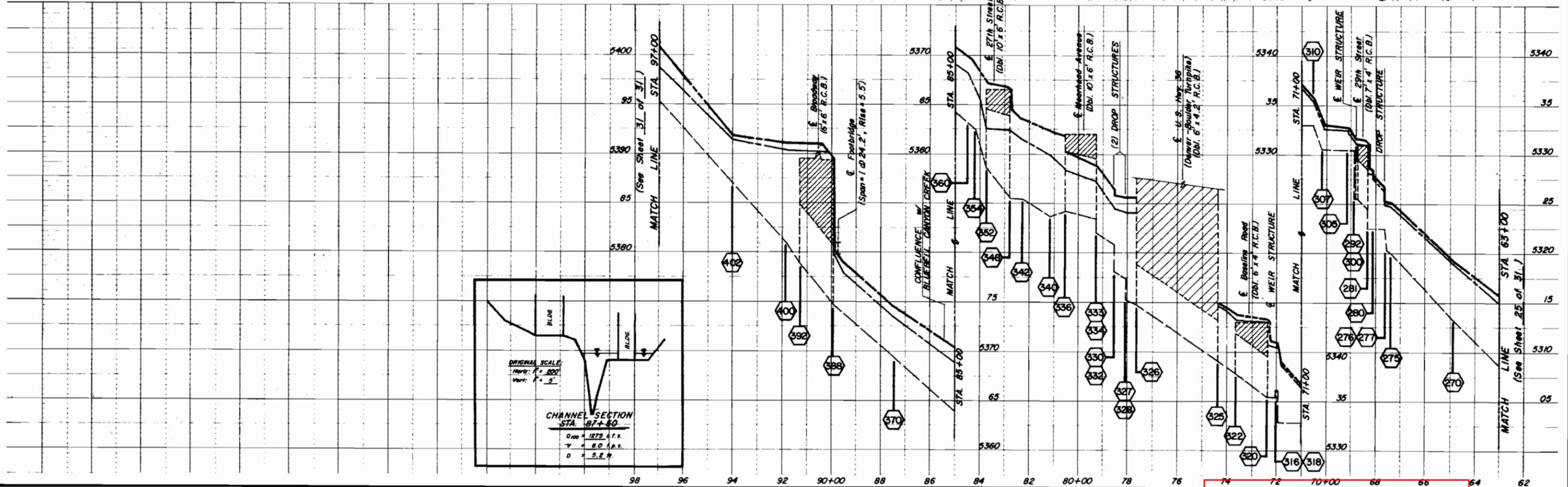
NOTE:
THE FLOODPLAIN DELINEATIONS AND FLOOD PROFILES ON THIS SHEET ARE BASED ON FLOODPLAIN DATA DEVELOPED AS A PART OF THE FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY FOR THE CITY OF BOULDER.



NOTE:
All Elevations Are Mean Sea Level Unless Stated



N 17.44 1511
E 46.424 8011
Elev. 5,480.52 ft. HV 12B



GREENHORNE and O'MARA, INC.
Engineers - Architects - Planners - Surveyors - Photogrammetrists
4525 South Colorado Boulevard - Suite 405 - Denver, Colorado 80222 - (303) 756-5250

Ground Control Survey By: **MSM CONSULTANTS, INC.**
Aerial Photography By: **GENGE AERIAL SURVEYS**
Topographic Mapping By: **GENGE AERIAL SURVEYS**
Contour Interval: 2' Date From: **OCTOBER 10, 1981**

Designed By: _____ Date: _____
Drawn By: **QOS** Date: **4/84**
Checked By: **RL** Date: **4/84**
Revised By: _____ Date: _____

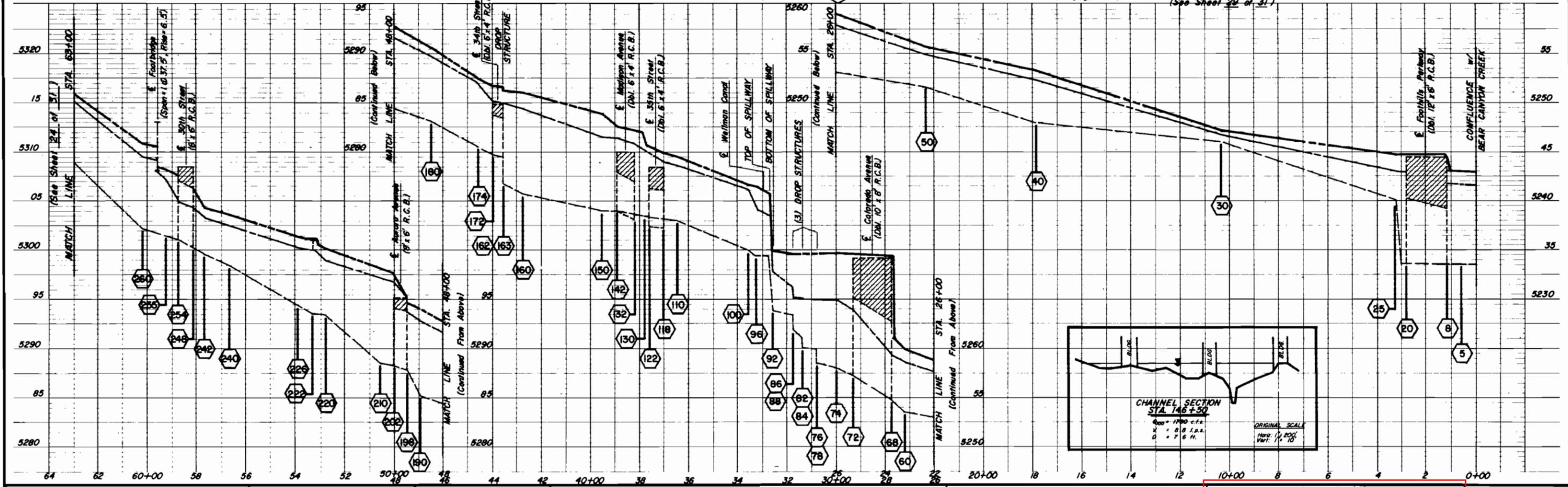
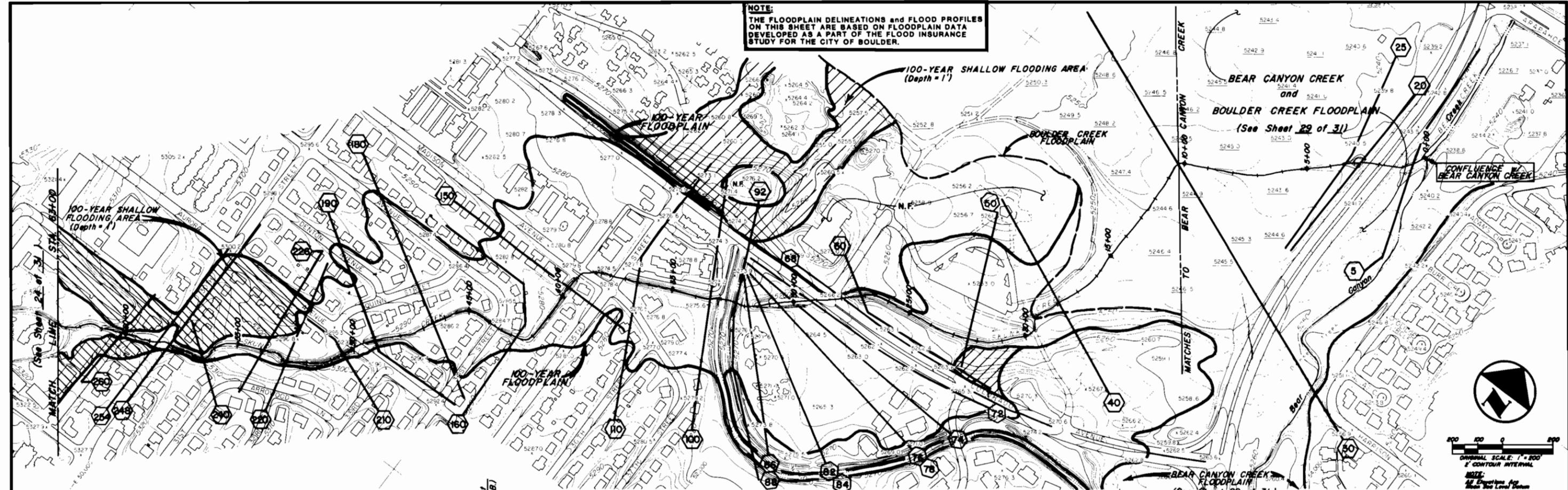
URBAN DRAINAGE AND FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
CITY OF BOULDER - BOULDER COUNTY

FLOOD HAZARD AREA DELINEATION
CITY OF BOULDER
and
ADJACENT COUNTY DRAINAGEWAYS

SKUNK CREEK
(STA. 63+00 TO STA. 97+00)

JOB NO. **0680-FHD-415**
SHEET **24**
OF **31**

NOTE:
 THE FLOODPLAIN DELINEATIONS AND FLOOD PROFILES ON THIS SHEET ARE BASED ON FLOODPLAIN DATA DEVELOPED AS A PART OF THE FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY FOR THE CITY OF BOULDER.



GREENHORNE and O'MARA, INC.
 Engineers - Architects - Planners - Surveyors - Photogrammetrists
 4325 South Colorado Boulevard - Suite 405 - Denver, Colorado 80222 - (303) 758-5250

Ground Control Survey By: **MSM CONSULTANTS, INC.**
 Aerial Photography By: **GENGE AERIAL SURVEYS**
 Topographic Mapping By: **GENGE AERIAL SURVEYS**
 Contour Interval: 2' Date Flown: **OCTOBER 10, 1981**

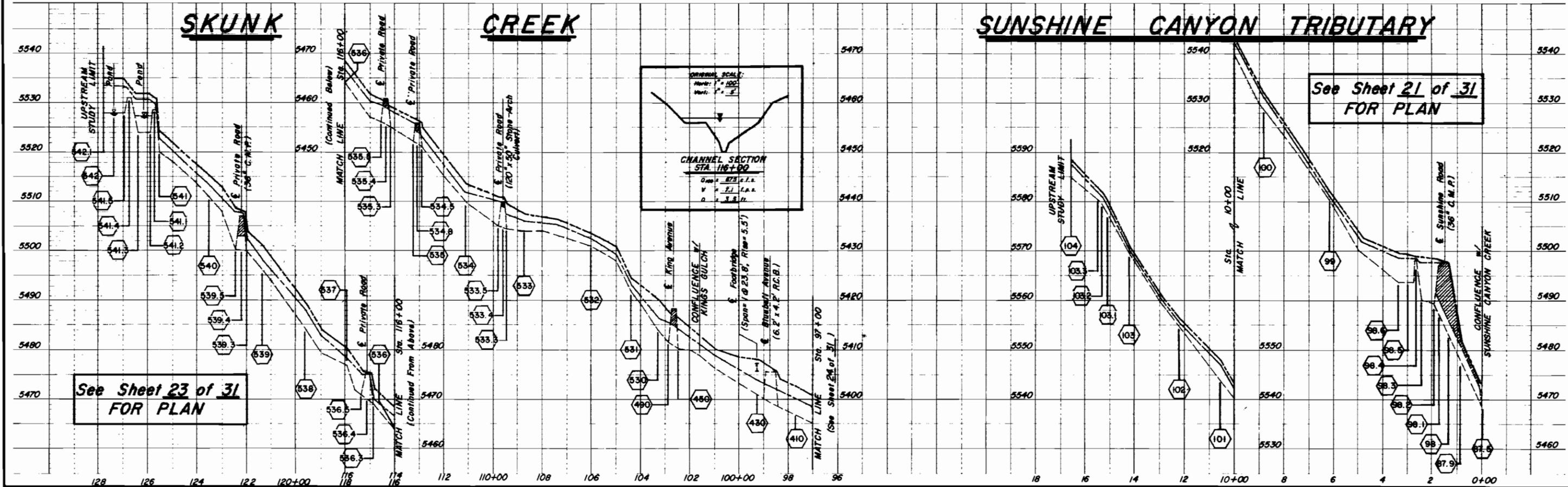
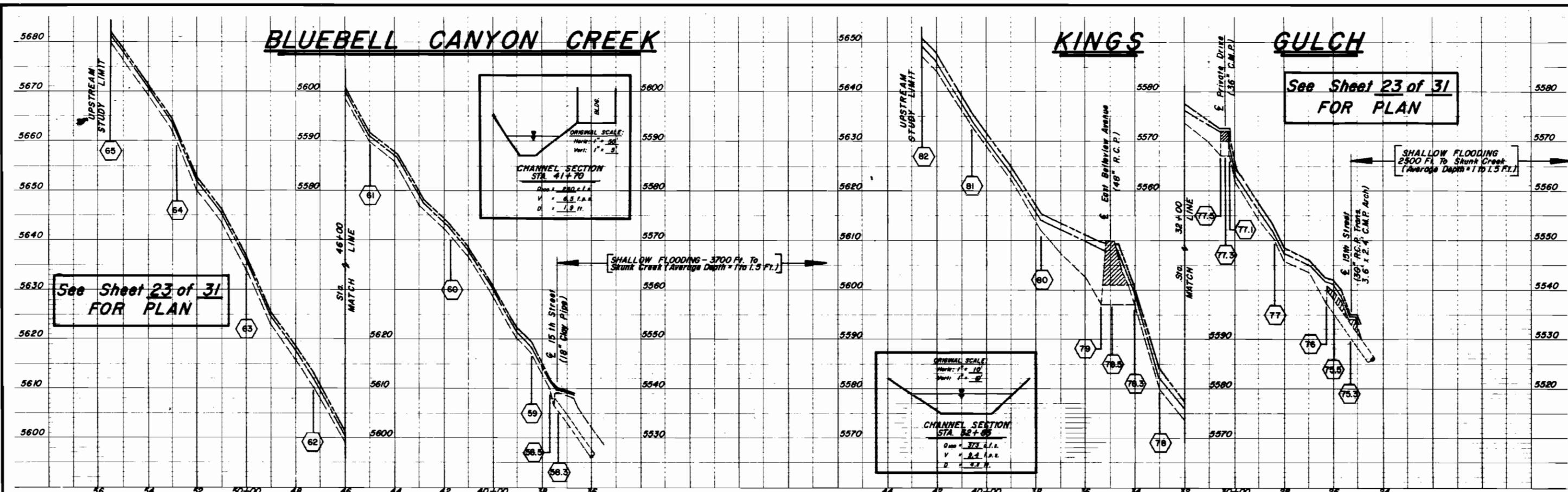
Designed By: _____ Date: _____
 Drawn By: **LLS** Date: **1/81**
 Checked By: **LLS** Date: **1/81**
 Revised By: _____ Date: _____

URBAN DRAINAGE AND FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
CITY OF BOULDER - BOULDER COUNTY

FLOOD HAZARD AREA DELINEATION
CITY OF BOULDER
and
ADJACENT COUNTY DRAINAGEWAYS

SKUNK CREEK
 (STA. 0+00 TO STA. 63+00)

JOB NO. **0680-FHD-415**
 SHEET **25** OF **31**



GREENE and O'MARA, INC.
 Engineers - Architects - Planners - Surveyors - Photogrammetrists
 6225 South Colorado Boulevard - Suite 405 - Denver, Colorado 80222 - (303) 758-5290

Ground Control Survey By: **MSM CONSULTANTS, INC.**
 Aerial Photography By: **GENGE AERIAL SURVEYS**
 Topographic Mapping By: **GENGE AERIAL SURVEYS**
 Contour Interval: 2' Date Plotted: OCTOBER 10, 1981

Designed By: **NRP** Date: 6/84
 Drawn By: **DDJ** Date: 9/84
 Checked By: **RLL** Date: 9/84
 Revised By: _____ Date: _____

URBAN DRAINAGE AND FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
 CITY OF BOULDER - BOULDER COUNTY

FLOOD HAZARD AREA DELINEATION
 CITY OF BOULDER
 ADJACENT COUNTY DRAINAGEWAYS

**BLUEBELL CANYON CREEK
 KINGS GULCH · SKUNK CREEK
 SUNSHINE CANYON TRIBUTARY**

JOB NO. 0680-FHD-415
 SHEET 31 OF 31

FLOODING SOURCE				FLOODPLAIN DATA			FLOODWAY DATA			
IDENTIFICATION	CROSS-SECTION	STATION	100-YR. DISCHARGE (c. f. s.)	STREAM BED ELEVATION (m. s. l.)	100-YR. FLOOD ELEVATION (m. s. l.)	100-YR.	FLOODWAY WIDTH (1)			FLOODWAY ELEVATION (m. s. l.)
						WIDTH (Feet)	LEFT (Feet)	RIGHT (Feet)	TOTAL (Feet)	
CONFLUENCE WITH BEAR CANYON CREEK		0+00								
FOOTHILLS PARKWAY	5	0+60	2225	5233.6	5243.0	(2)	670	225	925	5243.0
	20	2+80	2225	5233.6	5244.8	(2)	675	460	1135	5244.8
	25	3+20	2225	5240.0	5244.8	(2)	675	425	1100	5244.8
	30	10+30	2225	5246.0	5247.6	(2)	300	565	865	5247.2
	40	17+80	2225	5248.0	5253.0	420	135	135	270	5253.3
	50	22+30	2225	5251.5	5255.8	660	350	25	375	5255.7
	60	27+20	2225	5253.5	5259.9	630	25	30	55	5259.9
COLORADO AVENUE		28+50								
BOTTOM OF SPILLWAY	92	32+60	2225	5263.8	5269.9	530	15	25	40	5269.2
WELLMAN CANAL		33+00								
	100	33+60	2225	5270.0	5276.6	605	325	220	545	5276.6
	110	36+50	2225	5273.0	5279.5	685	325	220	545	5279.5
35th STREET		37+30								
MADISON AVENUE		38+55								
	150	39+50	2225	5274.0	5283.9	560	210	185	395	5283.9
	160	42+70	1875	5275.7	5286.0	535	290	15	305	5286.2
34th STREET		43+75								

NOTES:

- (1) FLOODWAY WIDTHS MEASURED LOOKING DOWNSTREAM.
- (2) INFLUENCED BY FLOODING FROM BOULDER AND BEAR CREEKS. REFER TO MAP SHEET.

FLOODING SOURCE				FLOODPLAIN DATA			FLOODWAY DATA			
IDENTIFICATION	CROSS-SECTION	STATION	100-YR. DISCHARGE (c.f.s.)	STREAM BED ELEVATION (m.s.l.)	100-YR. FLOOD ELEVATION (m.s.l.)	100-YR.	FLOODWAY WIDTH (1)			FLOODWAY ELEVATION (m.s.l.)
						WIDTH (Feet)	LEFT (Feet)	RIGHT (Feet)	TOTAL (Feet)	
AURORA AVENUE	180	46+50	1780	5283.2	5290.7	820	200	250	450	5290.8
	190	48+90	1780	5285.2	5294.1	735	215	365	580	5294.2
		49+75								
	210	50+60	1780	5288.6	5297.9	675	140	20	160	5297.9
	220	52+80	1690	5293.5	5300.2	310	140	15	155	5300.2
	226	53+90	1690	5294.5	5301.3	380	120	30	150	5301.3
	240	56+70	1690	5298.5	5303.6	285	270	15	285	5303.6
30th STREET	248	58+10	1690	5300.3	5306.9	490	200	15	215	5307.0
		58+40								
	260	60+20	899	5302.2	5310.8	260	35	15	50	5310.8
29th STREET	270	64+90	819	5313.3	5320.5	775	25	50	75	5320.5
	280	68+10	819	5322.5	5329.9	610	75	20	95	5329.9
		68+50								
WEIR		68+80								
	305	69+20	744	5330.5	5332.7	595	90	60	150	5332.7
WEIR	310	70+50	744	5333.0	5335.6	680	35	60	95	5335.7
	316	72+00	744	5333.0	5340.8	540	85	20	105	5340.8
	318	72+00	744	5336.0	5340.8	540	85	20	105	5340.8

NOTES:

- (1) FLOODWAY WIDTHS MEASURED LOOKING DOWNSTREAM.
- (2) INFLUENCED BY FLOODING FROM BOULDER AND BEAR CREEKS. REFER TO MAP SHEET.

FLOODING SOURCE				FLOODPLAIN DATA			FLOODWAY DATA			
IDENTIFICATION	CROSS-SECTION	STATION	100-YR. DISCHARGE (c. f. s.)	STREAM BED ELEVATION (m. s. l.)	100-YR. FLOOD ELEVATION (m. s. l.)	100-YR. WIDTH (Feet)	FLOODWAY WIDTH (1)			FLOODWAY ELEVATION (m. s. l.)
							LEFT (Feet)	RIGHT (Feet)	TOTAL (Feet)	
BASELINE ROAD		73+10								
	325	74+10	674	5339.2	5345.0	570	20	75	95	5345.0
U.S. HIGHWAY 36		76+05								
DROP STRUCTURE	330	78+50	1350	5348.0	5357.9	1010	35	395	430	5357.9
DROP STRUCTURE	332	78+50	1350	5350.8	5357.6	1010	35	395	430	5357.6
MOORHEAD AVENUE		79+95								
	340	81+20	1350	5353.7	5362.6	655	40	45	85	5362.6
	348	82+80	1350	5355.5	5364.4	570	55	25	80	5364.4
27th STREET		83+80								
	360	84+50	1275	5363.3	5369.6	410	20	170	190	5369.7
CONFLUENCE WITH BLUEBELL CANYON CREEK		85+40								
	370	87+50	1275	5369.5	5374.7	630	20	265	285	5374.7
	388	89+90	1275	5374.3	5380.2	850	265	20	285	5380.2
BROADWAY		90+60								
	400	91+80	1275	5381.0	5391.1	580	205	225	430	5391.1
	410	97+80	675	5397.3	5402.9	535	15	25	40	5402.9
	430	99+25	675	5399.3	5408.2	360	30	30	60	5408.2
KING AVENUE	450	102+40	675	5410.5	5416.6	30	15	15	30	5416.6

NOTES:

- (1) FLOODWAY WIDTHS MEASURED LOOKING DOWNSTREAM.
- (2) INFLUENCED BY FLOODING FROM BOULDER AND BEAR CREEKS. REFER TO MAP SHEET.

FLOODING SOURCE				FLOODPLAIN DATA			FLOODWAY DATA			
IDENTIFICATION	CROSS-SECTION	STATION	100-YR. DISCHARGE (c.f.s.)	STREAM BED ELEVATION (m.s.l.)	100-YR. FLOOD ELEVATION (m.s.l.)	100-YR.	FLOODWAY WIDTH (1)			FLOODWAY ELEVATION (m.s.l.)
						WIDTH (Feet)	LEFT (Feet)	RIGHT (Feet)	TOTAL (Feet)	
	490	102+80	675	5411.5	5419.0	50	20	30	50	5418.0
	530	103+20	675	5414.0	5420.3	65	20	45	65	5420.3
	531	104+35	675	5422.0	5424.6	25	10	15	25	5424.6
	532	106+05	675	5431.0	5433.5	215	45	55	100	5433.5
	533	108+75	675	5433.7	5437.3	80	20	30	50	5437.3
	533.3	109+40	675	5434.5	5439.3	100	45	50	95	5439.3
	533.5	109+80	675	5435.0	5441.2	70	35	35	70	5441.2
	534	111+20	675	5440.0	5443.4	40	20	20	40	5443.4
CEMETERY ROAD 2	534.5	113+00	675	5451.0	5454.7	215	165	50	215	5454.7
	535	113+25	675	5451.0	5456.9	185	140	45	185	5456.9
CEMETERY ROAD 3	535.3	114+10	675	5455.0	5459.0	145	130	15	145	5459.0
	535.5	114+45	675	5455.5	5460.8	160	140	20	160	5460.8
	536	116+00	675	5465.0	5468.5	175	100	75	175	5468.5
CEMETERY ROAD 4	536.3	116+90	675	5469.0	5472.4	215	150	65	215	5472.4
	536.5	117+35	675	5471.0	5475.9	220	165	55	220	5475.9
	537	117+95	675	5477.0	5480.3	230	165	65	230	5480.3
	538	119+65	675	5485.0	5489.5	115	20	15	35	5489.5
	539	121+35	675	5496.0	5501.5	225	20	10	30	5500.7

NOTES:

- (1) FLOODWAY WIDTHS MEASURED LOOKING DOWNSTREAM.
- (2) INFLUENCED BY FLOODING FROM BOULDER AND BEAR CREEKS. REFER TO MAP SHEET.

FLOODING SOURCE				FLOODPLAIN DATA			FLOODWAY DATA			
IDENTIFICATION	CROSS-SECTION	STATION	100-YR. DISCHARGE (c. f. s.)	STREAM BED ELEVATION (m. s. l.)	100-YR. FLOOD ELEVATION (m. s. l.)	100-YR. WIDTH (Feet)	FLOODWAY WIDTH (1)			FLOODWAY ELEVATION (m. s. l.)
							LEFT (Feet)	RIGHT (Feet)	TOTAL (Feet)	
	539.3	112+00	675	5500.0	5504.0	130	15	20	35	5504.3
	539.5	122+52	675	5500.0	5508.5	75	25	20	45	5508.5
	540	123+50	675	5511.0	5515.1	50	30	20	50	5515.1
	541	125+45	675	5520.0	5524.1	40	20	20	40	5524.1
	541.1	125+65	675	5528.5	5530.9	70	30	40	70	5530.9
	541.2	125+85	675	5524.0	5531.7	85	35	50	85	5531.7
	541.3	126+40	675	5524.0	5531.7	80	35	45	80	5531.7
	541.4	126+75	675	5531.0	5533.6	70	35	35	70	5533.6
	541.5	126+90	675	5528.0	5534.6	70	35	35	70	5534.6
	542	127+25	675	5531.0	5534.7	75	30	45	75	5534.7

NOTES:

- (1) FLOODWAY WIDTHS MEASURED LOOKING DOWNSTREAM.
- (2) INFLUENCED BY FLOODING FROM BOULDER AND BEAR CREEKS. REFER TO MAP SHEET.

FLOODING SOURCE				FLOODPLAIN DATA			FLOODWAY DATA			
IDENTIFICATION	CROSS-SECTION	STATION	100-YR. DISCHARGE (c.f.s.)	STREAM BED ELEVATION (m.s.l.)	100-YR. FLOOD ELEVATION (m.s.l.)	100-YR. WIDTH (Feet)	FLOODWAY WIDTH (1)			FLOODWAY ELEVATION (m.s.l.)
							LEFT (Feet)	RIGHT (Feet)	TOTAL (Feet)	
15th STREET	58.3	37+00	269	5539.0	5540.1	165	35	130	165	5540.5
	58.5	37+60	280	5540.0	5541.7	145	75	70	145	5541.7
	59.0	38+50	280	5547.0	5549.0	75	55	20	75	5549.1
	60.0	41+75	280	5571.0	5572.9	35	20	15	35	5572.9
	61.0	44+90	280	5590.0	5591.7	40	25	15	40	5591.8
	62.0	47+30	280	2610.0	2612.9	30	15	15	30	5612.9
	63.0	50+10	280	5634.0	5636.0	35	15	20	35	5636.0
	64.0	52+80	280	5660.0	5662.2	40	25	15	40	5662.2
65.0	55+50	280	5680.0	5682.0	40	15	25	40	5682.0	

NOTES:

(1) FLOODWAY WIDTHS MEASURED LOOKING DOWNSTREAM.

FLOODING SOURCE				FLOODPLAIN DATA			FLOODWAY DATA			
IDENTIFICATION	CROSS-SECTION	STATION	100-YR. DISCHARGE (c.f.s.)	STREAM BED ELEVATION (m.s.l.)	100-YR. FLOOD ELEVATION (m.s.l.)	100-YR. WIDTH (Feet)	FLOODWAY WIDTH (1)			FLOODWAY ELEVATION (m.s.l.)
							LEFT (Feet)	RIGHT (Feet)	TOTAL (Feet)	
15th STREET	75.3	25+30	339	5533.9	5534.7	270	125	12	137	5535.2
	75.5	26+00	339	5540.0	5541.9	270	40	25	65	5541.9
	76.0	26+30	373	5538.0	5542.5	265	40	15	55	5542.5
	77.0	28+50	373	5550.0	5552.6	100	10	10	20	5552.6
	77.1	30+20	373	5567.0	5569.9	75	14	10	24	5569.9
	77.5	30+60	373	5566.8	5573.1	105	45	25	70	5574.0
	78.0	32+90	373	5580.0	5584.1	110	12	12	24	5584.1
BELLEVUE AVENUE	78.3	34+05	373	5597.0	5600.9	160	10	12	22	5600.9
	78.5	34+90	373	5597.5	5609.6	115	15	43	58	5609.7
	79.0	35+25	373	5598.0	5609.9	60	30	20	50	5610.0
	80.0	37+70	373	5612.0	5615.7	25	10	10	20	5615.7
	81.0	40+55	373	5633.0	5635.9	40	12	14	26	5636.0
U/S STUDY LIMIT	82.0	42+50	373	5647.0	5650.8	30	6	15	21	5651.1

NOTES:

(1) FLOODWAY WIDTHS MEASURED LOOKING DOWNSTREAM.

FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY

VOLUME 1 OF 4



BOULDER COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED AREAS

<i>Community Name</i>	<i>Community Number</i>
BOULDER, CITY OF	080024
BOULDER COUNTY (UNINCORPORATED AREAS)	080023
ERIE, TOWN OF	080181
JAMESTOWN, TOWN OF	080216
LAFAYETTE, CITY OF	080026
LONGMONT, CITY OF	080027
LOUISVILLE, CITY OF	085076
LYONS, TOWN OF	080029
NEDERLAND, TOWN OF	080255
SUPERIOR, TOWN OF	080203
*WARD, TOWN OF	080292

Boulder County



* No Special Flood Hazard Areas Identified

Revised: December 18, 2012



Federal Emergency Management Agency

FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY NUMBER
08013CV001B

Table 4 – Summary of Discharges (Continued)

<u>Flooding Source and Location</u>	<u>Drainage Area (Square Miles)</u>	Peak Discharges (cfs)			
		<u>10-Percent Annual Chance</u>	<u>2-Percent Annual Chance</u>	<u>1-Percent Annual Chance</u>	<u>0.2-Percent Annual Chance</u>
Prince Tributary ¹					
Just Downstream of Confluence with Bullhead Gulch	8.16	-- ²	-- ²	4,772	-- ²
Just Upstream of Confluence with Bullhead Gulch	2.55	-- ²	-- ²	2,130	-- ²
At Upstream Limit of Detailed Study	0.58	-- ²	-- ²	423	-- ²
Rock Creek					
At Confluence with Coal Creek	21.6	2,870	5,350	6,690	10,240
Rock Creek (continued)					
At 2,400 feet Upstream of Confluence with Coal Creek	21.5	2,900	5,400	6,710	10,270
At South 120th Street	21.3	2,910	5,410	6,740	10,310
At 16,450 feet Upstream of Confluence with Coal Creek	18.7	2,900	5,360	6,640	10,050
At Denver-Boulder Turnpike	9.3	1,256	3,229	4,520	9,176
At McCaslin Boulevard	4.9	594	1,800	2,717	7,000
At Upstream Limit of Detailed Study	4.1	504	1,587	2,396	6,182
St. Vrain Creek					
At Boulder-Weld County Line	351.0	5,520	10,950	14,850	28,670
At 85 th Street	241.0	3,160	6,890	9,580	19,680
Just Downstream of the Confluence of North St. Vrain Creek and South St. Vrain Creek	211.0	2,040	6,670	8,880	20,260
St. Vrain Creek (Vicinity of Lyons)					
At Second Avenue	219.0	2,040	5,570	8,880	20,260
Skunk Creek					
At Confluence with Bear Canyon Creek	2.83	980	1,830	2,230	3,500
At Madison Avenue	2.43	920	1,580	1,870	2,650
At U.S. Highway 36	2.08	650	1,130	1,350	1,900
At Broadway	1.36	210	520	710	1,320

¹ Separate Data for East and West Branches Not Available

² Data Not Available

Table 4 – Summary of Discharges (Continued)

<u>Flooding Source and Location</u>	<u>Drainage Area (Square Miles)</u>	Peak Discharges (cfs)			
		<u>10-Percent Annual Chance</u>	<u>2-Percent Annual Chance</u>	<u>1-Percent Annual Chance</u>	<u>0.2-Percent Annual Chance</u>
Skunk Creek (continued) At Upstream Limit of Detailed Study	1.20	180	460	640	1,200
South Boulder Creek Near Eldorado Springs	-- ¹	1,310	2,640	4,340	7,400
At State Highway 93	-- ¹	1,450	3,270	6,200	9,950
At US Highway 36	-- ¹	1,300	3,530	7,240	11,640
At Baseline Road	-- ¹	1,390	3,050	5,610	9,210
At Confluence with Boulder Creek	-- ¹	1,570	3,180	4,980	7,750
Spring Gulch At Confluence with St. Vrain Creek	-- ¹	1,950	3,150	3,650	4,200
Steele Lakes Tributary At 75th Street	-- ¹	494	1,165	1,512	2,428
Twomile Canyon Creek At Confluence with Goose Creek	2.9	360	840	1,120	2,000
At Broadway	1.68	210	675	890	1,800
At Upstream Limit of Detailed Study	1.40	210	540	710	1,430
Wonderland Creek ² At Confluence with North Goose Creek	1.91	607	1,419	2,107	4,620
At 28th Street	1.35	404	1,032	1,484	3,799
At Broadway	0.85	205	415	531	1,600
At Upstream Limit of Detailed Study	0.38	92	192	253	860

¹ Data Not Available

² Includes Flow Diversions From Fourmile Canyon Creek

<u>Stream/Reach</u>	<u>Average Conversion</u>	<u>Beginning Station</u>	<u>End Station</u>
	4.3	Just Downstream of Lefthand Canyon Dr & Sawmill Rd	Just Downstream of Lick Skillet Gulch
	3.8	Just Downstream of Lick Skillet Gulch	Just Downstream of James Creek
	3.4	Just Downstream of James Creek	At Confluence w/ St. Vrain Creek
Lefthand Creek North Overflow Channel	3.2		Entire Reach
Lefthand Creek South Overflow Channel	3.2		Entire Reach
Little James Creek	4.1		Entire Reach
Little Thompson River	3.3		Entire Reach
Middle Boulder Creek	4.5		Entire Reach
Middle St. Vrain Creek	4.6	Uppermost Point of Reach	Approx. 33,000' Upstream of Confluence South St. Vrain Creek
	4.2	Approx. 33,000' Upstream of Confluence South St. Vrain Creek	Confluence w/ South St. Vrain Creek
North Beaver Creek	4.5		Entire Reach
North Goose Creek	3.2		Entire Reach
North St. Vrain Creek	3.5		Entire Reach
Prince Tributary, East Branch	3.1		Entire Reach
Prince Tributary, West Branch	3.1		Entire Reach
Rock Creek	3.2		Entire Reach
St. Vrain Creek	3.2		Entire Reach
St. Vrain Creek (Vicinity of Lyons)	3.3		Entire Reach
Skunk Creek	3.3		Entire Reach

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			1-PERCENT-ANNUAL-CHANCE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY (FEET NAVD)	WITH FLOODWAY (FEET NAVD)	INCREASE (FEET)
SKUNK CREEK								
A	1,020	103	304	6.6	5,247.1	5,247.1	5,247.1	0.0
B	2,020	126	375	5.9	5,254.9	5,254.9	5,254.9	0.0
C	2,721	148	593	3.8	5,259.8	5,259.8	5,260.2	0.4
D	3,637	100	759	2.9	5,273.1	5,273.1	5,273.3	0.2
E	3,913	218	497	4.5	5,279.9	5,279.9	5,280.7	0.8
F	4,218	310	783	2.8	5,282.8	5,282.8	5,283.7	0.9
G	4,518	190	455	4.9	5,287.2	5,287.2	5,287.4	0.2
H	4,848	287	1,025	1.8	5,289.3	5,289.3	5,289.8	0.5
I	5,223	196	538	3.3	5,294.0	5,294.0	5,295.0	1.0
J	5,468	190	318	5.6	5,297.4	5,297.4	5,297.8	0.5
K	5,618	150	326	5.5	5,301.2	5,301.2	5,301.2	0.0
L	6,233	670	541	3.1	5,306.9	5,306.9	5,307.3	0.4
M	6,588	43	456	3.5	5,319.3	5,319.3	5,319.6	0.3
N	7,058	65	178	8.6	5,323.8	5,323.8	5,323.8	0.0
O	7,633	52	150	9.6	5,340.2	5,340.2	5,340.2	0.0
P	7,978	37	133	5.1	5,347.8	5,347.8	5,348.0	0.2
Q	8,428	38	211	6.4	5,359.4	5,359.4	5,359.8	0.4
R	8,698	68	296	4.6	5,365.6	5,365.6	5,365.8	0.2
S	9,018	49	187	6.8	5,372.9	5,372.9	5,373.0	0.1
T	9,318	79	257	5.0	5,378.0	5,378.0	5,378.4	0.4
U	9,753	420	1,471	0.9	5,394.4	5,394.4	5,394.7	0.3
V	10,338	40	127	5.3	5,406.2	5,406.2	5,406.2	0.0
W	10,758	22	86	7.9	5,418.1	5,418.1	5,418.2	0.1

¹Feet above confluence with Bear Canyon Creek

TABLE 6

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

**BOULDER COUNTY, CO
AND INCORPORATED AREAS**

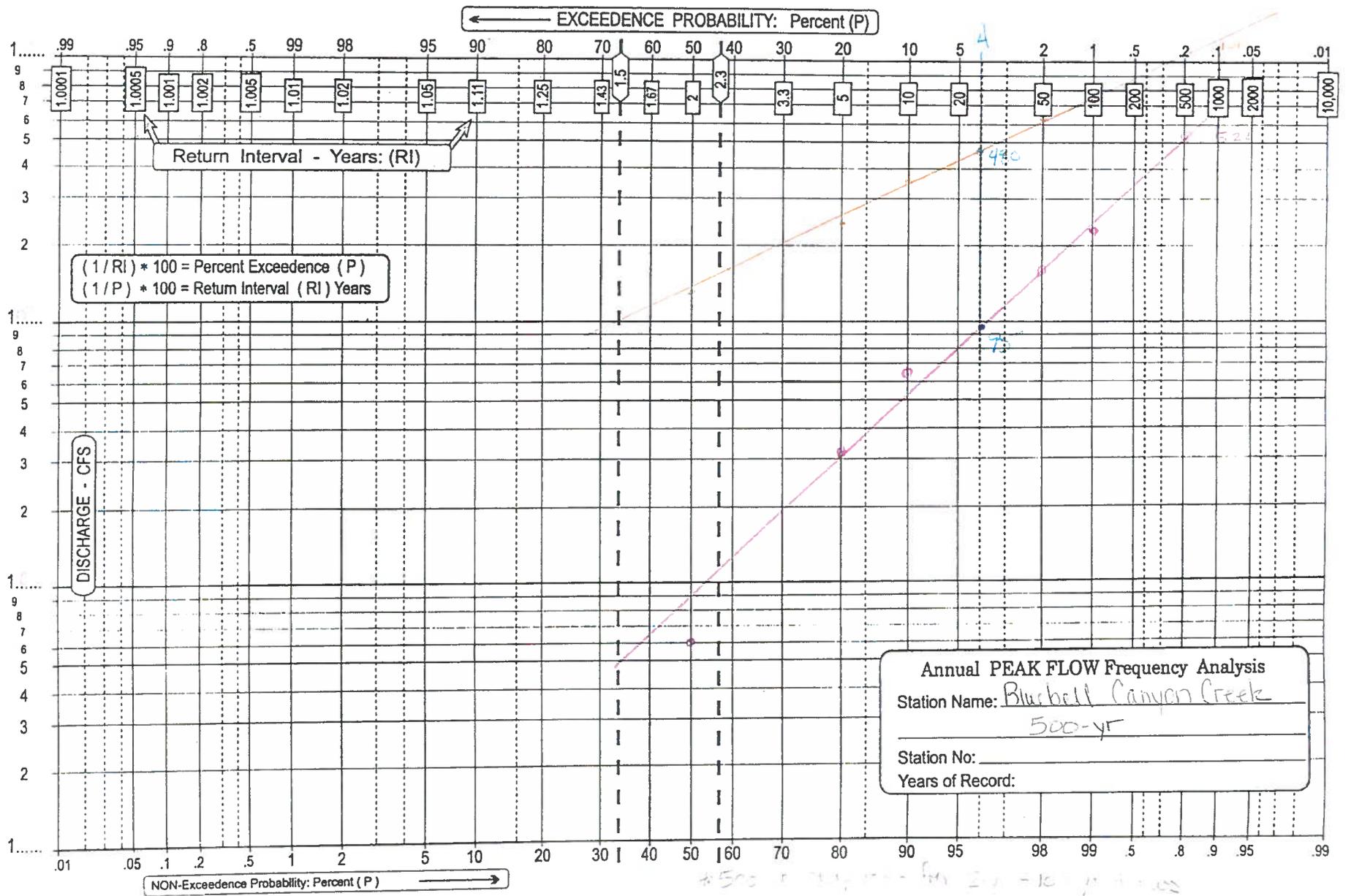
FLOODWAY DATA

SKUNK CREEK

25-yr (CF)

520

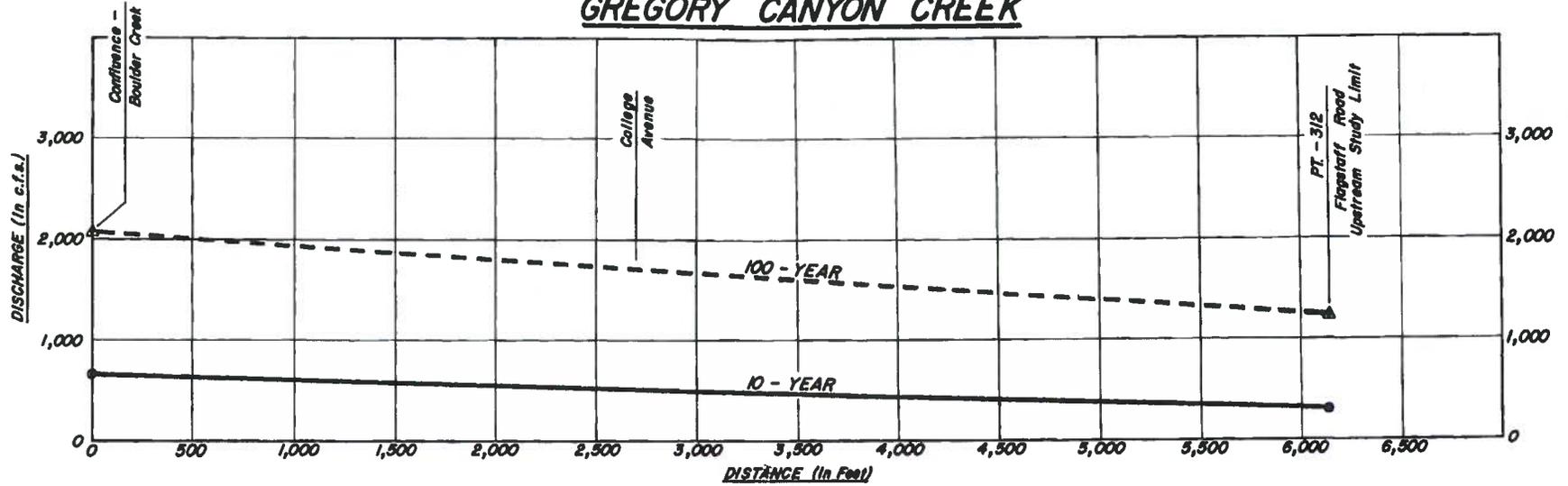
7.5
480



*500 yr RI, P = 0.002 = 100 / 500 = 0.2%

A Intermediate flows btw. Ds. Pts 211 & 212 defined using this figure.

GREGORY CANYON CREEK



BLUEBELL CANYON CREEK

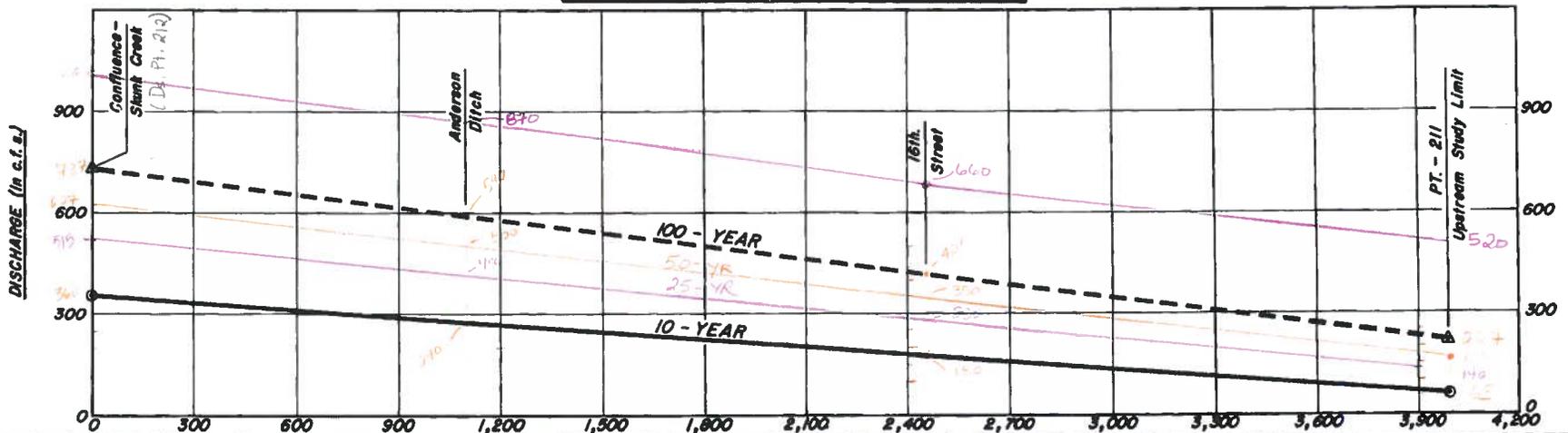
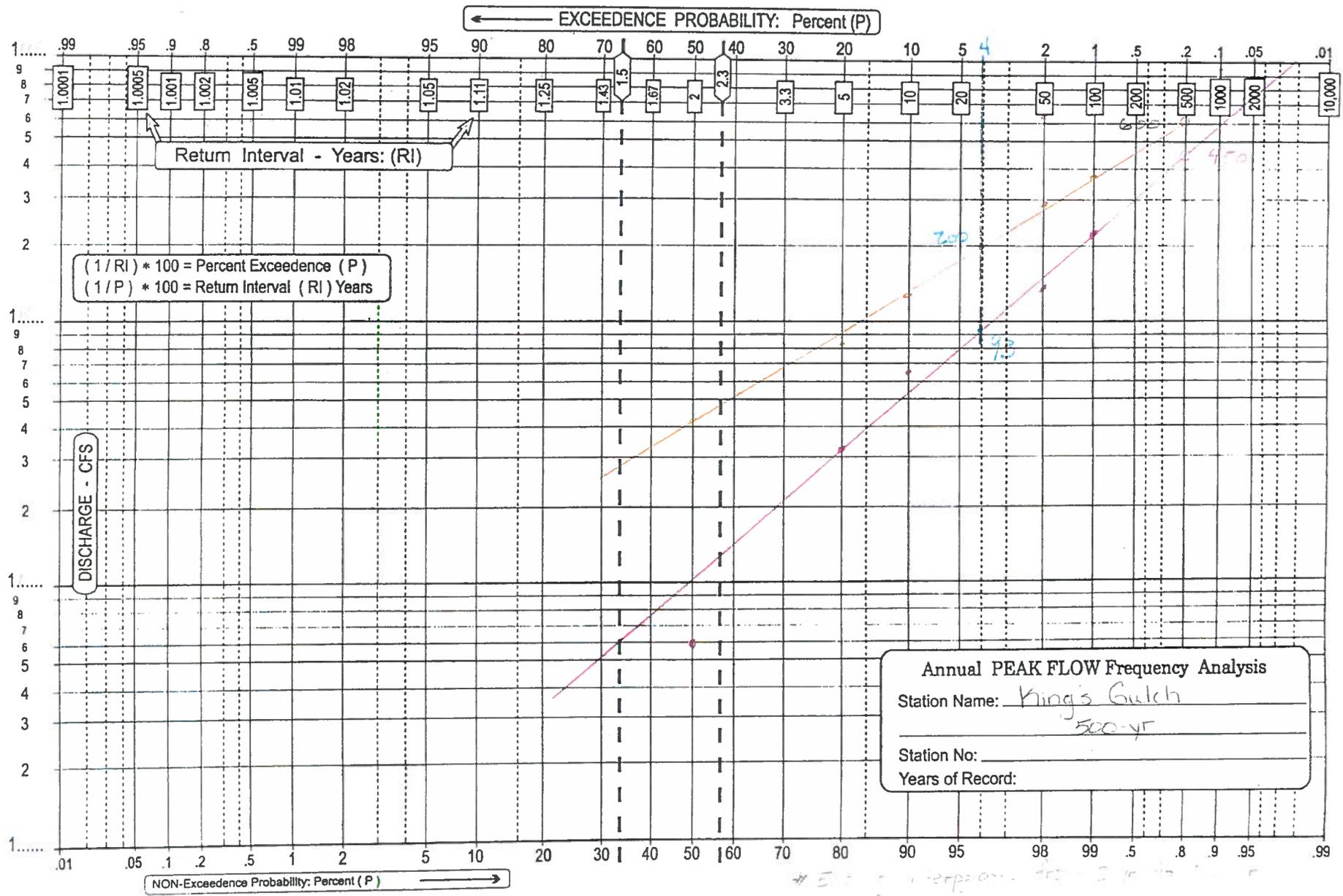


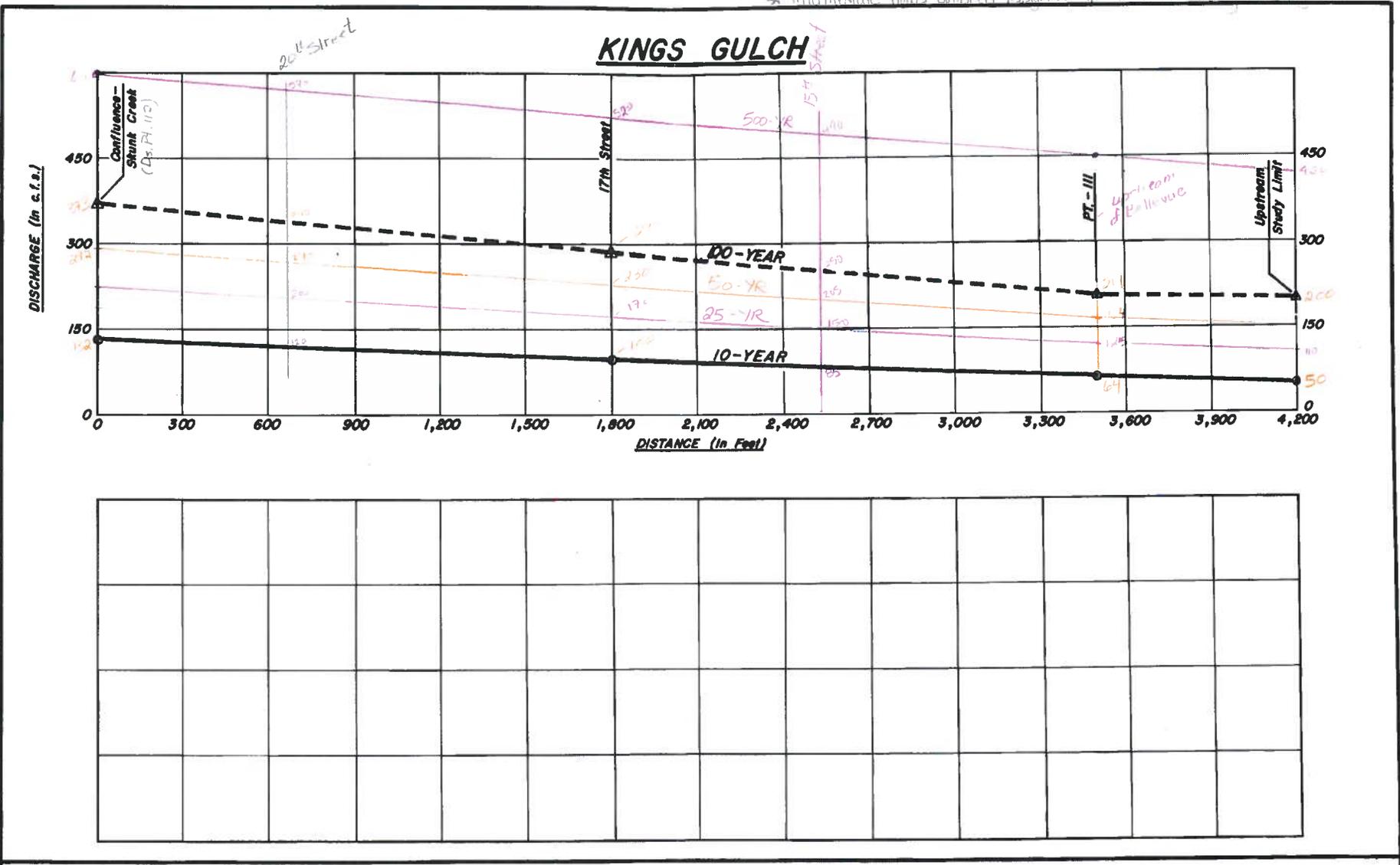
Figure 9

N = N: 50 yr
 111 450
 112 630
 25-yr (CFS)
 93
 200

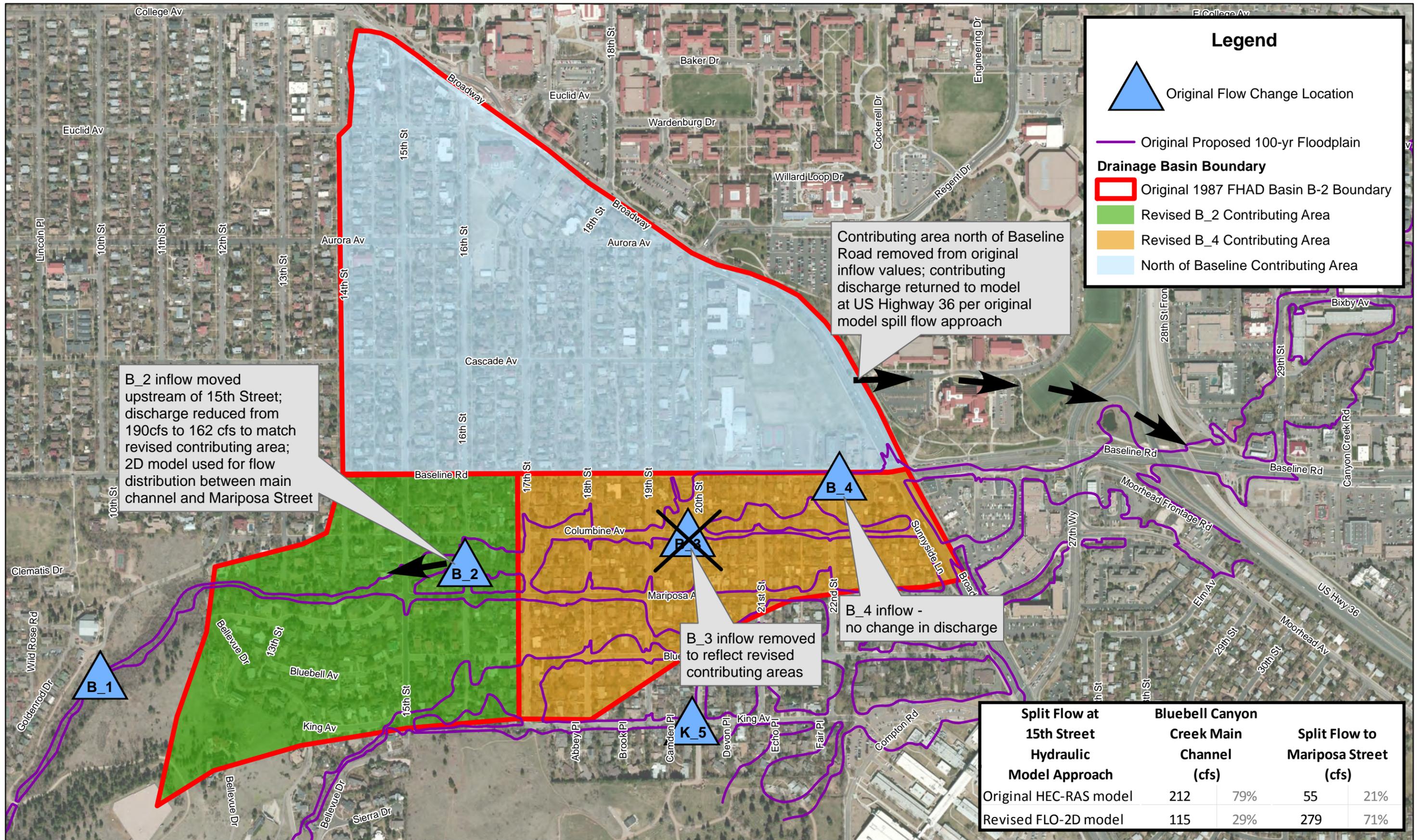


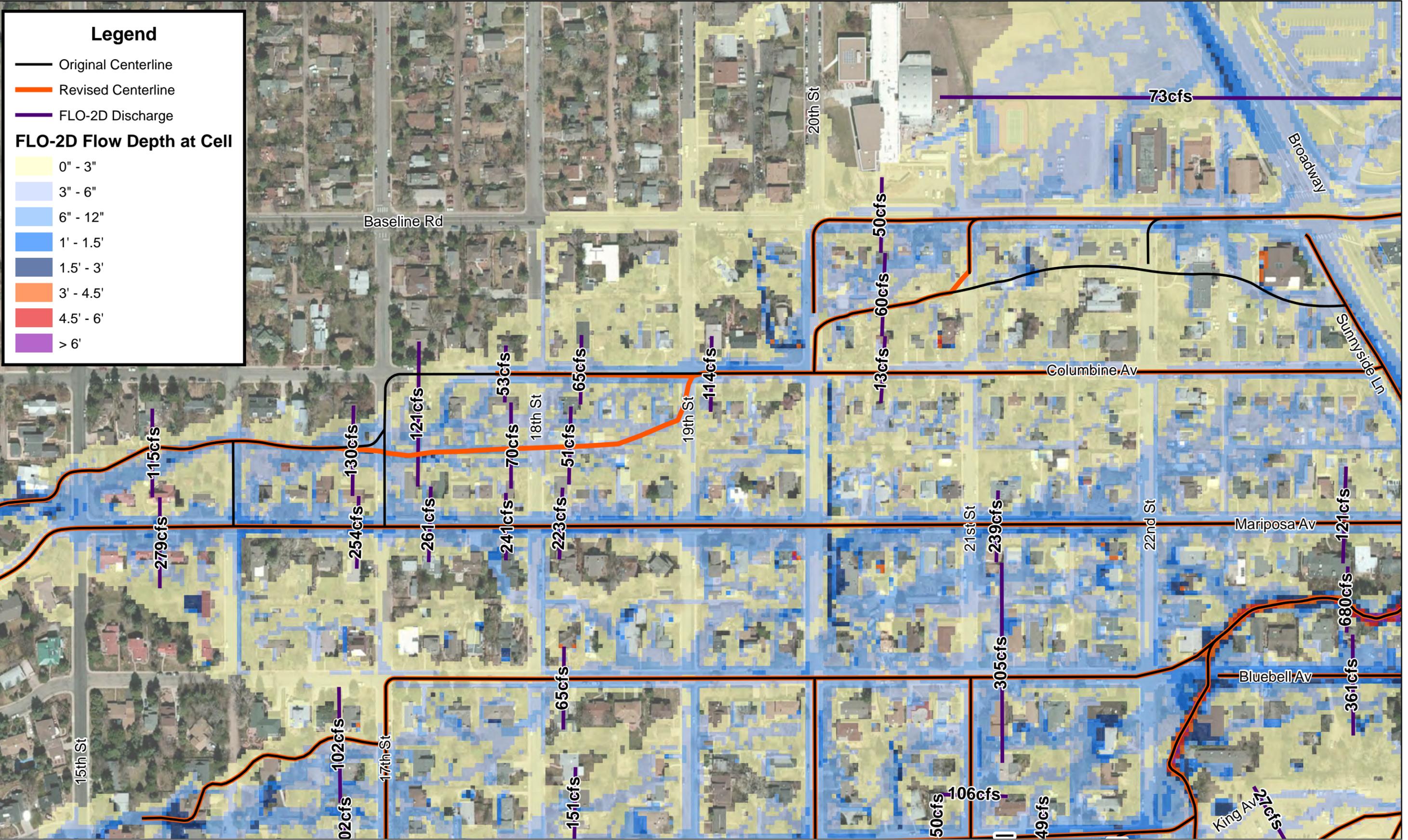
500-yr return interval...
 peak flow...

* Intermediate flows between Design Pt. III & II B defined using this figure



EMD Figure 11





Appendix 3 – Hydraulic Modeling



Christie Coleman, P.E., CFM
1739 Broadway
Boulder, CO 80306

REF: 10-002A – Bluebell Canyon Creek, King’s Gulch, and Skunk Creek Floodplain Restudy – Structure Blockage Assumptions

Dear Christie:

The floodplain restudy of Bluebell Canyon Creek, King’s Gulch, and Skunk Creek includes a total of 29 hydraulic structures. A site-specific methodology was used to assign blockage values to each structure. First, the regulatory blockages were researched to identify the historically regulated blockages. Seven of the structures included in the restudy were not included in the regulatory Flood Hazard Area Delineation (FHAD) study. Then, each structure was inspected in the field and photographed. The land use characteristics upstream of each structure were noted including the level of vegetation, urban uses, residential uses, and potential for erosion. This information was used to assign a unique blockage value to each structure based on the structure type and size, presence or absence of upstream debris sources, and presence or absence of upstream structures which may intercept debris flow.

Blockages will be modeled by lowering the low chord of box culverts or bridges and by decreasing the diameter of culvert pipes. Where low flow channels exist through a box culvert, the low flow channel will be blocked first and then the low chord will be lowered to achieve the prescribed blockage. Handrails and guardrails at each structure were inspected individually and a handrail/guardrail blockage from 50% to 100% was assigned to each.

A comparison table is attached which shows the regulatory and proposed restudy blockages with justification for modifications to the regulatory blockages. A photo inventory of each structure is also attached for your use in reviewing the proposed blockage values.

Please contact us with any questions or comments. We are excited to be progressing with this study.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Brianna L. Wallace".

Brianna Wallace, P.E., CFM

Bluebell Canyon Creek, King's Gulch, and Skunk Creek Floodplain Modeling
Structure Blockage Assumptions
September 14, 2010

Structure Location	FHAD Blockage (%)	Revised Model Blockage (%)	Railing/Guardrail Obstructed	Type of Railing	Structure Description/Comments	Justification for Modified Blockage
<i>BLUEBELL CANYON CREEK</i>						
Enchanted Mesa Trail	N/A	50	N/A		semi-circular stone and concrete culvert, span = 12.5', rise = 6.25'	
<i>KING'S GULCH</i>						
Bellevue Drive	50	50	N/A	Back of sidewalk = top of road = 5612.65	4' diameter RCP	
Private Drive at 260 and 1425 Bellevue	25	25	N/A	Top of headwall = 5575.85	4' diameter CMP	
15th Street and adjacent to 1498 King Avenue	25	100	Yes	Residential Fence.	2.5' diameter RCP which ties into storm sewer and discharges to gabion channel	Blockage increased because storm sewer system assumed full during 10-yr events and greater.
17th Street (outlet is located east of 22nd Street at Skunk Creek)	25	100	N/A	Top of headwall = 5496.35	2' diameter RCP with drop inlet	Pipe acts as storm sewer main and is assumed full during 10-yr events and greater.
<i>SKUNK CREEK</i>						
King	50	50	Yes (50%)	One longitudinal tubular metal bar with three tubular posts. Assumed railing obstructs 50% of length of headwall (4.5').	1 cell culvert 7'w x 3'H	
Private Drive - 322 22nd	40	40	Yes (~50%)	One longitudinal metal plate with vertical and diagonal posts. Assumed railing obstructs flow for width of 10' over main channel.	rise over channel invert 5.4'H; deck width = 31.35'W	
Private Drive - 2200 Bluebell	40	40	Yes (~50%)	One longitudinal post with 3-4 vertical posts. Assumed railing obstructs flow for width of 10' over main channel.	rise over channel invert 5.3'H; deck width = 23.6'W	
Bluebell	30	30	Yes (50%)	Two longitudinal tubular metal bars with three tubular posts. Assumed railing obstructs 50% of length of headwall (3.75').	1 cell culvert 6'w x 4.5'H	
Broadway	30	10	N/A	Metal railing on top of headwall with glass/plastic cover. Broadway is not overtopped, so there is no impact from railing blockage.	1 cell culvert 22'w x 8'H.	Possible debris blockage from moderate upstream channel vegetation, but the structure is wide relative to others on Skunk Creek and was designed to pass the 100-yr event with freeboard. (Per discussions with the City, this blockage is modified from the previous restudy of upper Skunk Creek which used 0%.)
Footbridge	30	N/A			Structure was removed with reconstruction of Broadway underpass.	
Low Water Trail crossing d/s of B-way	N/A	100	N/A		5'W x 2.2'H	Small opening could easily become plugged with debris.
Low Water Trail crossing u/s of 27th Way	N/A	100	N/A		12'W x 4'H RCBC. See as-builts pg. 70.	Small opening could easily become plugged with debris.
27th Way	0	10	Yes (100%)	Three longitudinal metal bars with multiple vertical posts. 27th Way is not overtopped so there is no impact from railing blockage.	1 cell culvert 20'w x 8'H.	Possible debris blockage from moderate u/s channel vegetation, but structure is wide relative to others on Skunk and was designed to pass the 100-yr event with freeboard. (Per discussions with the City, blockage is modified from previous restudy of upper Skunk Creek which used 0%.)
Moorhead Avenue	0	15	Yes (50%)	approximately every 4-ft. Assumed railing obstructs 50% of length of headwall (11.5').	2 cell culvert 10'w x 5.8'H	Possible debris blockage from channel vegetation and trees.
US 36/28 th St. On Ramp South of Baseline	N/A	15	Yes		1 cell culvert 14'W x 7.5'H; Blockage created by sump condition on outlet side of box. Actual modeled blockage resulting from sump condition = 34%.	Limited debris blockage possible from Skunk Creek main channel and upstream parking area.

US 36	0	30	N/A	This structure analyzed for capacity in separate model. Elevation given is top of riprap gabion wall elevation.	U/S 2 cell culvert 6'w x 4'H	north and south of the channel could contribute to debris blockage during a flood.
US 36/28 th St. On Ramp North of Baseline	N/A	5	Yes	Guardrail. Box is in sump condition. Actual blockage after accounting for sump is 56%.	1 cell culvert 14'w x 7.1'H	No significant sources of upstream debris.
Low Water Trail Crossing	N/A	75	N/A		1 cell culvert 14.7w x 3.4'; Unstable solution (profiles cross) when 100% blockage used.	Small opening could easily become plugged with debris, but opening is larger than low flow crossings at Broadway and 27th Way. Less debris sources because it's located immediately downstream of US36 culvert outlet.
Pedestrian Bridge	30	30	Yes	Timber railing, 2 longitudinal, 4 vertical, paneled fence over upstream wingwalls. Assumed railing obstructs 75% of length of headwall and wingwalls (32').	bridge opening 14.8'w x 3.7'H.	
29th	10	10	No	Assume no railing blockage, no separate railing for 29th Street box, pedestrian bridge railing serves 29th Street.	at this location would be captured by the pedestrian bridge located immediately	
30th Street	30	30	Yes	Tubular metal railing with 3 longitudinal bars and multiple vertical posts. Railing extends along wingwalls and stone retaining wall upstream. Assume railing above headwall is 100% blocked.	1 cell culvert 8'w x 6'H	
Arrowood Park Pedestrian Bridge	30	30	Yes (100%)	Wire mesh railing. Assume 100% blocked.	bridge opening ~32.95'W x 5.3'H(max)	
Aurora Avenue	10	20	Yes (100%)	8 longitudinal metal bars, multiple vertical metal bars. Assume railing above headwall and wingwalls is 100% obstructed.	1 cell culvert 8'w x 6'H	Dense vegetation, but upstream residential density is less than at 34th, Madison, and 35th Streets.
34th Street	20	20	Yes (50%)	2 longitudinal bars, 3 vertical bars. Assumed railing obstructs 50% of length of headwall (7').	2 cell culvert 6'w x 3.5'H	
Madison Avenue - East Cell	30	30	Yes (75%)	3 longitudinal bars, multiple horizontal bars. Assume railing obstructs		
Madison Avenue - West Cell	100	30	Yes (75%)	75% of length of headwall (14.2').	2 cell culvert 6'w x 4'H	West cell does not appear more obstructed than the east cell.
35th Street	50	30	Yes (50%)	2 longitudinal bars, 4 vertical bars. Assumed railing obstructs 50% of length of headwall (7.6').	2 cell culvert 6'w x 4'H	Stream channel appears mostly smooth with minimal debris accumulation.
Wellman Canal	N/A	100	N/A		2' diameter RCP	Backwater effects would submerge pipe outlet during 10-yr and greater storm events.
Colorado Avenue	0	5	Yes (50%)	2 longitudinal rails, 5 vertical bars. Assume railing obstructs 50% of length of headwall (17.5')	2 cell culvert; bike path box = 9.9'w x 7.3'H. Stream box = 9.9'w x 8.2'h	Some limited blockage potential from upstream vegetation. Only limited potential for residential debris accumulation upstream of this crossing. Much of the debris in Skunk Creek will be caught at the Wellman Canal upstream of Colorado Avenue. This structure is wide relative to most others on Skunk Creek and was designed to pass the 100-yr event.

BLUEBELL, KINGS GULCH, AND SKUNK CREEK RESTUDY – STRUCTURE BLOCKAGE ASSUMPTIONS

Enchanted Mesa Trail at Bluebell Canyon Creek
Semi-circular stone and concrete culvert, span = 12.5', rise = 6.25'
Not modeled in FHAD. Restudy blockage = 50%.



Bellevue Drive at King's Gulch
4' diameter RCP
FHAD Blockage = 50%, Restudy Blockage = 50%
Upstream end of culvert.



Downstream end of culvert.



BLUEBELL, KINGS GULCH, AND SKUNK CREEK RESTUDY – STRUCTURE BLOCKAGE ASSUMPTIONS

Private Drive for 260 and 1425 Bellevue Drive at King's Gulch

4' diameter CMP

FHAD Blockage = 25%, Restudy Blockage = 25%

Upstream end of culvert.

Downstream end of culvert.



15th Street at King's Gulch and adjacent to 1498 King Avenue

2.5' diameter RCP

FHAD Blockage = 25%, Restudy Blockage = 100%

Upstream end of culvert.

Downstream end of culvert.



BLUEBELL, KINGS GULCH, AND SKUNK CREEK RESTUDY – STRUCTURE BLOCKAGE ASSUMPTIONS

17th Street at King's Gulch

2' diameter RCP with drop inlet

FHAD Blockage = 25%, Restudy Blockage = 100%

Upstream end of pipe.

Downstream end of pipe.



Colorado Avenue at Skunk Creek looking downstream

2 cell culvert 10'W x 8'H.

FHAD blockage = 0%, Restudy blockage = 5%



BLUEBELL, KINGS GULCH, AND SKUNK CREEK RESTUDY – STRUCTURE BLOCKAGE ASSUMPTIONS

Wellman Canal at Skunk Creek looking north.

Intake and overflow structure with 2' culvert under canal.

FHAD blockage = N/A. Restudy blockage of 2' culvert under canal = 100%



35th Street at Skunk Creek looking downstream.

2 cell culvert 6'W x 4'H

FHAD blockage = 50%. Restudy Assumed blockage = 30%



BLUEBELL, KINGS GULCH, AND SKUNK CREEK RESTUDY – STRUCTURE BLOCKAGE ASSUMPTIONS

Madison Avenue at Skunk Creek looking downstream.

2 cell culvert 6'W x 4'H

FHAD blockage = 100% west cell, 30% east cell. Restudy blockage = 30%



34th Street at Skunk Creek looking downstream.

2 cell culvert 6'W x 3.5'H

FHAD blockage = 20%. Restudy blockage = 20%



BLUEBELL, KINGS GULCH, AND SKUNK CREEK RESTUDY – STRUCTURE BLOCKAGE ASSUMPTIONS

Aurora Avenue at Skunk Creek looking downstream.
1 cell culvert 8'W x 6'H
FHAD blockage = 10%. Restudy blockage = 20%



Foot bridge at Skunk Creek looking downstream.
Bridge opening ~32.95'W x 5.3'H(max)
FHAD blockage = 30%. Restudy blockage = 30%



BLUEBELL, KINGS GULCH, AND SKUNK CREEK RESTUDY – STRUCTURE BLOCKAGE ASSUMPTIONS

30th Street at Skunk Creek looking downstream.
1 cell culvert 8'W x 6'H
FHAD blockage = 30%. Restudy blockage = 30%



29th Street at Skunk Creek looking downstream.
Pedestrian Bridge 14.8'W x 3.7'H
FHAD blockage = 30%. Restudy blockage = 30%
2 cell culvert 7'W x 4'H
FHAD blockage = 10%. Restudy blockage = 10%



BLUEBELL, KINGS GULCH, AND SKUNK CREEK RESTUDY – STRUCTURE BLOCKAGE ASSUMPTIONS

Low Water Trail Crossing downstream of Baseline
Open Area 14.7'W x 1.3 to 3.5'H
FHAD blockage = N/A. Restudy blockage = 100%
Upstream end.



Downstream end.



US 36/28th St. On Ramp North of Baseline
1 cell box culvert 14'W x 7.1'H
FHAD Blockage = N/A, Restudy blockage = 5%
Looking upstream.



BLUEBELL, KINGS GULCH, AND SKUNK CREEK RESTUDY – STRUCTURE BLOCKAGE ASSUMPTIONS

Service Road, pipe under US 36 with outlet d/s of Baseline.
2 cell culvert 6'W x 4'H
FHAD blockage = 0%. Restudy blockage = 30%
Upstream end of box culvert.



US36/28th Street On-Ramp South of Baseline looking east.
1 cell culvert 14'W x 7.5'H
FHAD blockage = N/A Restudy blockage = 15%



BLUEBELL, KINGS GULCH, AND SKUNK CREEK RESTUDY – STRUCTURE BLOCKAGE ASSUMPTIONS

Moorehead Avenue looking downstream.

2 cell culvert 10'W x 6'H

FHAD blockage = 0%. Restudy blockage = 15%



27th Way at Skunk Creek looking upstream.

1 cell 20'W x 8'H

FHAD Blockage = 0%, Restudy Blockage = 10%

Low Water Trail Crossing Downstream of Broadway – FHAD Blockage = N/A, Restudy Blockage = 100%



BLUEBELL, KINGS GULCH, AND SKUNK CREEK RESTUDY – STRUCTURE BLOCKAGE ASSUMPTIONS

Broadway at Skunk Creek looking at downstream face and low flow channel.

1 cell culvert 22'w x 8'H.

Broadway Box Culvert - FHAD Blockage = 30%, Restudy Blockage = 10%

Low Water Trail Crossing Downstream of Broadway – FHAD Blockage = N/A, Restudy Blockage = 100%



Bluebell Avenue at Skunk Creek

1 cell culvert 6'w x 3.2'H

FHAD Blockage = 30%, Restudy Blockage = 30%

Downstream of Bluebell Avenue.



Upstream face of Bluebell Avenue.



BLUEBELL, KINGS GULCH, AND SKUNK CREEK RESTUDY – STRUCTURE BLOCKAGE ASSUMPTIONS

Private Drive at 2200 Bluebell Avenue
Bridge opening 10'w x 3.9'H
FHAD Blockage = 40%, Restudy Blockage = 40%

Downstream face



Bridge Deck



Private Drive at 322 22nd Street
bridge opening 10'w x 2.7'H
FHAD Blockage = 40%, Restudy Blockage = 40%

Bridge deck



Upstream face



BLUEBELL, KINGS GULCH, AND SKUNK CREEK RESTUDY – STRUCTURE BLOCKAGE ASSUMPTIONS

King’s Avenue at Skunk Creek
1 cell culvert 7'w x 1.5'H
FHAD Blockage = 50%, Restudy Blockage = 50%

Downstream face



Looking upstream



HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report

Baseline Pedestrian Culvert

Table 1 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: BASELINE-PED-BOX

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	BASELINE-PED-BOX Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
44.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	1
44.84	16.26	16.26	0.00	1
44.84	32.52	32.52	0.00	1
44.85	48.78	48.78	0.00	1
44.85	65.04	65.04	0.00	1
44.86	81.30	81.30	0.00	1
44.87	97.56	97.56	0.00	1
44.89	113.82	113.82	0.00	1
44.75	130.08	130.08	0.00	1
44.77	146.34	146.34	0.00	1
44.78	162.60	162.60	0.00	1
47.00	797.08	797.08	0.00	Overtopping

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: BASELINE-PED-BOX

Total Rating Curve
Crossing: BASELINE-PED-BOX

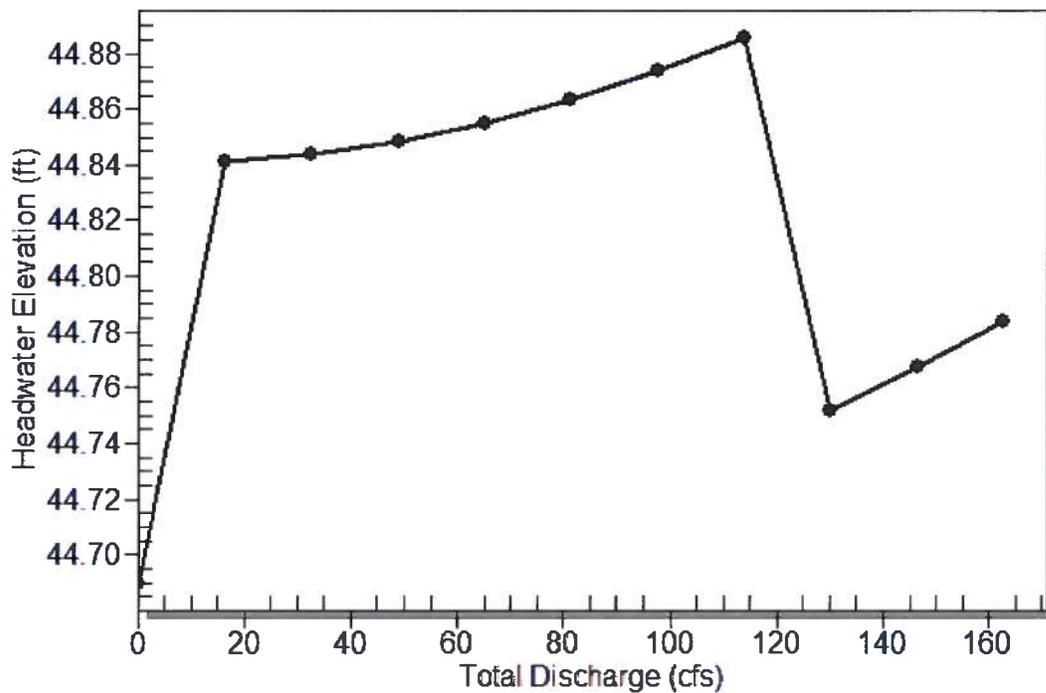


Table 2 - Culvert Summary Table: BASELINE-PED-BOX

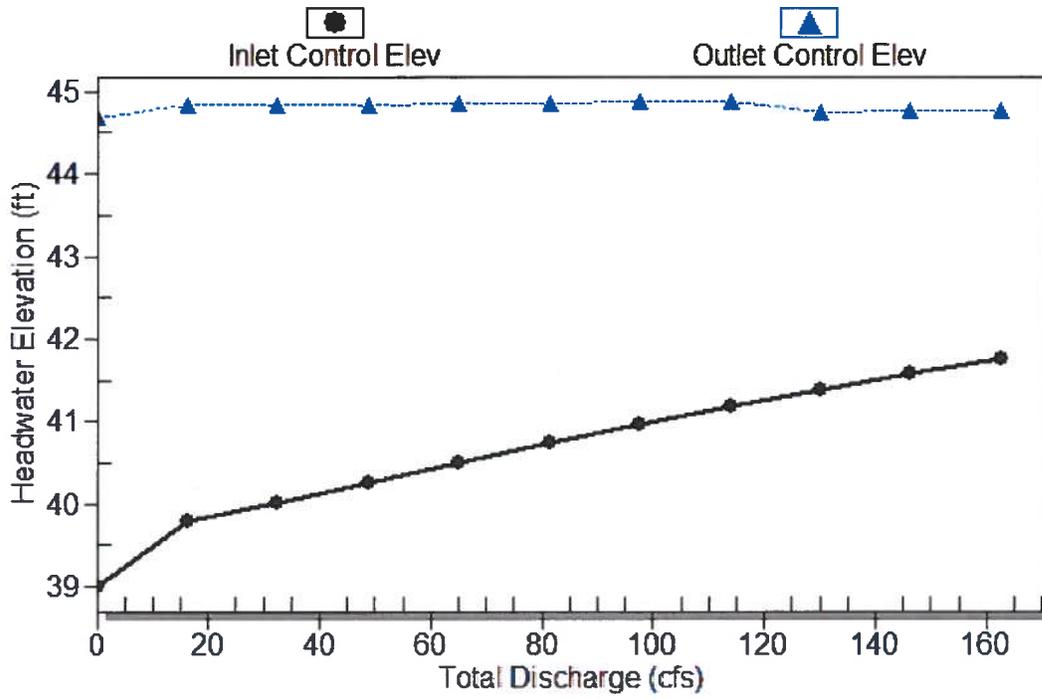
Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
0.00	0.00	44.69	0.000	5.690	0-NF	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.590	0.000	0.000
16.26	16.26	44.84	0.794	5.841	1-S1t	0.153	0.348	6.590	6.590	0.176	0.000
32.52	32.52	44.84	1.023	5.844	1-S1t	0.306	0.552	6.590	6.590	0.352	0.000
48.78	48.78	44.85	1.252	5.848	1-S1t	0.459	0.724	6.590	6.590	0.529	0.000
65.04	65.04	44.85	1.499	5.855	1-S1t	0.611	0.877	6.590	6.590	0.705	0.000
81.30	81.30	44.86	1.746	5.863	1-S1t	0.764	1.018	6.590	6.590	0.881	0.000
97.56	97.56	44.87	1.973	5.874	1-S1t	0.859	1.149	6.590	6.590	1.057	0.000
113.82	113.82	44.89	2.184	5.886	1-S1t	0.937	1.274	6.590	6.590	1.234	0.000
130.08	130.08	44.75	2.382	5.752	1-S1t	1.014	1.392	6.590	6.590	1.410	0.000
146.34	146.34	44.77	2.570	5.767	1-S1t	1.092	1.506	6.590	6.590	1.586	0.000
162.60	162.60	44.78	2.751	5.784	1-S1t	1.169	1.615	6.590	6.590	1.762	0.000

.....
Inlet Elevation (invert): 39.00 ft, Outlet Elevation (invert): 38.10 ft
Culvert Length: 131.50 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0068
.....

Culvert Performance Curve Plot: BASELINE-PED-BOX

Performance Curve

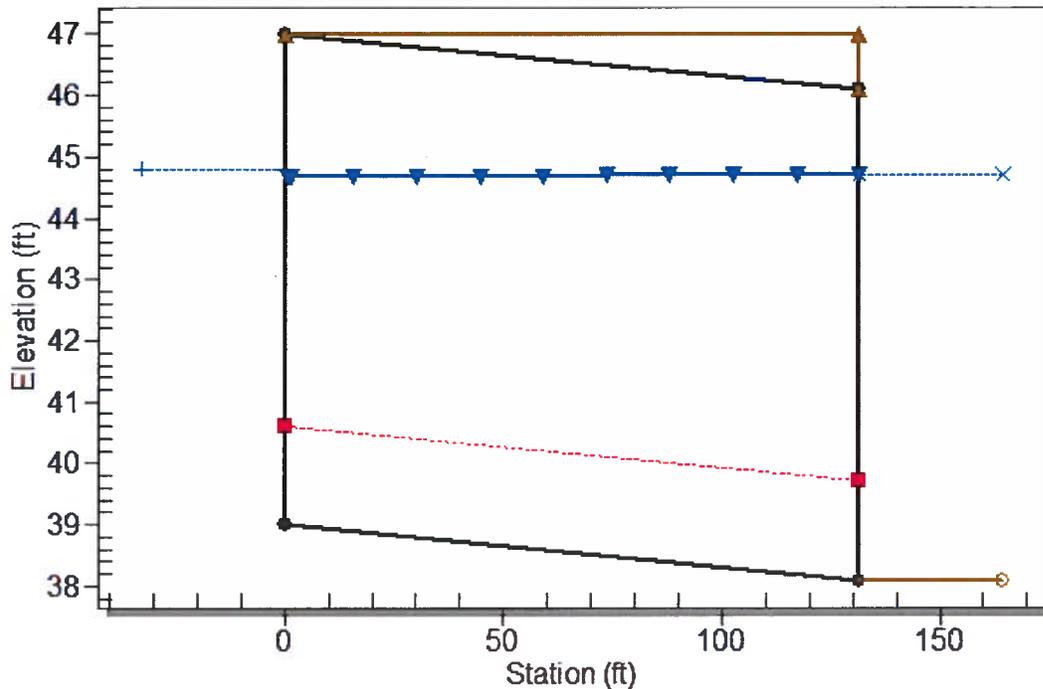
Culvert: BASELINE-PED-BOX



Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: BASELINE-PED-BOX

Crossing - BASELINE-PED-BOX, Design Discharge - 162.6 cfs

Culvert - BASELINE-PED-BOX, Culvert Discharge - 162.6 cfs



Site Data - BASELINE-PED-BOX

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft

Inlet Elevation: 39.00 ft

Outlet Station: 131.50 ft

Outlet Elevation: 38.10 ft

Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - BASELINE-PED-BOX

Barrel Shape: Concrete Box

Barrel Span: 14.00 ft

Barrel Rise: 8.00 ft

Barrel Material: Concrete

Embedment: 0.00 in

Barrel Manning's n: 0.0130

Inlet Type: Conventional

Inlet Edge Condition: Square Edge (90°) Headwall

Inlet Depression: NONE

Table 3 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: BASELINE-PED-BOX)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)
0.00	44.69	6.59
16.26	44.69	6.59
32.52	44.69	6.59
48.78	44.69	6.59
65.04	44.69	6.59
81.30	44.69	6.59
97.56	44.69	6.59
113.82	44.69	6.59
130.08	44.69	6.59
146.34	44.69	6.59
162.60	44.69	6.59

Tailwater Channel Data - BASELINE-PED-BOX

Tailwater Channel Option: Enter Constant Tailwater Elevation

Constant Tailwater Elevation: 44.69 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: BASELINE-PED-BOX

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 100.00 ft

Crest Elevation: 47.00 ft

Roadway Surface: Paved

Roadway Top Width: 131.50 ft

HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report

Hwy 36 Culvert

Table 1 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: US 36

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	US 36 DOUBLE BOX CULVERT Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
5348.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	1
5350.49	75.00	75.00	0.00	1
5351.55	150.00	150.00	0.00	1
5352.66	225.00	225.00	0.00	1
5354.07	300.00	300.00	0.00	1
5355.90	375.00	375.00	0.00	1
5358.27	450.00	450.00	0.00	1
5360.19	500.00	500.00	0.00	1
5361.05	600.00	520.89	79.07	4
5361.38	675.00	528.69	146.14	4
5361.67	750.00	535.36	214.53	4
5360.40	505.14	505.14	0.00	Overtopping

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: US 36

Total Rating Curve

Crossing US 36

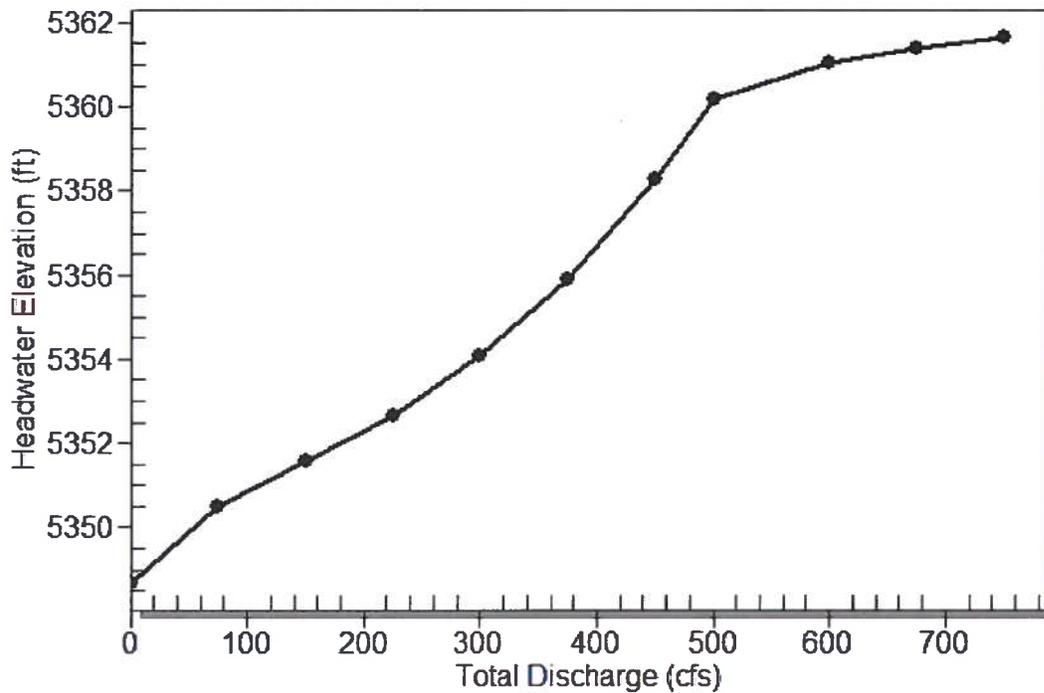


Table 2 - Culvert Summary Table: US 36 DOUBLE BOX CULVERT

Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
0.00	0.00	5348.70	0.000	0.0*	0-NF	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
75.00	75.00	5350.49	1.791	0.0*	1-S2n	0.628	1.069	0.629	2.916	9.940	1.914
150.00	150.00	5351.55	2.853	0.0*	5-S2n	0.994	1.697	0.996	3.545	12.555	2.478
225.00	225.00	5352.66	3.959	0.0*	5-S2n	1.309	2.223	1.313	4.089	14.278	2.810
300.00	300.00	5354.07	5.368	0.0*	5-S2n	1.598	2.693	1.602	4.605	15.603	2.980
375.00	375.00	5355.90	7.198	1.668	6-FFc	1.870	2.800	1.873	4.959	16.682	3.239
450.00	450.00	5358.27	9.574	5.328	6-FFc	2.130	2.800	2.133	5.287	17.581	3.465
500.00	500.00	5360.19	11.491	8.138	6-FFc	2.299	2.800	2.316	5.495	17.991	3.602
600.00	520.89	5361.05	12.352	9.400	6-FFc	2.368	2.800	2.369	5.890	18.323	3.849
675.00	528.69	5361.38	12.682	9.884	6-FFc	2.394	2.800	2.415	6.248	18.243	3.931
750.00	535.36	5361.67	12.969	10.661	4-FFf	2.416	2.800	2.419	6.628	18.443	3.939

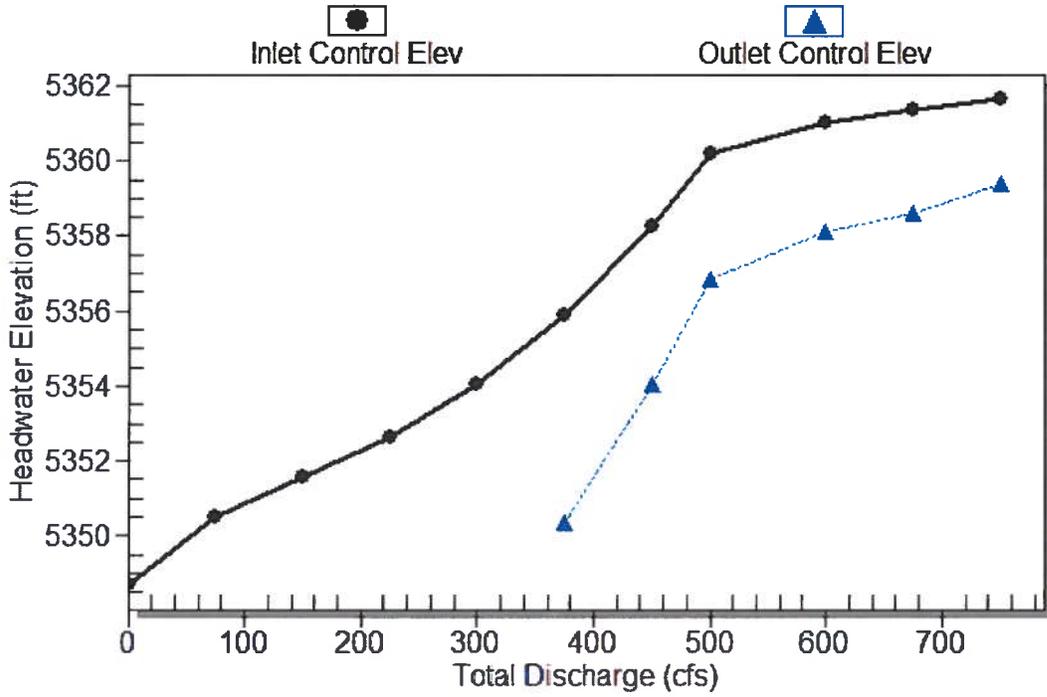
* theoretical depth is impractical. Depth reported is corrected.

Inlet Elevation (invert): 5348.70 ft, Outlet Elevation (invert): 5339.25 ft
Culvert Length: 537.08 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0176

Culvert Performance Curve Plot: US 36 DOUBLE BOX CULVERT

Performance Curve

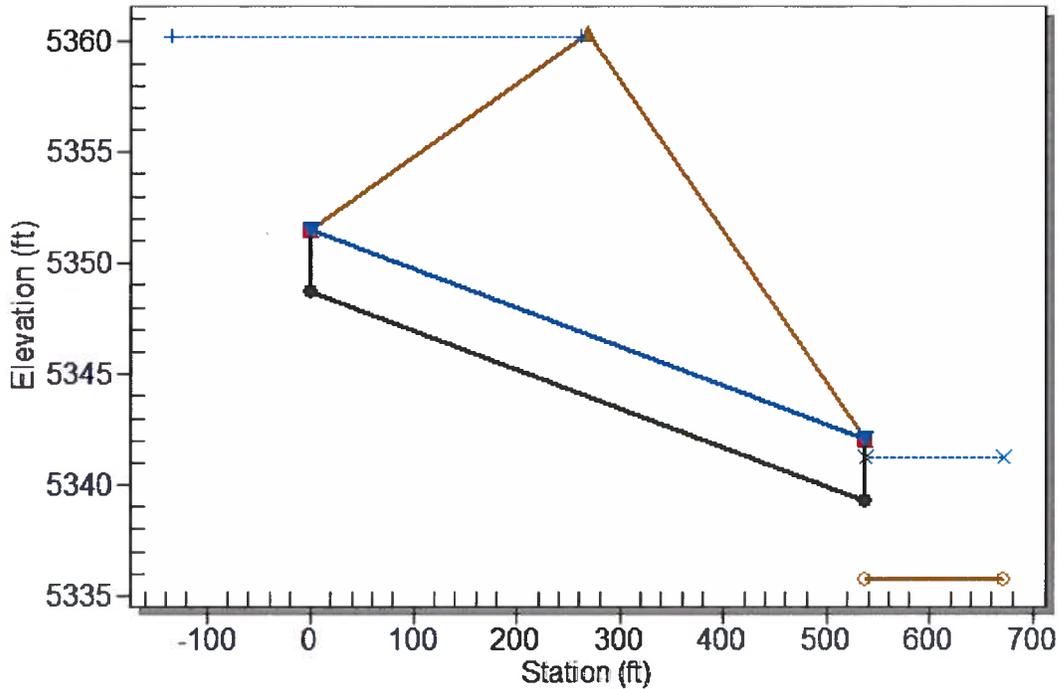
Culvert: US 36 DOUBLE BOX CULVERT



Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: US 36 DOUBLE BOX CULVERT

Crossing - US 36 , Design Discharge - 500.0 cfs

Culvert - US 36 DOUBLE BOX CULVERT, Culvert Discharge - 500.0 cfs



Site Data - US 36 DOUBLE BOX CULVERT

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft

Inlet Elevation: 5348.70 ft

Outlet Station: 537.00 ft

Outlet Elevation: 5339.25 ft

Number of Barrels: 2

Culvert Data Summary - US 36 DOUBLE BOX CULVERT

Barrel Shape: Concrete Box

Barrel Span: 6.00 ft

Barrel Rise: 2.80 ft

Barrel Material: Concrete

Embedment: 0.00 in

Barrel Manning's n: 0.0130

Inlet Type: Conventional

Inlet Edge Condition: Square Edge (90°) Headwall

Inlet Depression: NONE

Table 3 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: US 36)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	Shear (psf)	Froude Number
0.00	5335.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
75.00	5338.70	2.92	1.91	1.82	0.31
150.00	5339.33	3.55	2.48	2.21	0.33
225.00	5339.87	4.09	2.81	2.55	0.34
300.00	5340.38	4.60	2.98	2.87	0.34
375.00	5340.74	4.96	3.24	3.09	0.35
450.00	5341.07	5.29	3.46	3.30	0.35
500.00	5341.28	5.50	3.60	3.43	0.35
600.00	5341.67	5.89	3.85	3.68	0.36
675.00	5342.03	6.25	3.93	3.90	0.36
750.00	5342.41	6.63	3.94	4.14	0.36

Tailwater Channel Data - US 36

Tailwater Channel Option: Irregular Channel

Roadway Data for Crossing: US 36

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

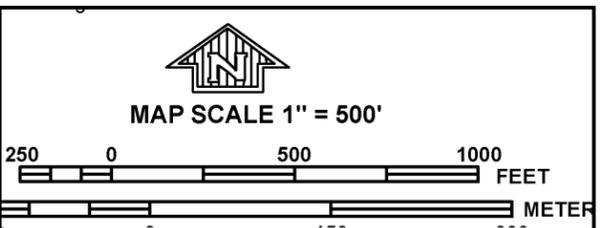
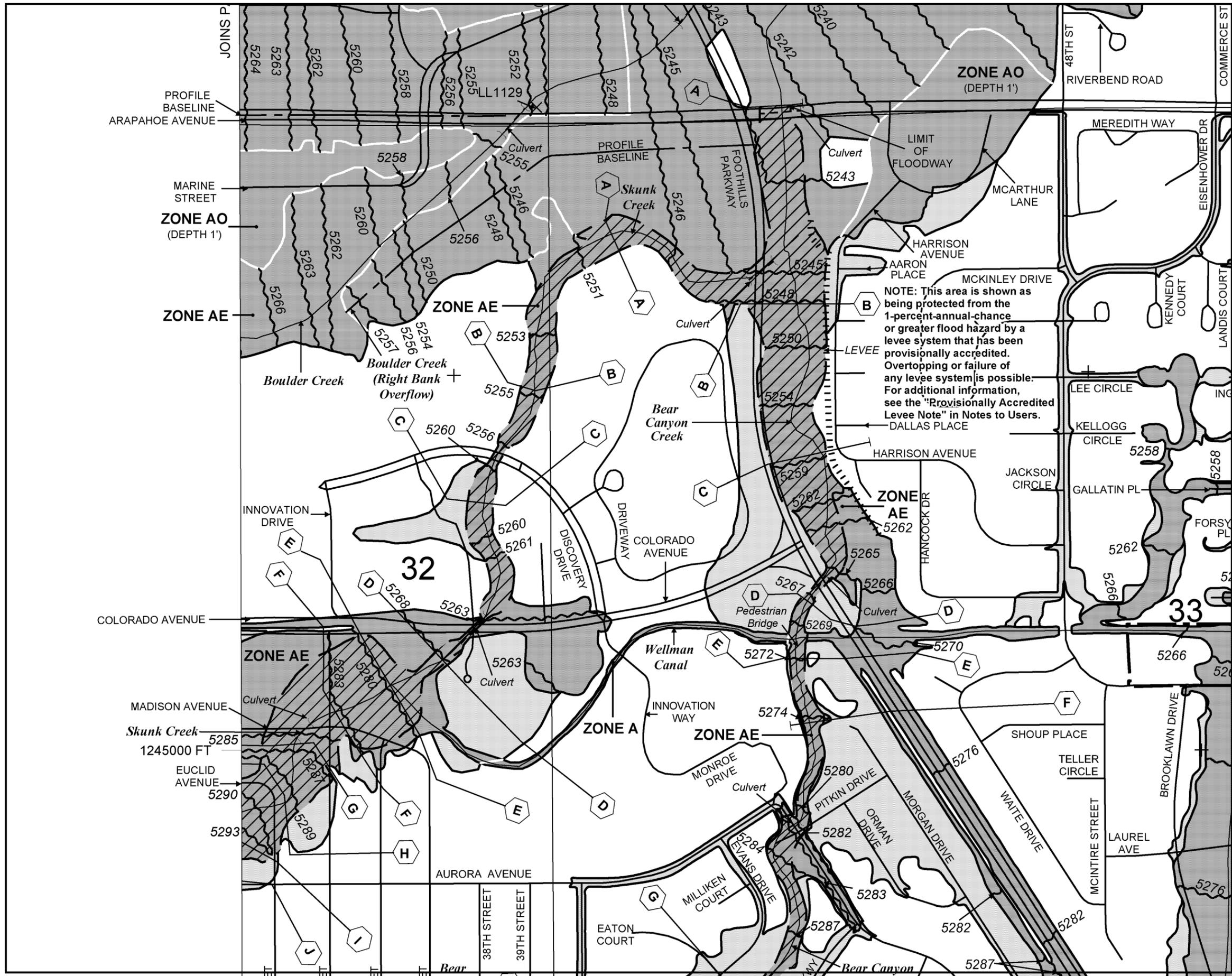
Crest Length: 50.00 ft

Crest Elevation: 5360.40 ft

Coefficient of Discharge: 3.0000

Roadway Top Width: 1.00 ft

**Appendix 4-
Floodplain Workmaps and Profiles**



PANEL 0413J

FIRM
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
BOULDER COUNTY,
COLORADO
AND INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 413 OF 615
 (SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

CONTAINS:

COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
BOULDER, CITY OF	080024	0413	J
BOULDER COUNTY	080023	0413	J

Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders; the Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.

MAP NUMBER
08013C0413J

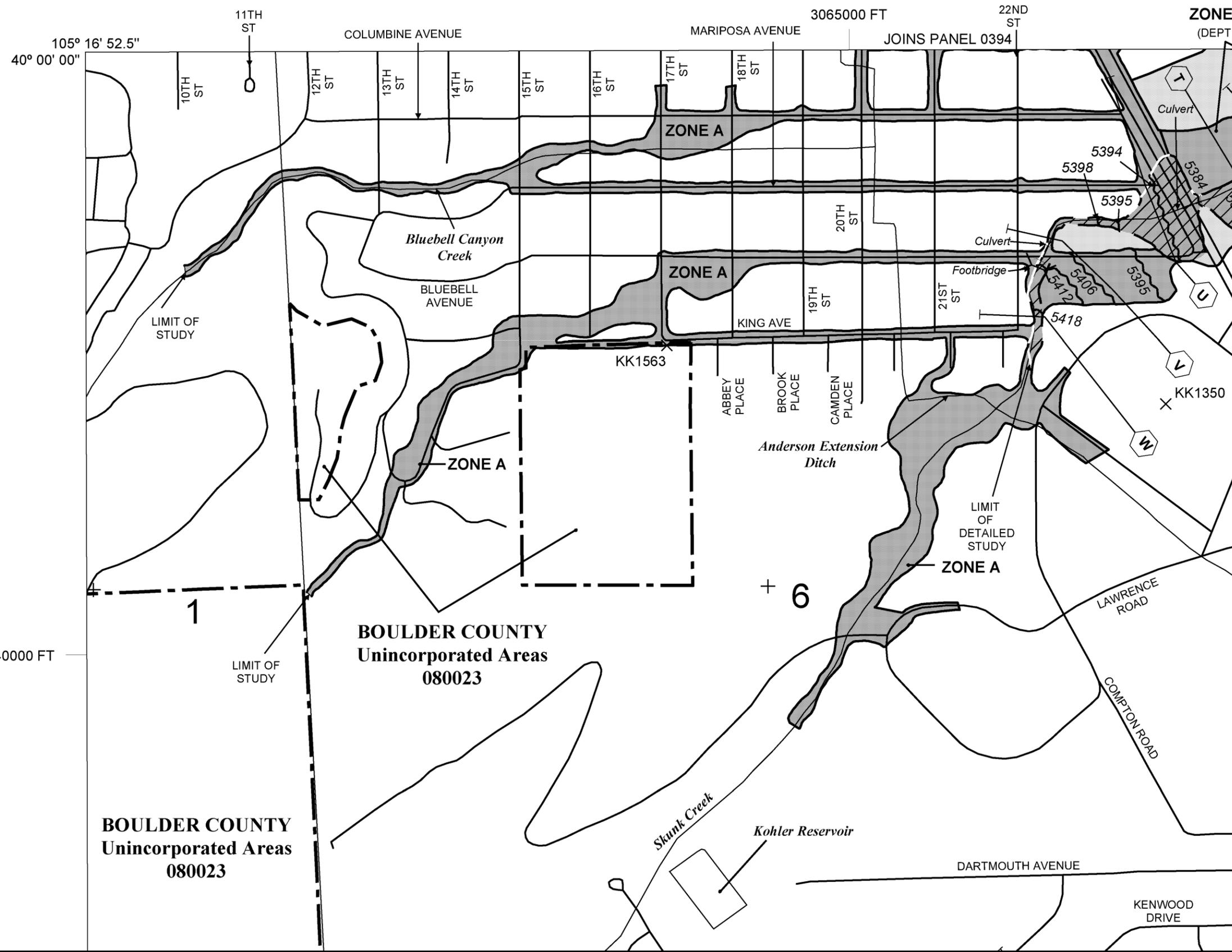
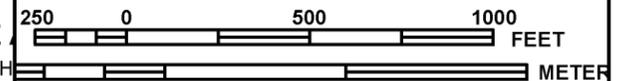
MAP REVISED
DECEMBER 18, 2012

Federal Emergency Management Agency

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MAP SCALE 1" = 500'



NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

PANEL 0557J

FIRM

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
BOULDER COUNTY,
COLORADO
AND INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 557 OF 615

(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

CONTAINS:

COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
BOULDER, CITY OF	080024	0557	J
BOULDER COUNTY	080023	0557	J

Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders; the Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.

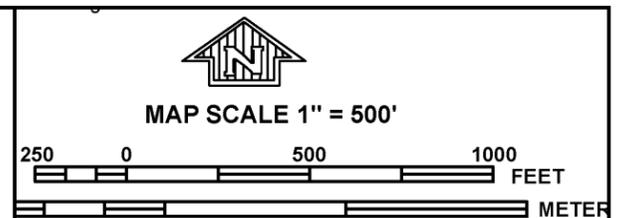
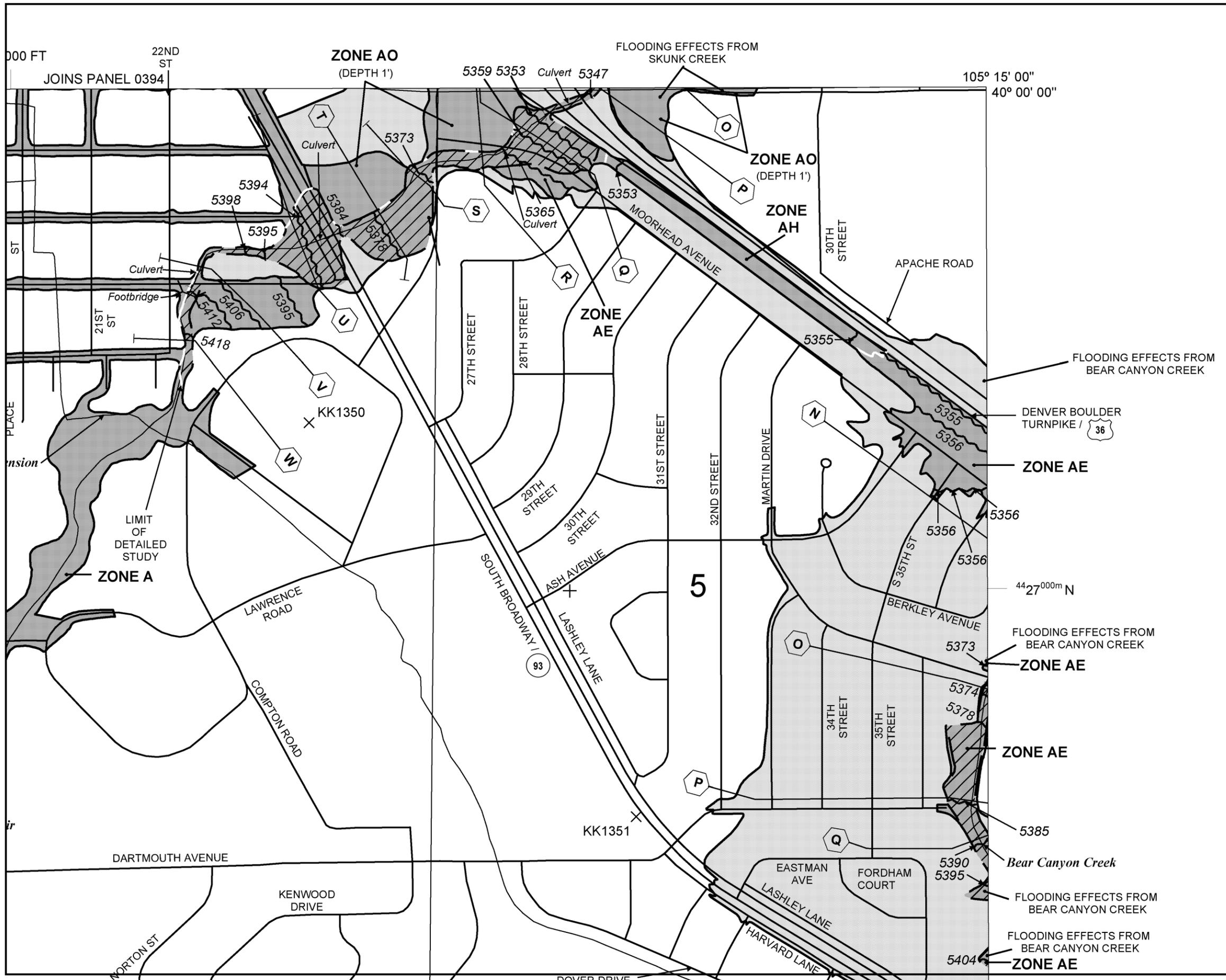


MAP NUMBER
08013C0557J

MAP REVISED
DECEMBER 18, 2012

Federal Emergency Management Agency

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NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

PANEL 0557J

FIRM
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
BOULDER COUNTY, COLORADO
AND INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 557 OF 615

(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

CONTAINS:

COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
BOULDER, CITY OF	080024	0557	J
BOULDER COUNTY	080023	0557	J

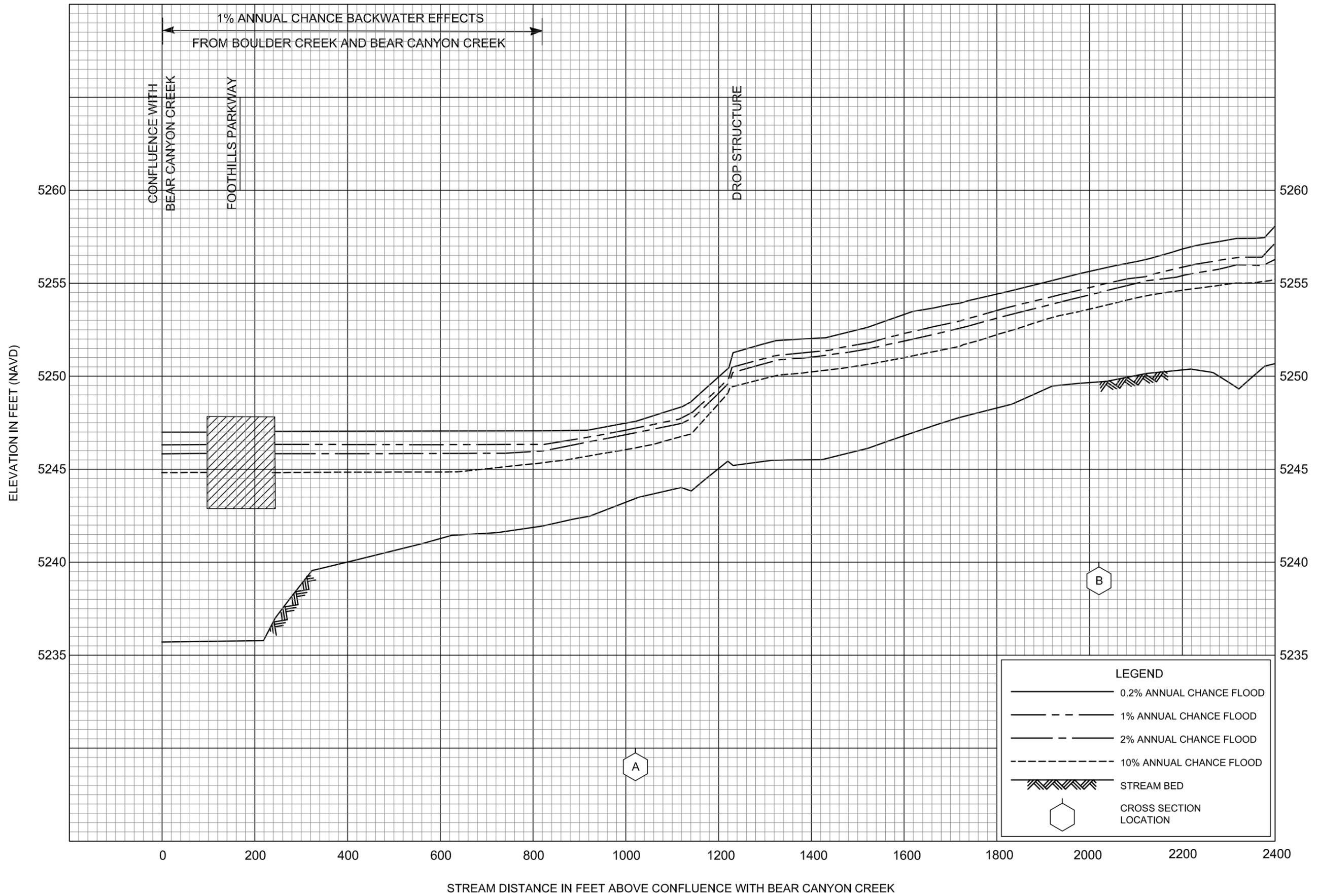
Notice to User: The **Map Number** shown below should be used when placing map orders; the **Community Number** shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.

MAP NUMBER
08013C0557J

MAP REVISED
DECEMBER 18, 2012

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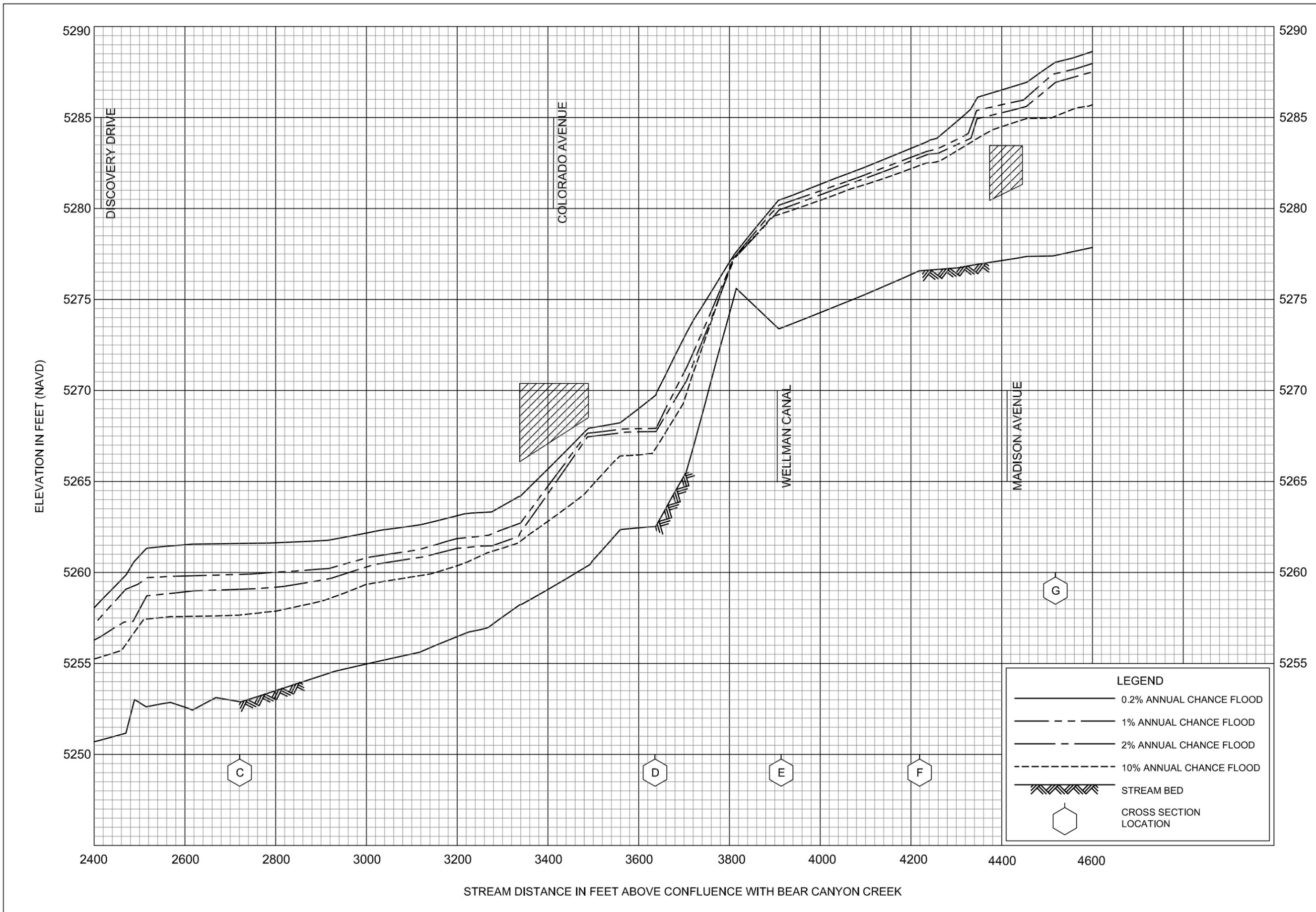


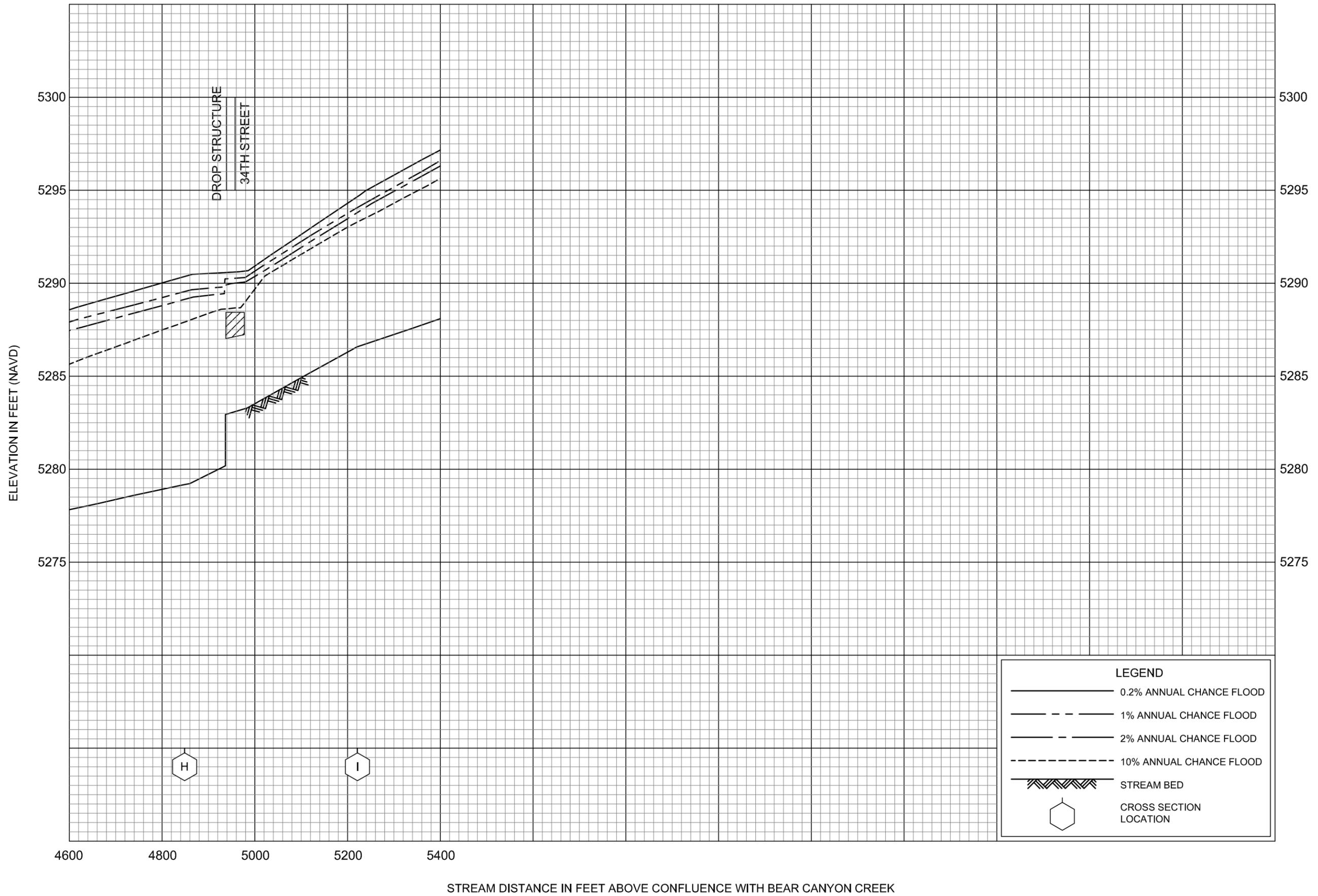
FLOOD PROFILES

SKUNK CREEK

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

BOULDER COUNTY, CO
AND INCORPORATED AREAS



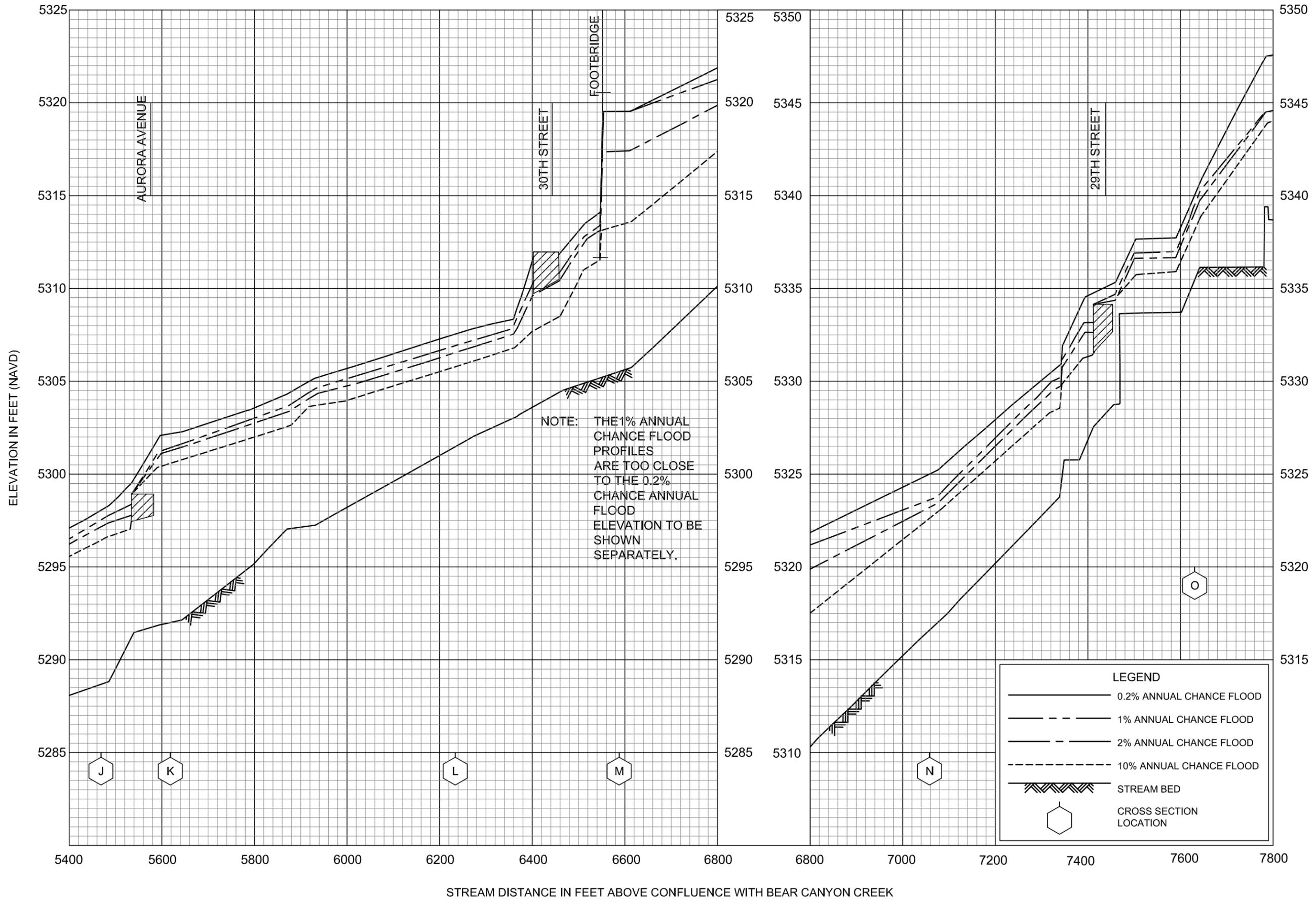


FLOOD PROFILES

SKUNK CREEK

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

BOULDER COUNTY, CO
AND INCORPORATED AREAS

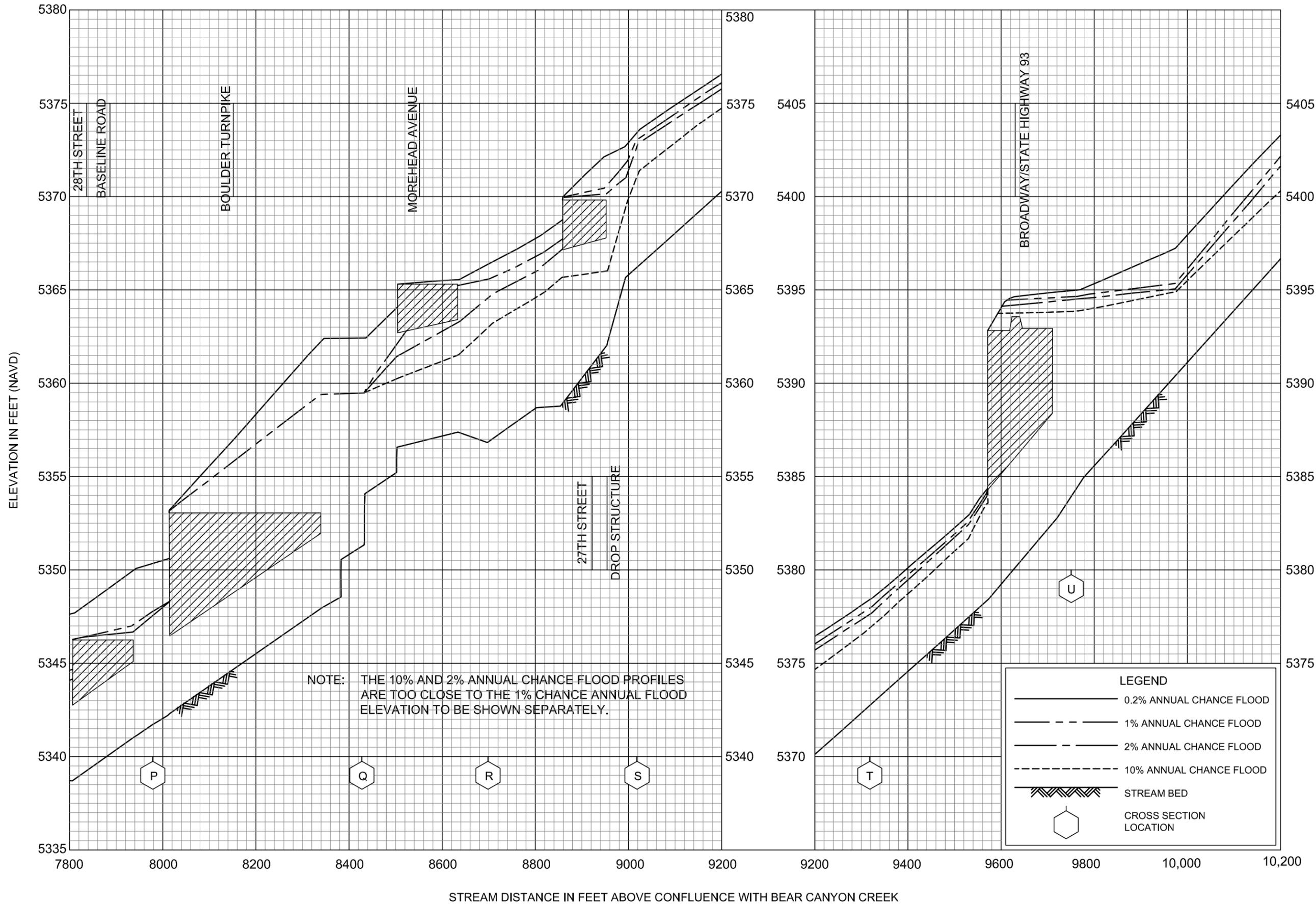


FLOOD PROFILES

SKUNK CREEK

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

BOULDER COUNTY, CO
AND INCORPORATED AREAS

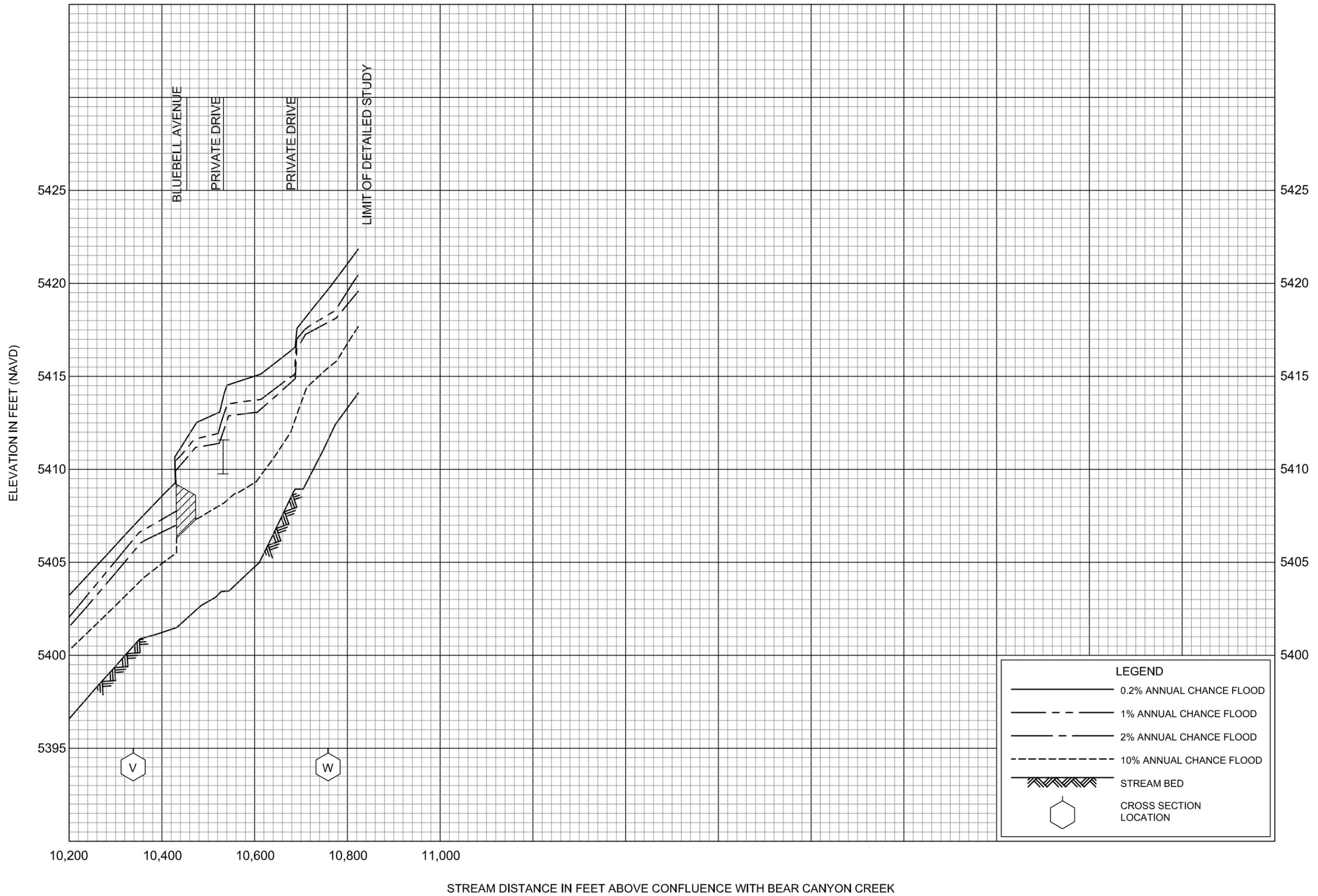


FLOOD PROFILES

SKUNK CREEK

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

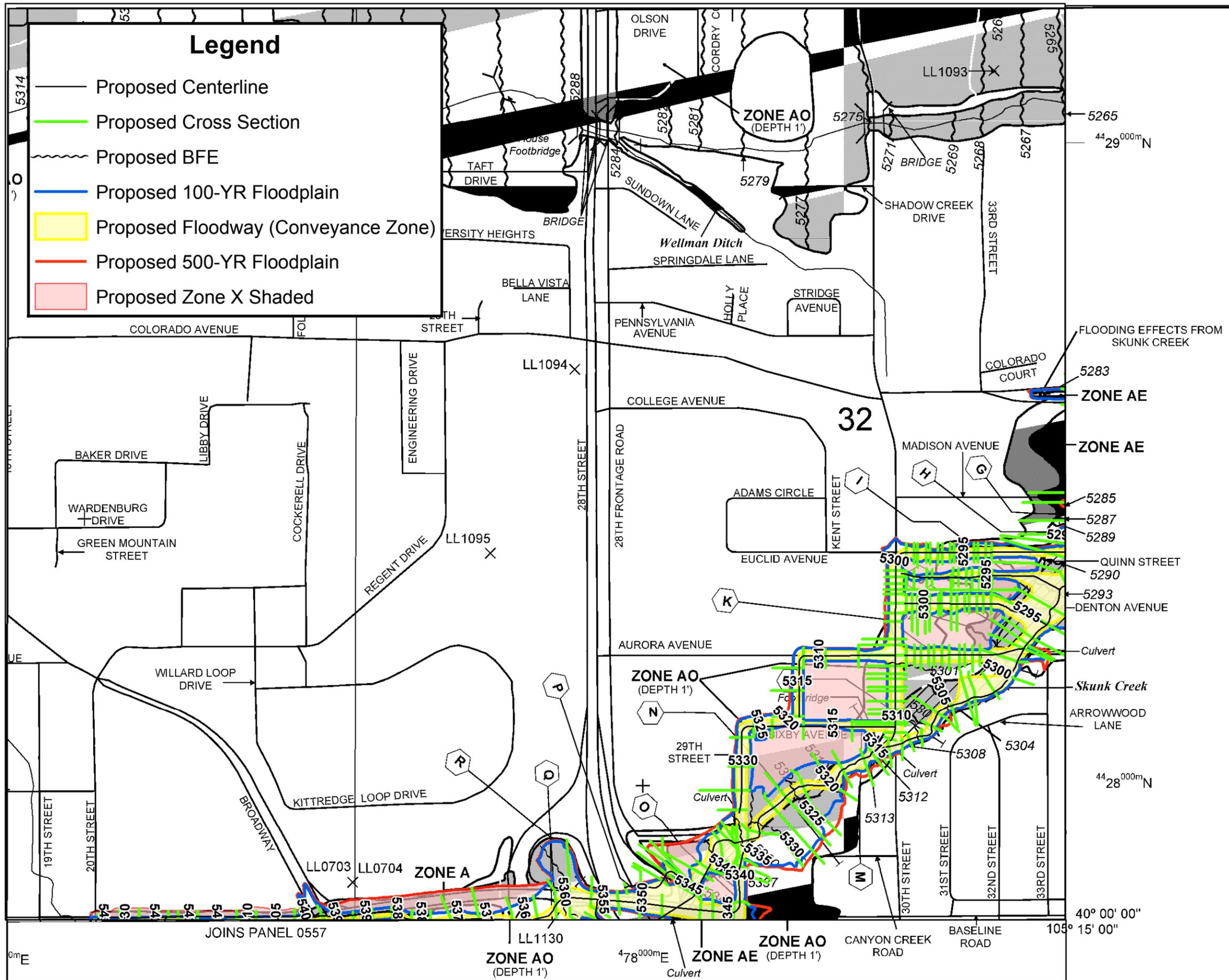
BOULDER COUNTY, CO
AND INCORPORATED AREAS



FLOOD PROFILES

SKUNK CREEK

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
BOULDER COUNTY, CO
 AND INCORPORATED AREAS

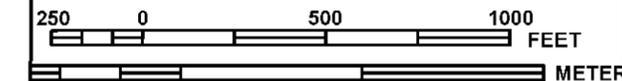


Legend

- Proposed Centerline
- Proposed Cross Section
- Proposed BFE
- Proposed 100-YR Floodplain
- Proposed Floodway (Conveyance Zone)
- Proposed 500-YR Floodplain
- Proposed Zone X Shaded



MAP SCALE 1" = 500'



NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

PANEL 0394J

FIRM
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
BOULDER COUNTY,
COLORADO
AND INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 394 OF 615

(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

CONTAINS:

COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
BOULDER, CITY OF	080024	0394	J

Notice to User: The **Map Number** shown below should be used when placing map orders, the **Community Number** shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.

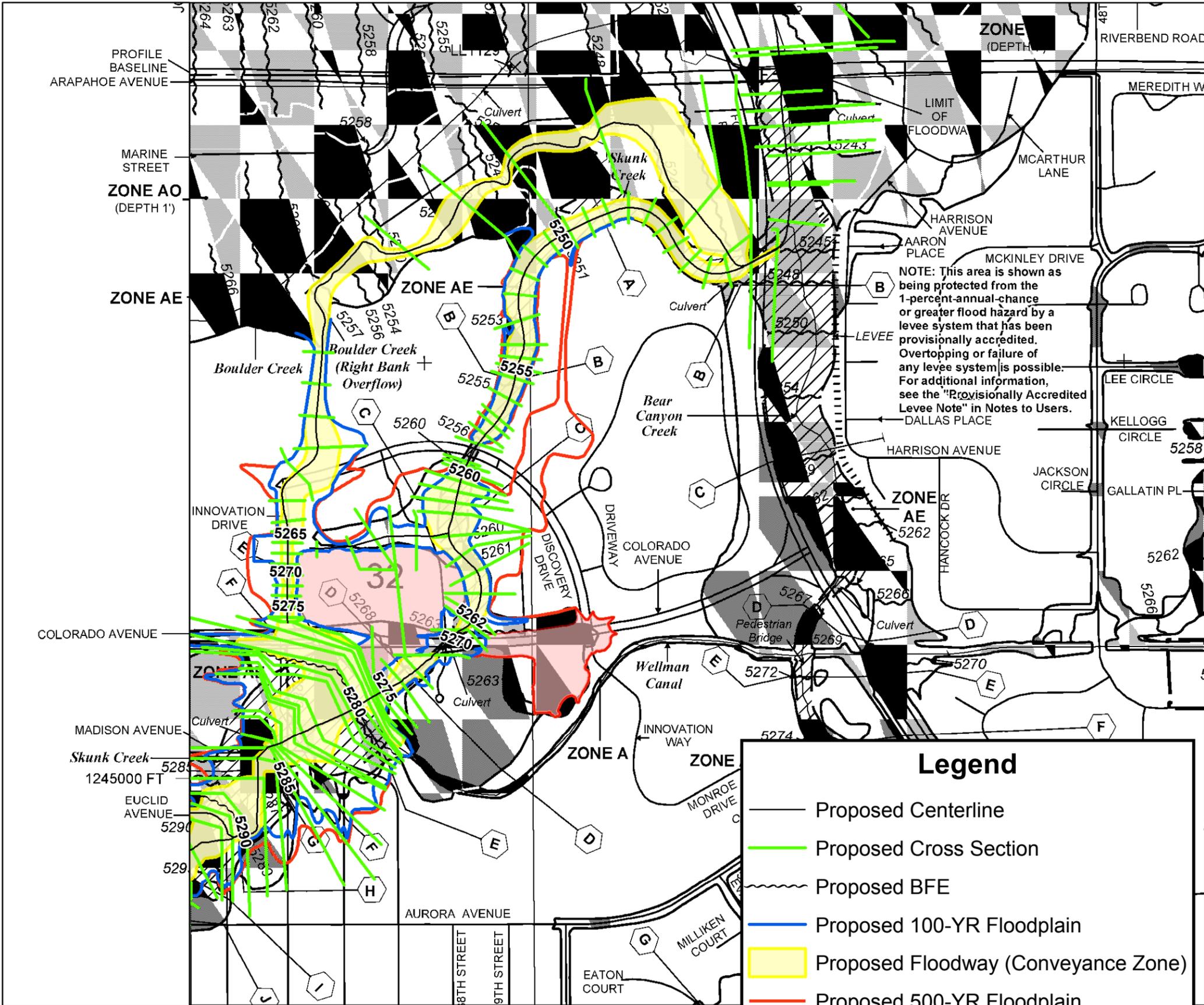


MAP NUMBER
08013C0394J

MAP REVISED
DECEMBER 18, 2012

Federal Emergency Management Agency

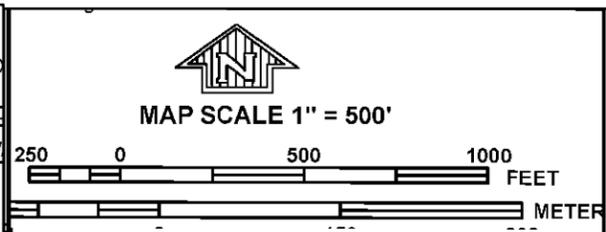
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Legend

- Proposed Centerline
- Proposed Cross Section
- Proposed BFE
- Proposed 100-YR Floodplain
- Proposed Floodway (Conveyance Zone)
- Proposed 500-YR Floodplain
- Proposed Zone X Shaded

NOTE: This area is shown as being protected from the 1-percent-annual-chance or greater flood hazard by a levee system that has been provisionally accredited. Overtopping or failure of any levee system is possible. For additional information, see the "Provisionally Accredited Levee Note" in Notes to Users.



PANEL 0413J

FIRM

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP BOULDER COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 413 OF 615

(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

CONTAINS:

COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
BOULDER, CITY OF	060024	0413	J
BOULDER COUNTY	060023	0413	J

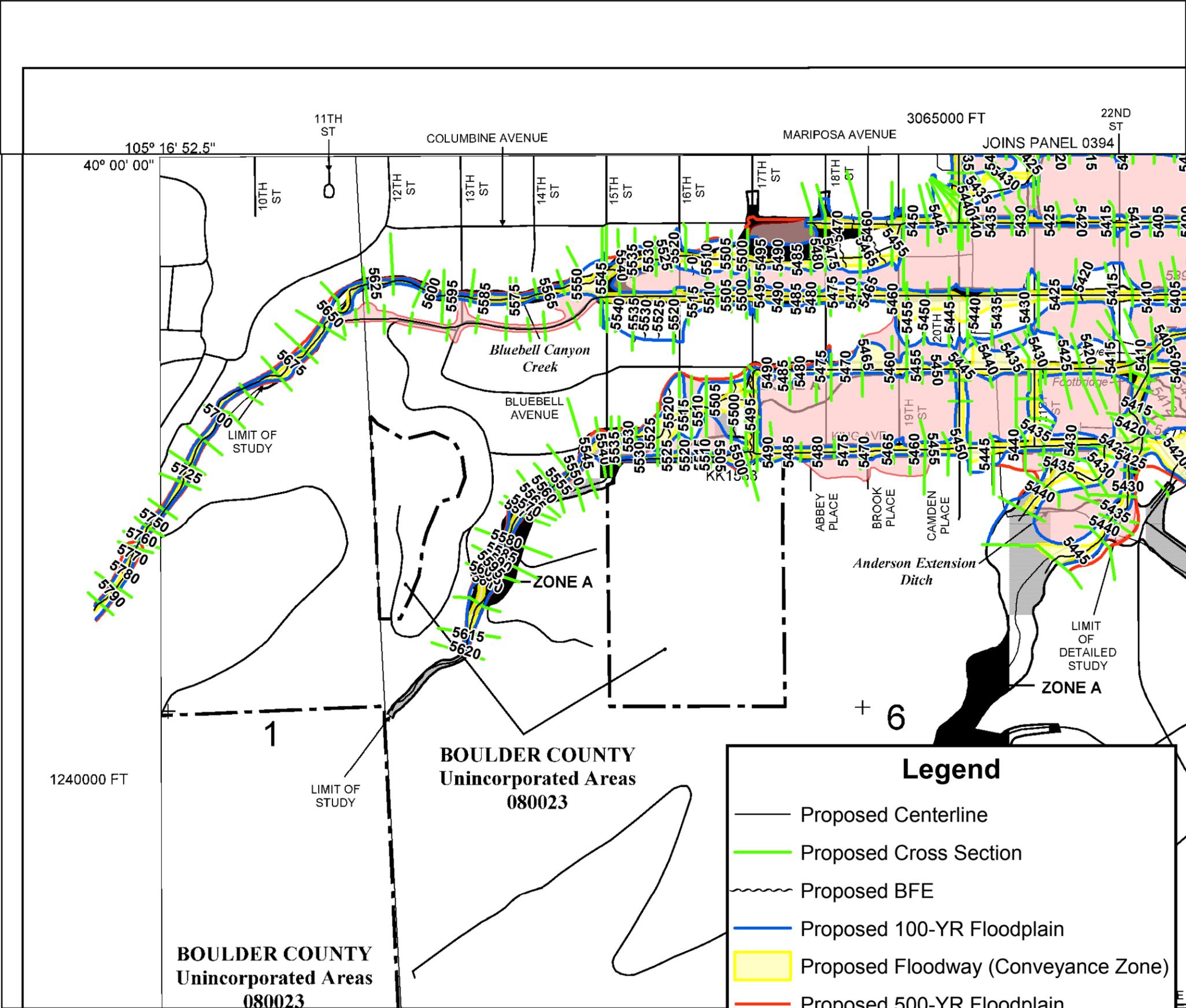
Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders; the Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.

MAP NUMBER
08013C0413J

MAP REVISED
DECEMBER 18, 2012

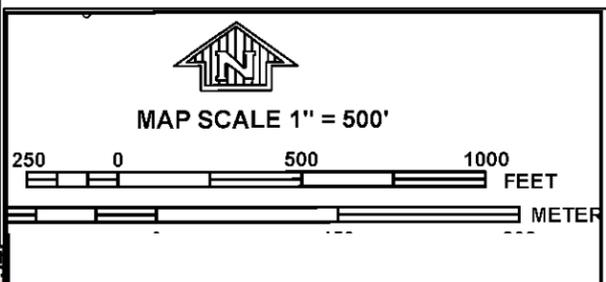
Federal Emergency Management Agency

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Legend

- Proposed Centerline
- Proposed Cross Section
- Proposed BFE
- Proposed 100-YR Floodplain
- Proposed Floodway (Conveyance Zone)
- Proposed 500-YR Floodplain
- Proposed Zone X Shaded



PANEL 0557J

FIRM

**FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
BOULDER COUNTY,
COLORADO
AND INCORPORATED AREAS**

PANEL 557 OF 615

(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

CONTAINS:

COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
BOULDER, CITY OF	080024	0557	J
BOULDER COUNTY	080023	0557	J

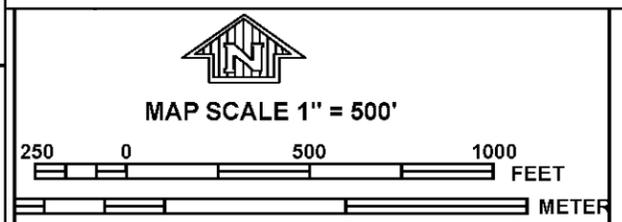
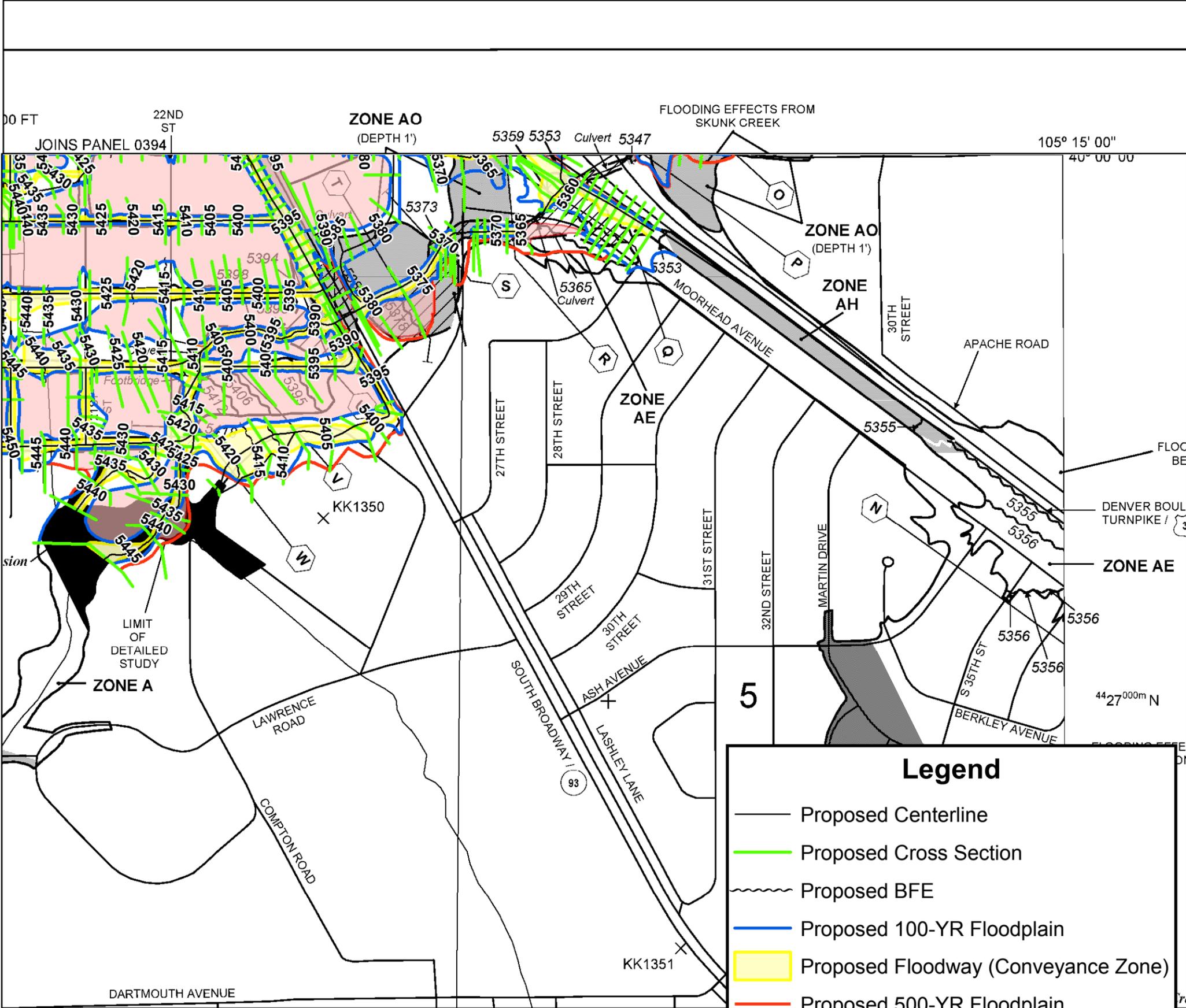
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MAP NUMBER
08013C0557J

MAP REVISED
DECEMBER 18, 2012

Federal Emergency Management Agency

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NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

PANEL 0557J

FIRM
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
BOULDER COUNTY,
COLORADO
AND INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 557 OF 615
 (SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

CONTAINS:

COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
BOULDER CITY OF	080024	0557	J
BOULDER COUNTY	080023	0557	J

Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders; the Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.

MAP NUMBER
08013C0557J

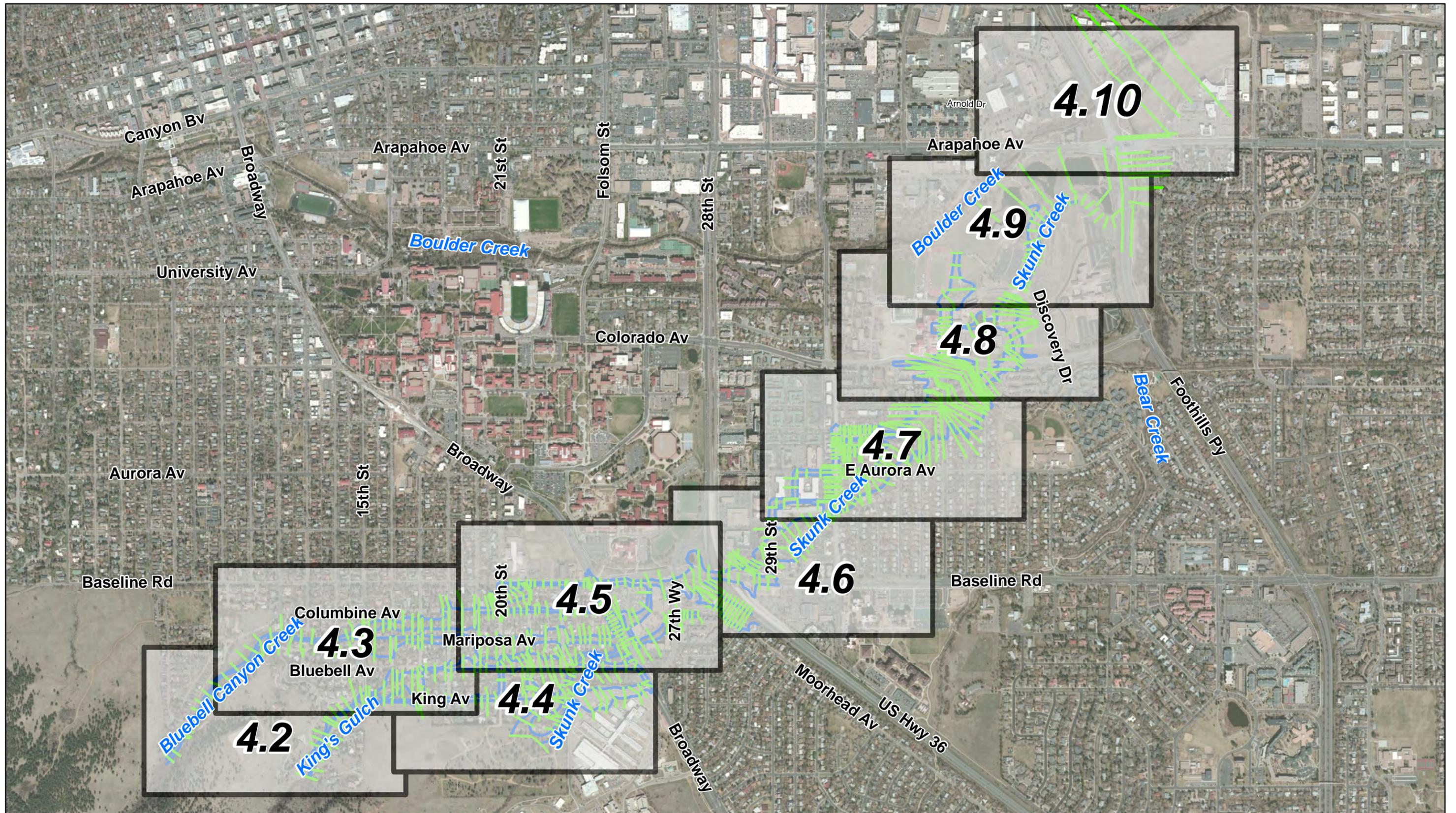
MAP REVISED
DECEMBER 18, 2012

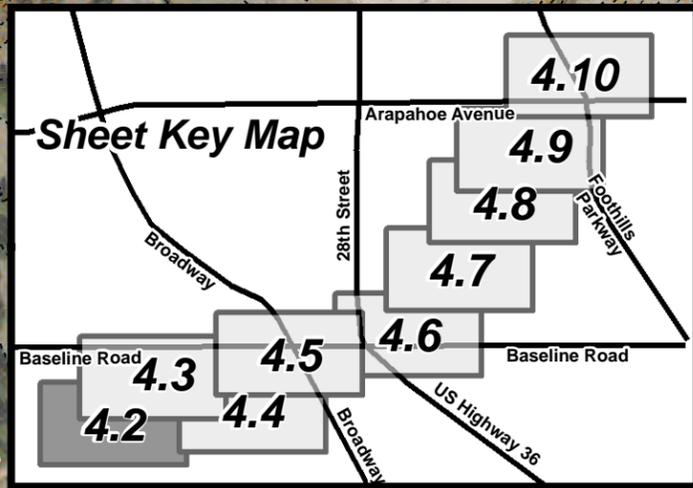
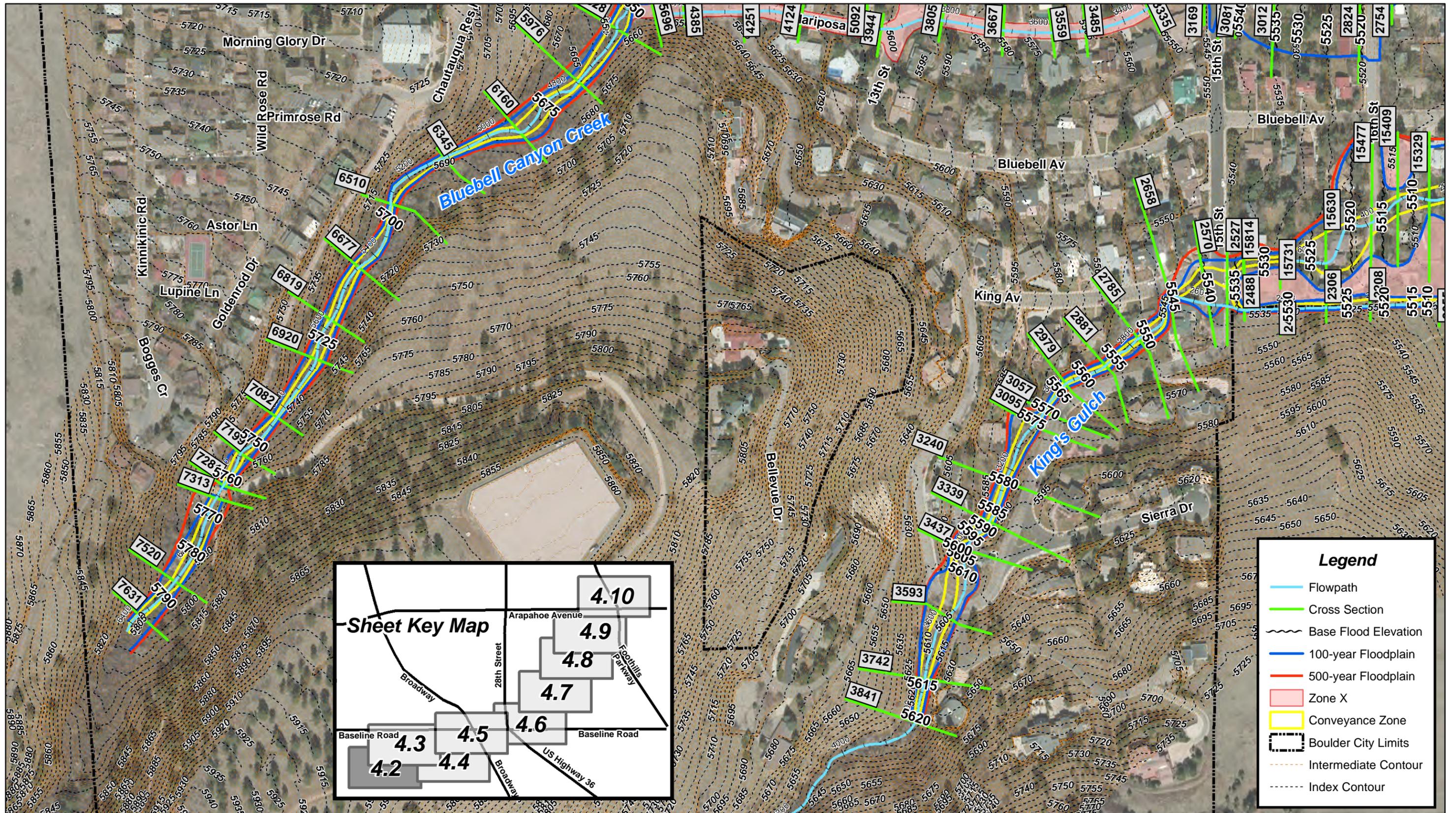
Federal Emergency Management Agency

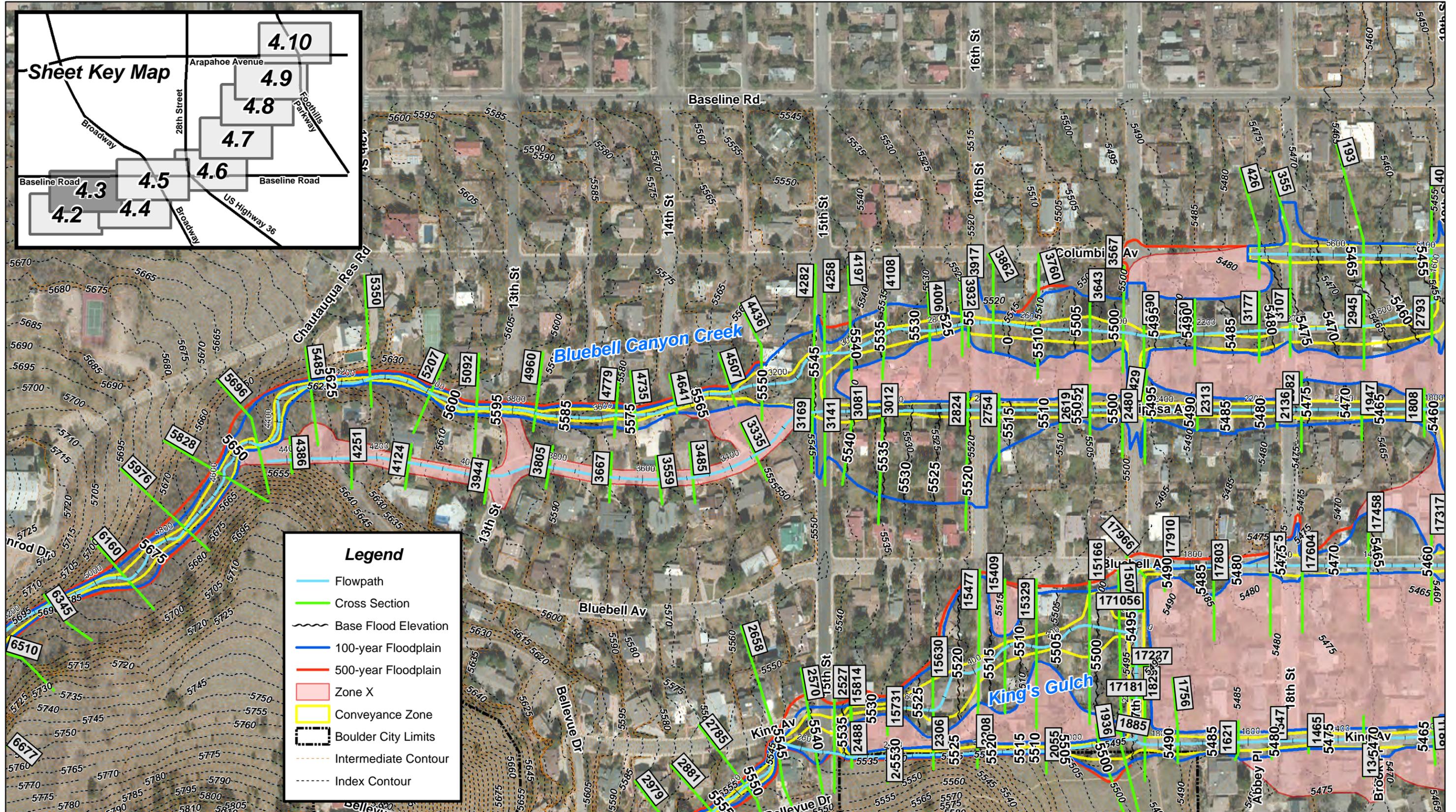
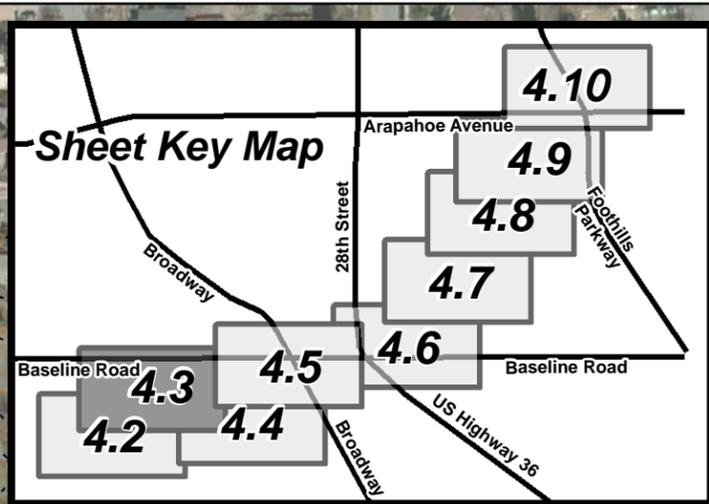
Legend

- Proposed Centerline
- Proposed Cross Section
- ~ Proposed BFE
- Proposed 100-YR Floodplain
- Proposed Floodway (Conveyance Zone)
- Proposed 500-YR Floodplain
- Proposed Zone X Shaded

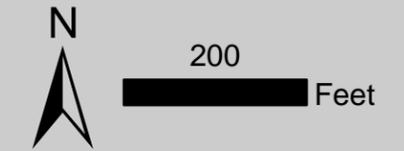
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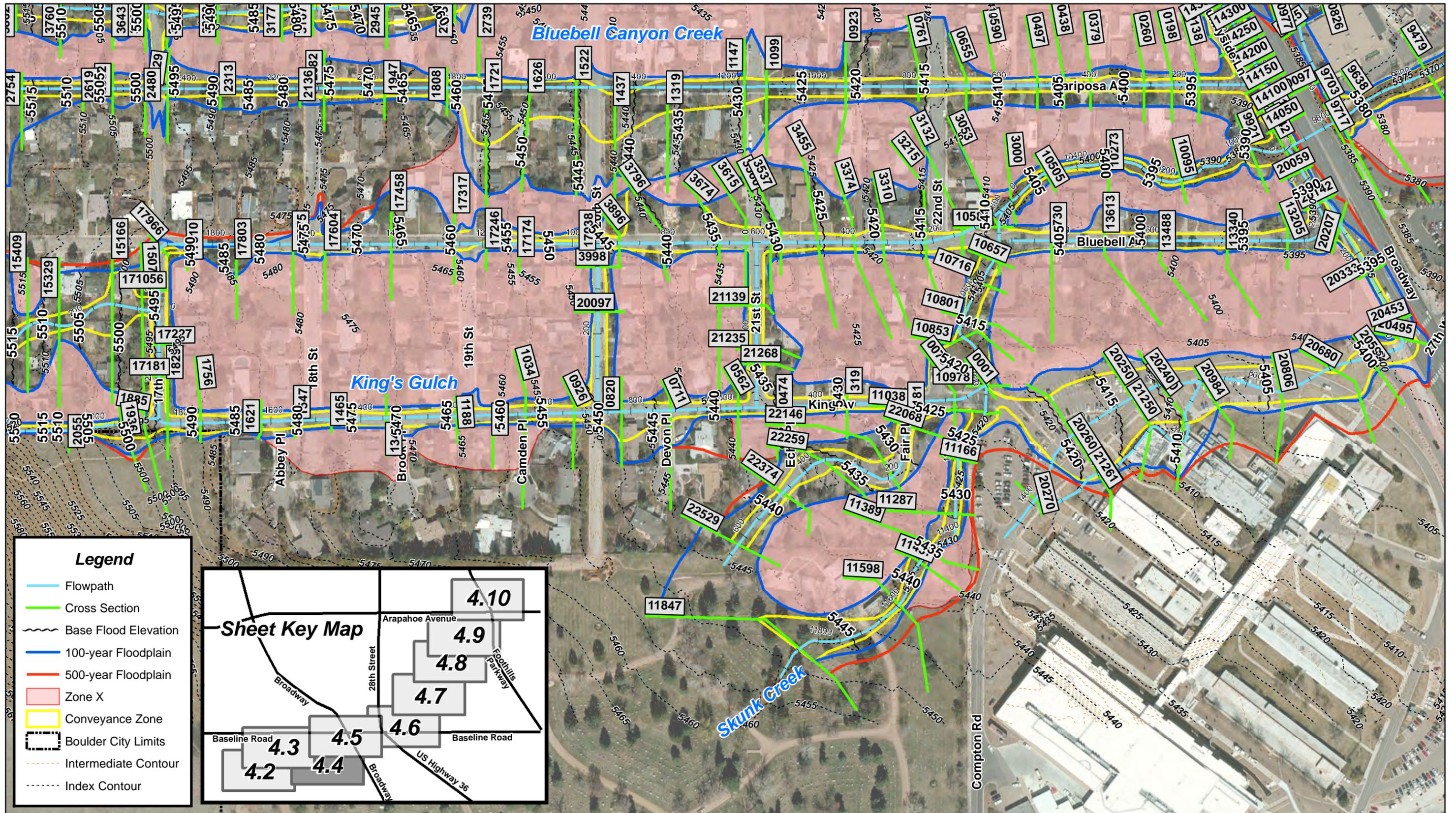






Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, King's Gulch
 Request for Physical Map Revision (PMR)
Figure 4.3: Floodplain Workmap

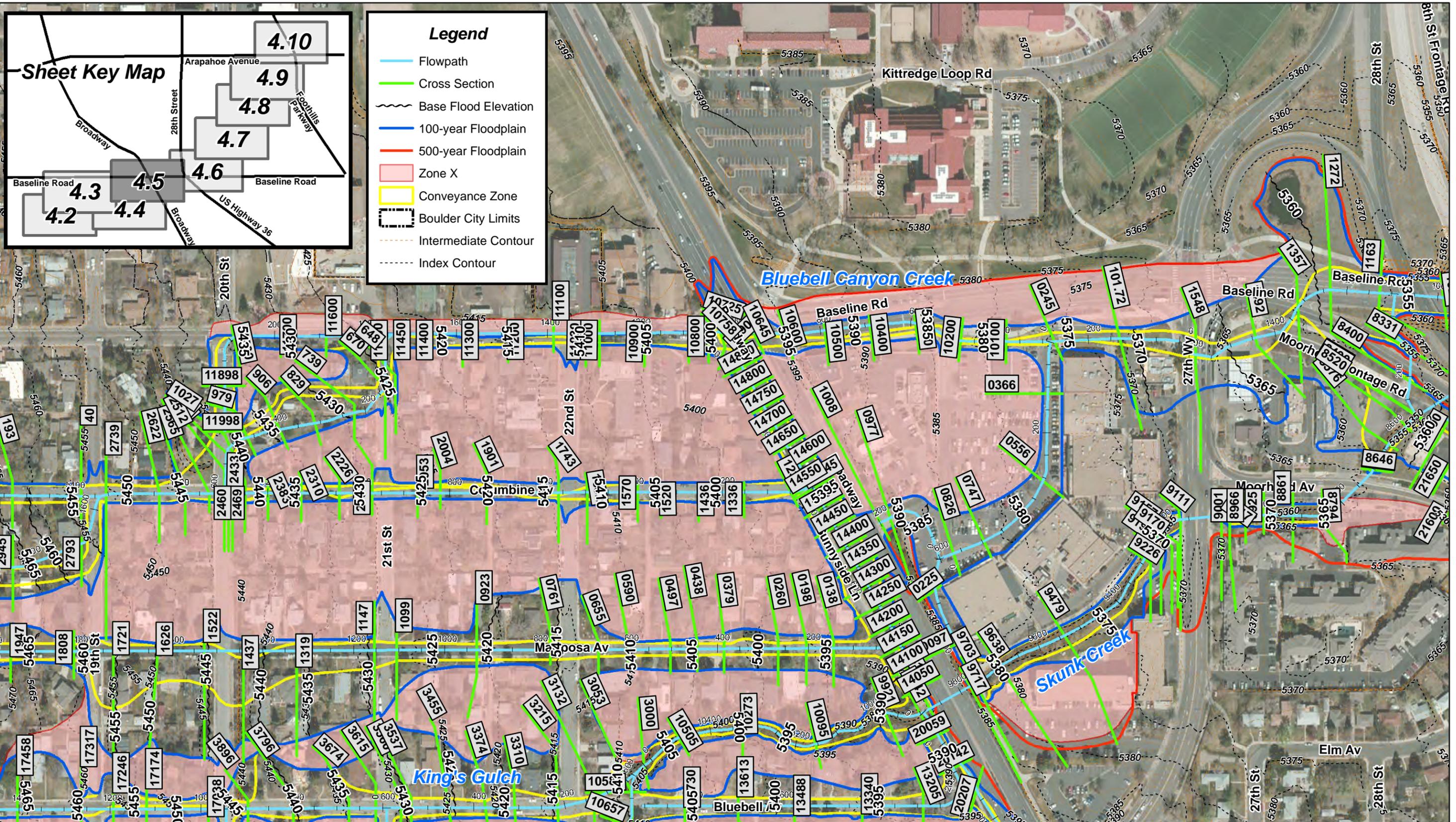




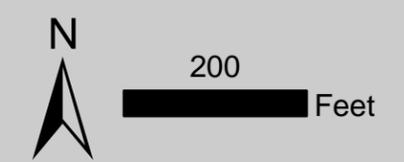
Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, King's Gulch
 Request for Physical Map Revision (PMR)
Figure 4.4: Floodplain Workmap

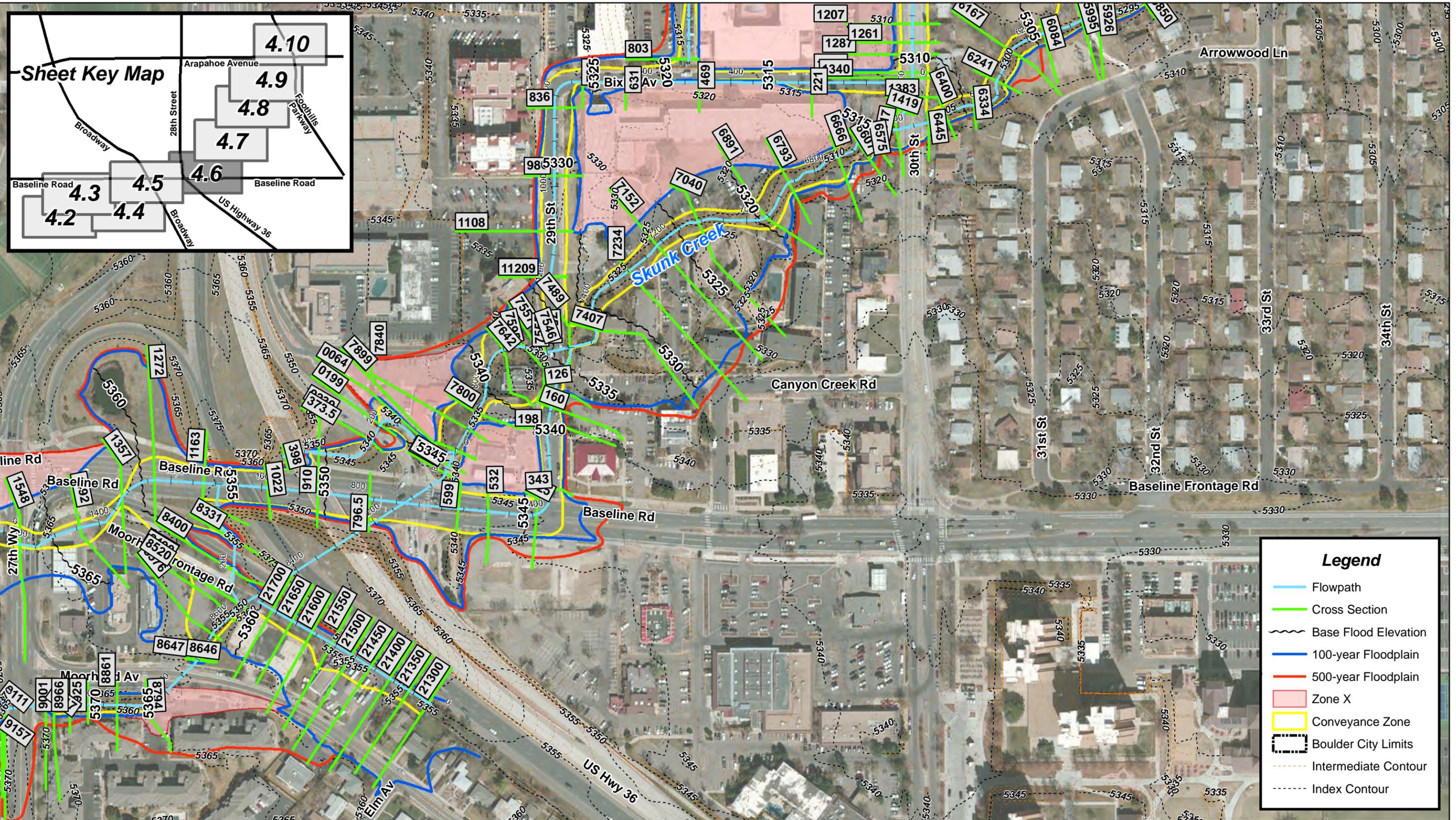


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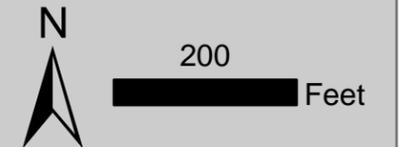


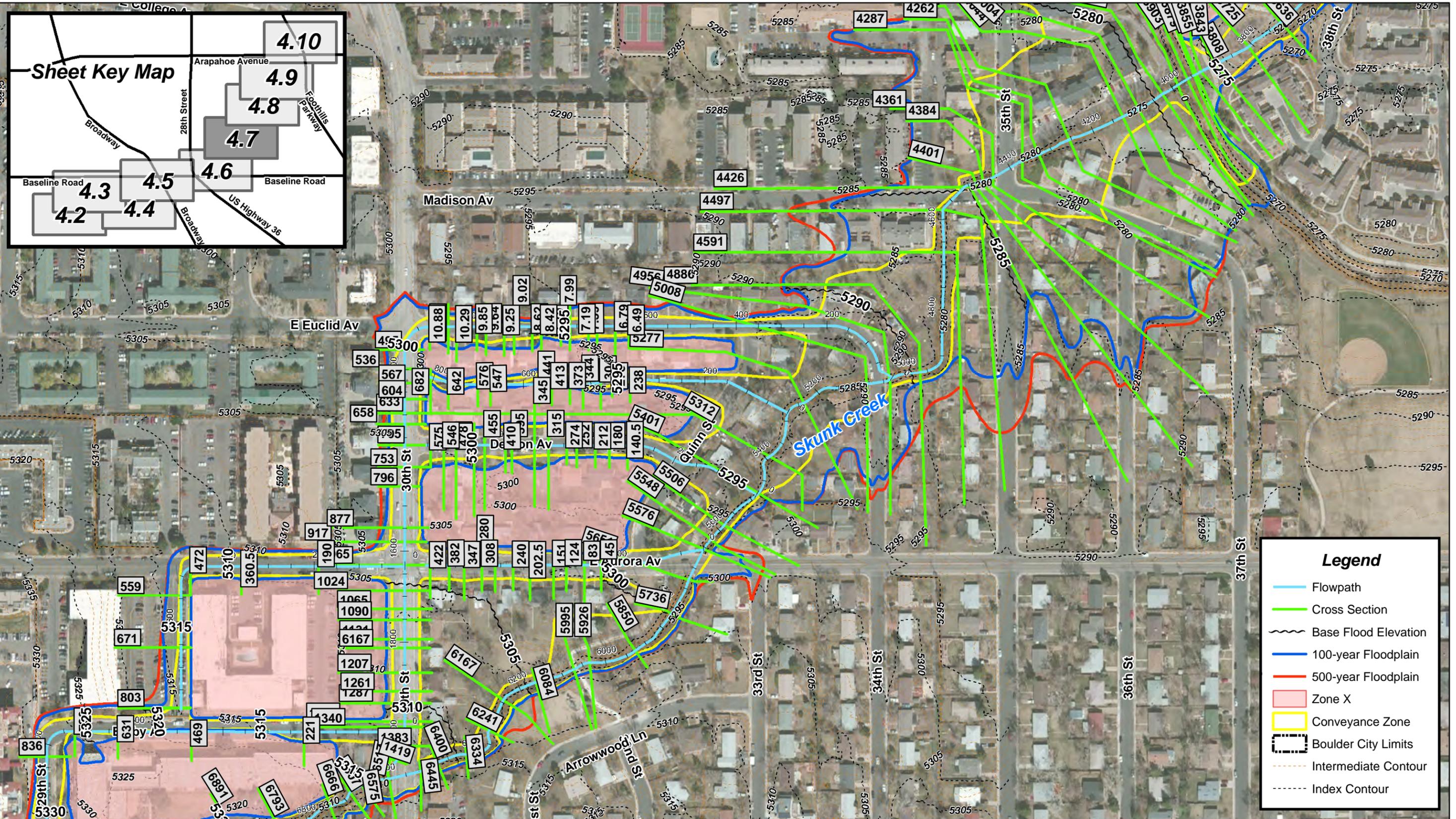
Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, King's Gulch
 Request for Physical Map Revision (PMR)
Figure 4.5: Floodplain Workmap



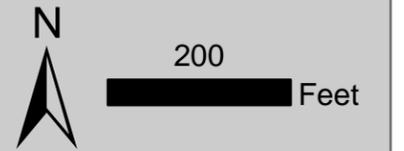


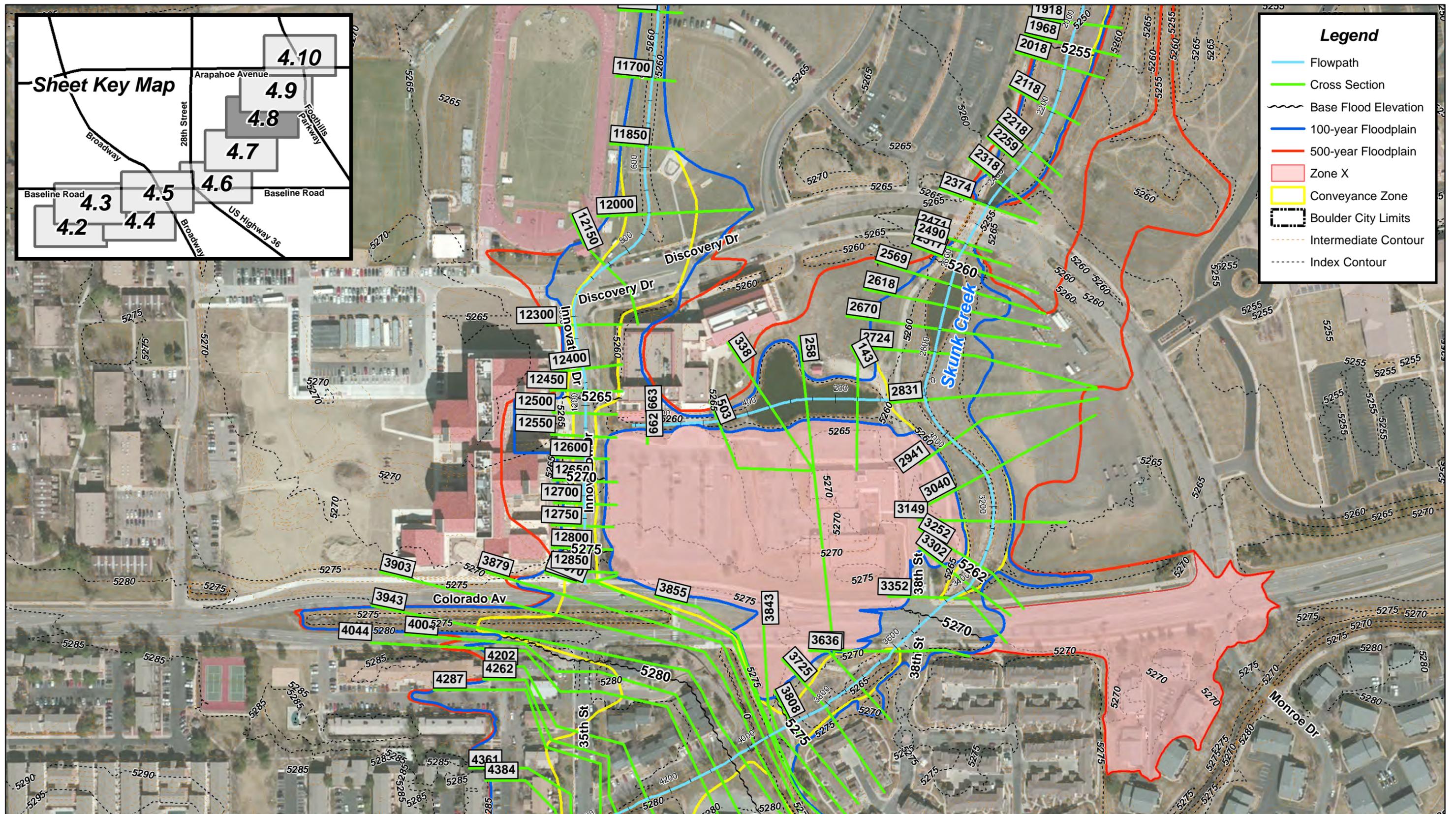
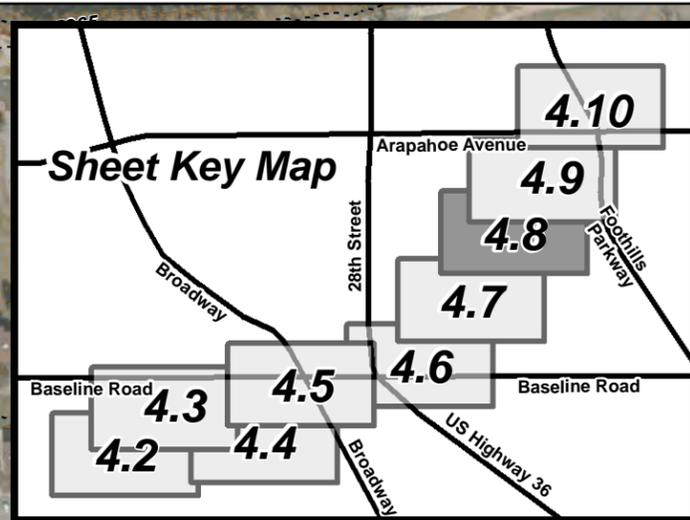
Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, King's Gulch
 Request for Physical Map Revision (PMR)
Figure 4.6: Floodplain Workmap





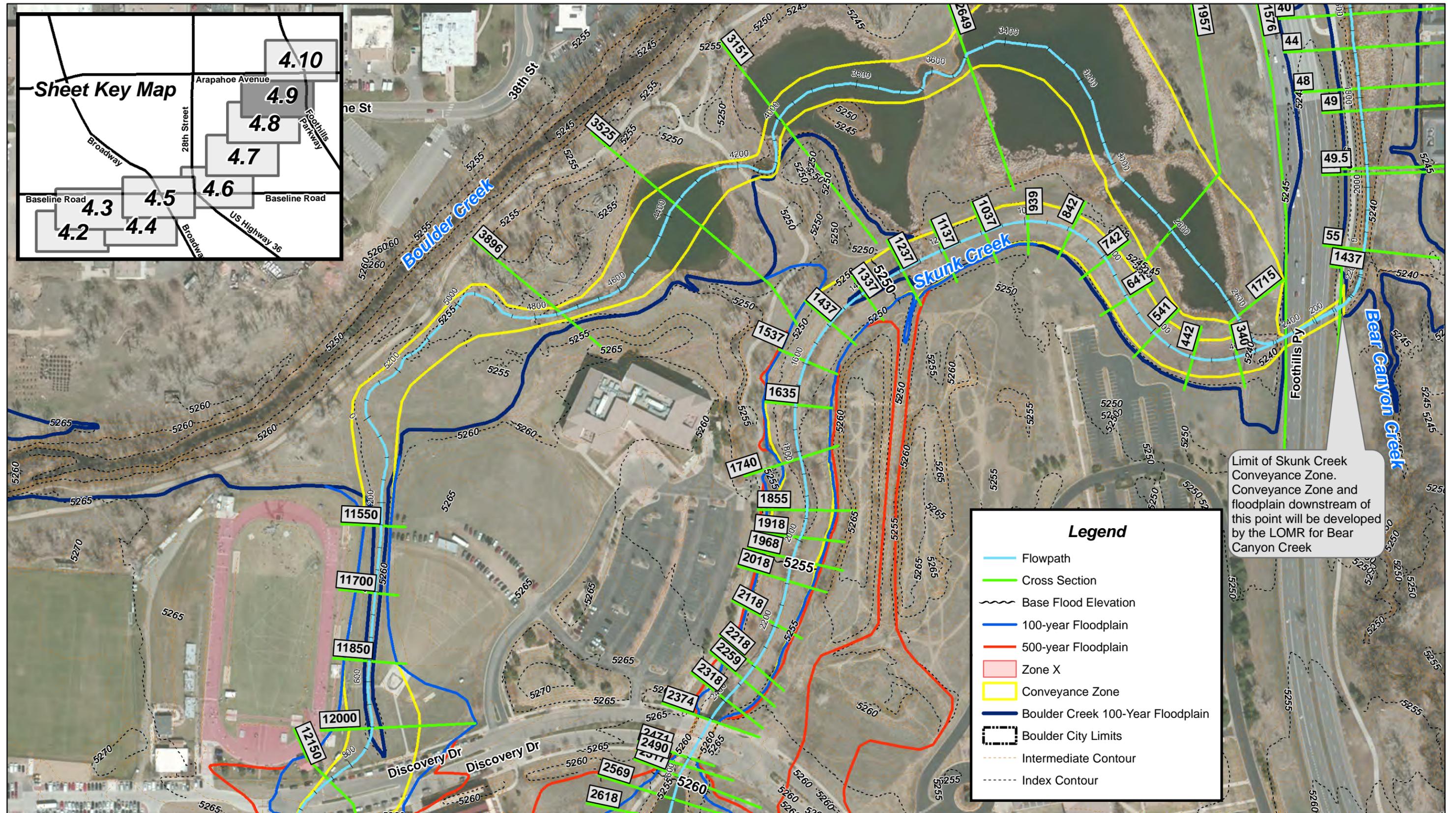
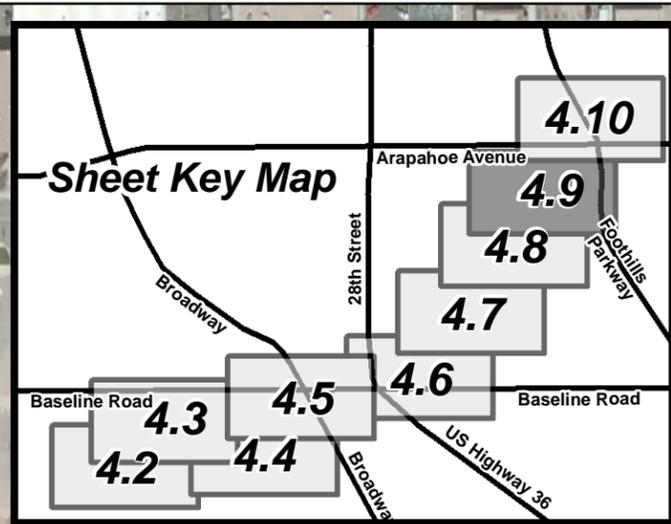
Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, King's Gulch
 Request for Physical Map Revision (PMR)
Figure 4.7: Floodplain Workmap





Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, King's Gulch
 Request for Physical Map Revision (PMR)
Figure 4.8: Floodplain Workmap





Legend

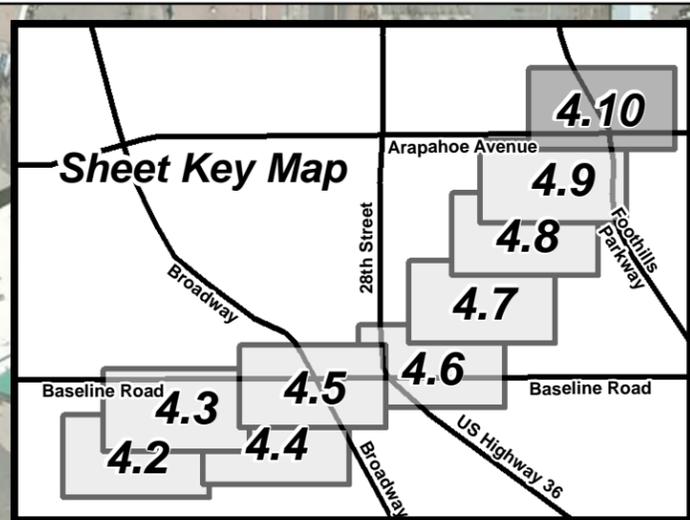
- Flowpath
- Cross Section
- Base Flood Elevation
- 100-year Floodplain
- 500-year Floodplain
- Zone X
- Conveyance Zone
- Boulder Creek 100-Year Floodplain
- Boulder City Limits
- Intermediate Contour
- Index Contour



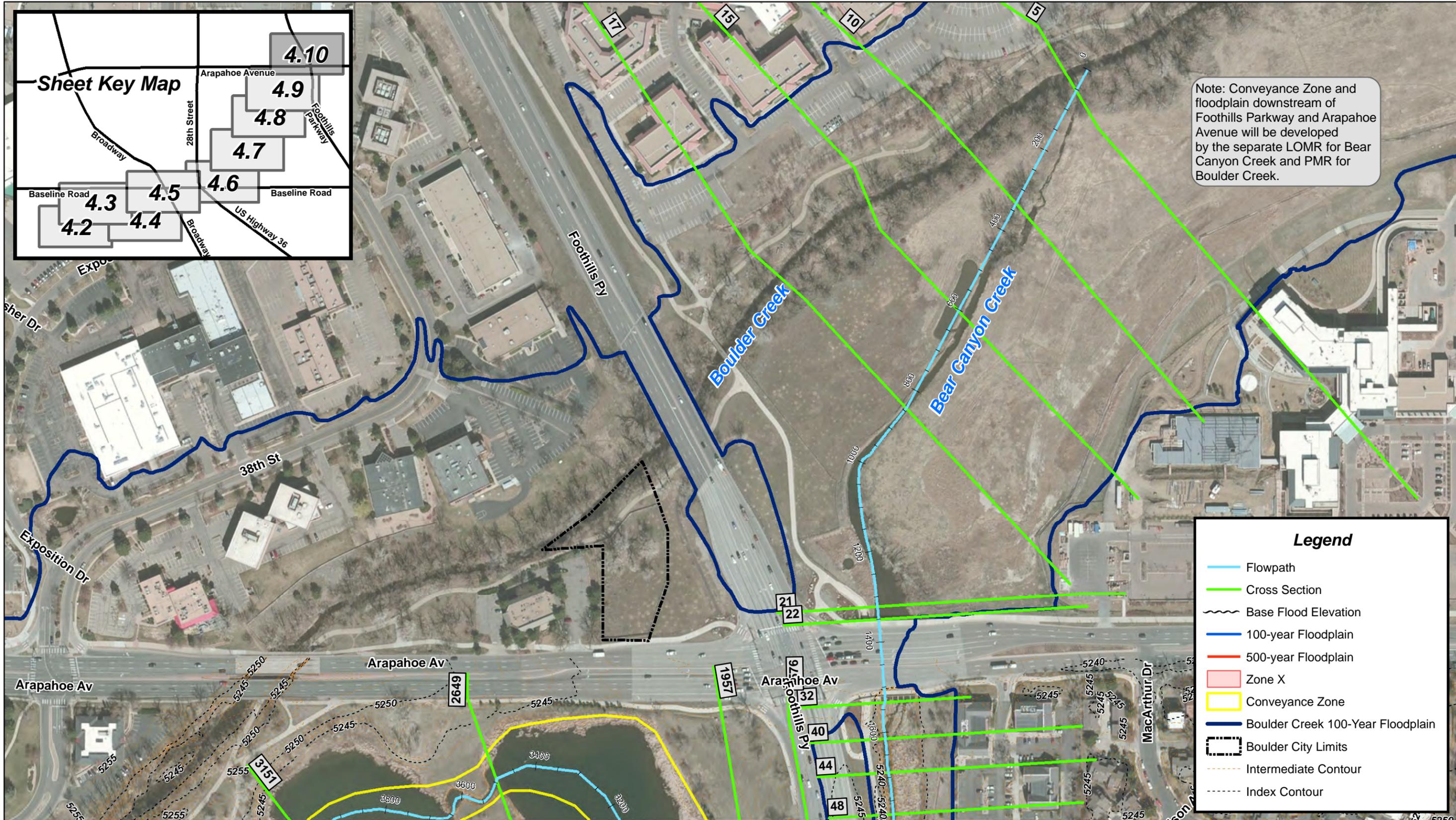
Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, King's Gulch
 Request for Physical Map Revision (PMR)
Figure 4.9: Floodplain Workmap



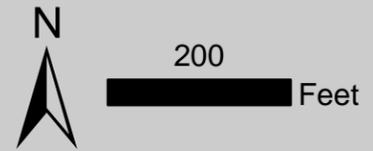
200 Feet



Note: Conveyance Zone and floodplain downstream of Foothills Parkway and Arapahoe Avenue will be developed by the separate LOMR for Bear Canyon Creek and PMR for Boulder Creek.



Skunk Creek, Bluebell Canyon Creek, King's Gulch
 Request for Physical Map Revision (PMR)
 Figure 4.10: Floodplain Workmap



**Appendix 5 –
Floodplain Comparison Tables**

See Tables 6, 7, and 8 in the report text

**Appendix 6 –
Certified As-Built Plans and Survey**

A LIMITED TOPOGRAPHIC MAP OF THE
SKUNK CREEK AREA
 CITY OF BOULDER, COUNTY OF BOULDER, STATE OF COLORADO
 SHEET 1 OF 3

NOTES

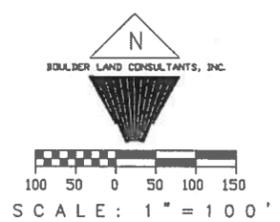
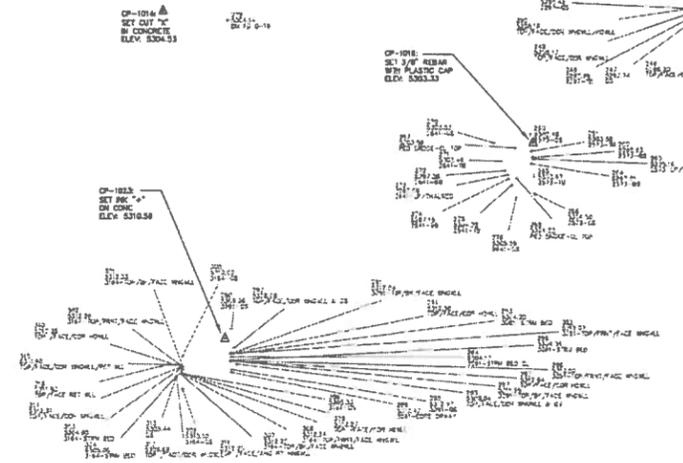
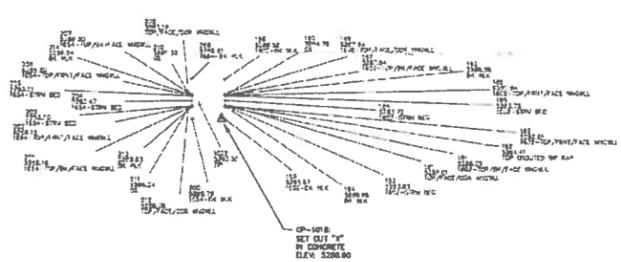
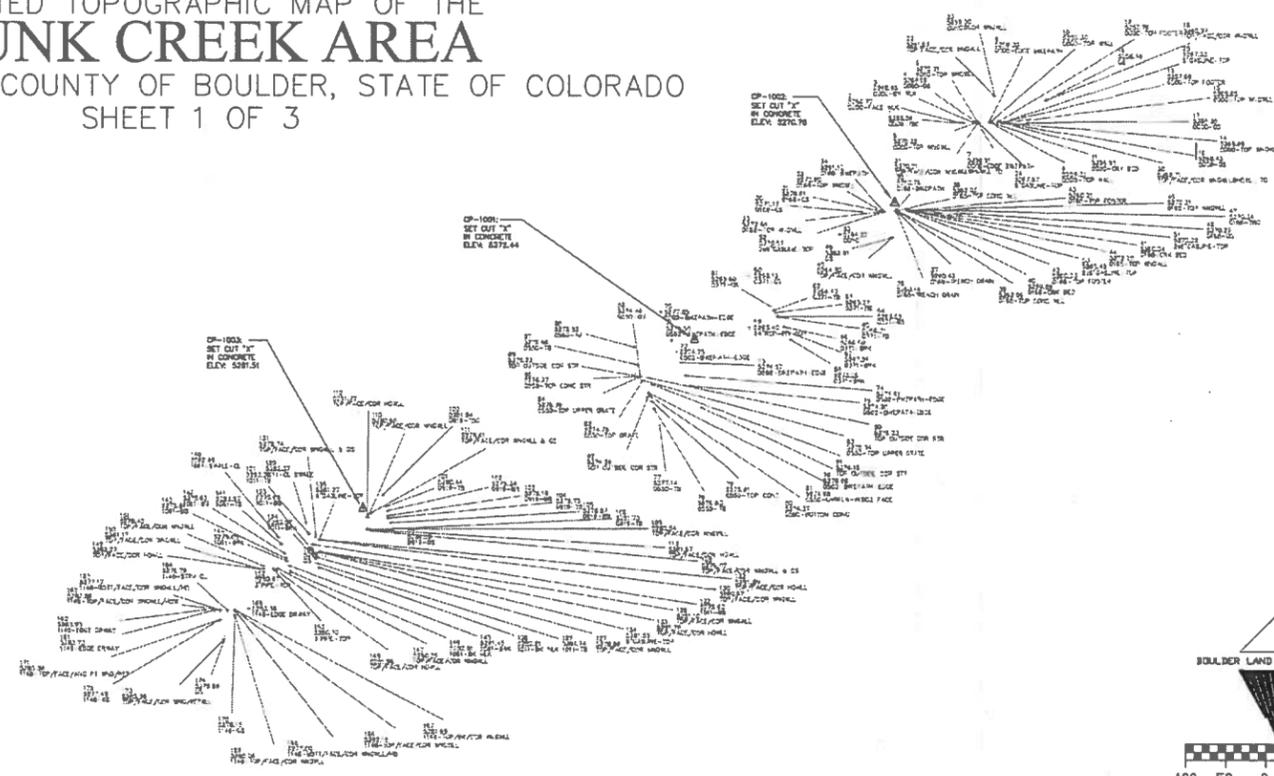
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MAY 17, 2010

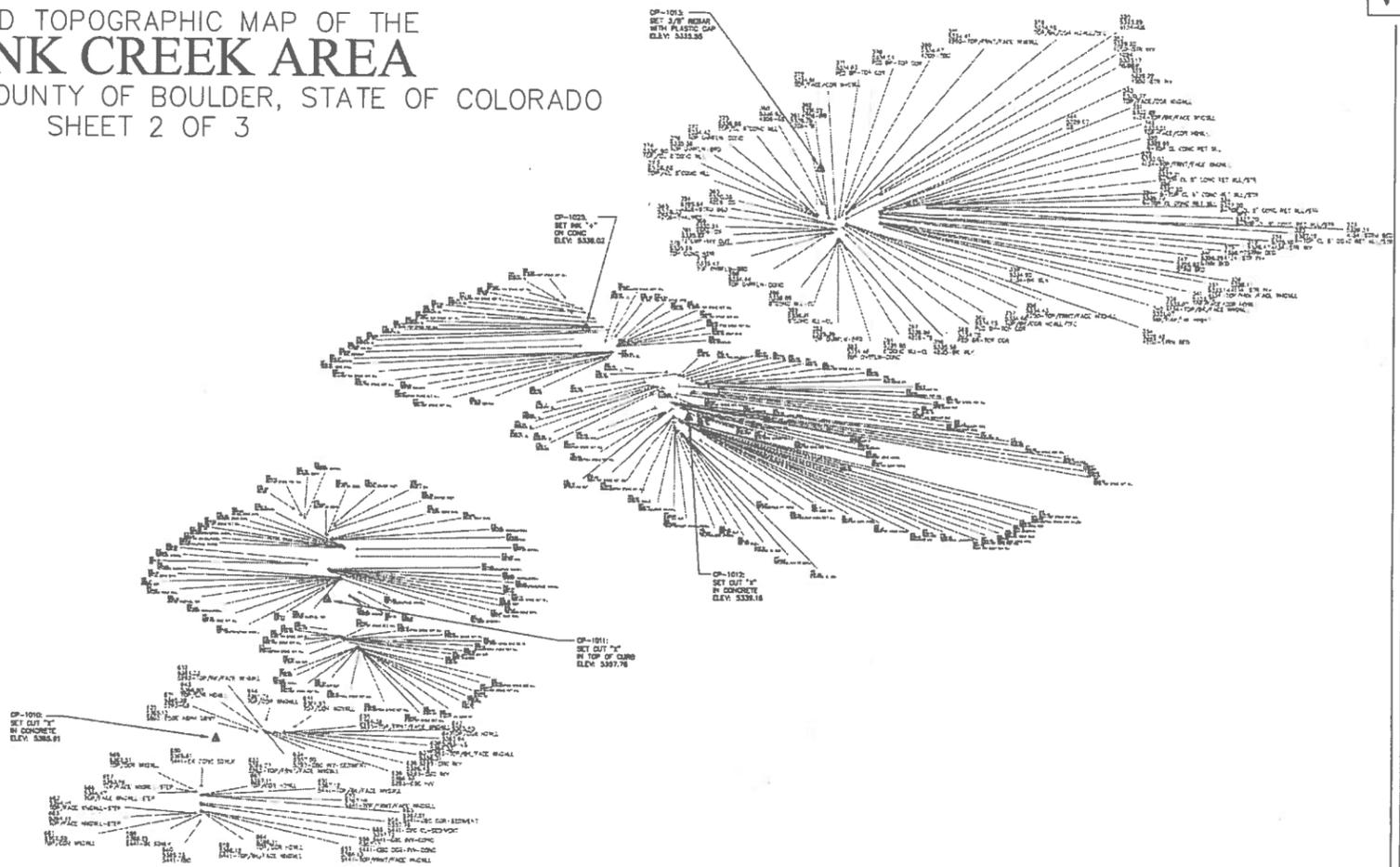
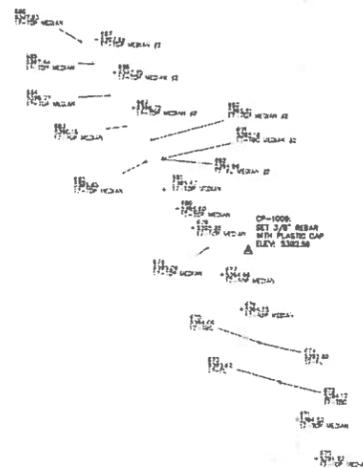


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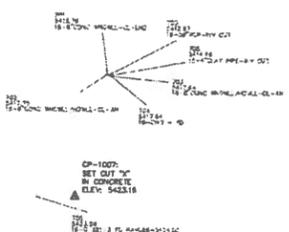
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A LIMITED TOPOGRAPHIC MAP OF THE
SKUNK CREEK AREA
 CITY OF BOULDER, COUNTY OF BOULDER, STATE OF COLORADO
 SHEET 2 OF 3



OP-1000
 SET OUT "I"
 IN TOP OF CURB
 ELEV. 5413.80



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NOTES

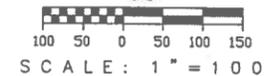
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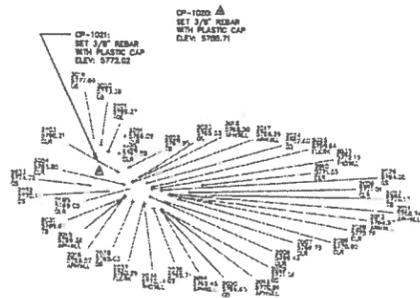
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A LIMITED TOPOGRAPHIC MAP OF THE
SKUNK CREEK AREA
 CITY OF BOULDER, COUNTY OF BOULDER, STATE OF COLORADO
 SHEET 3 OF 3

NOTES

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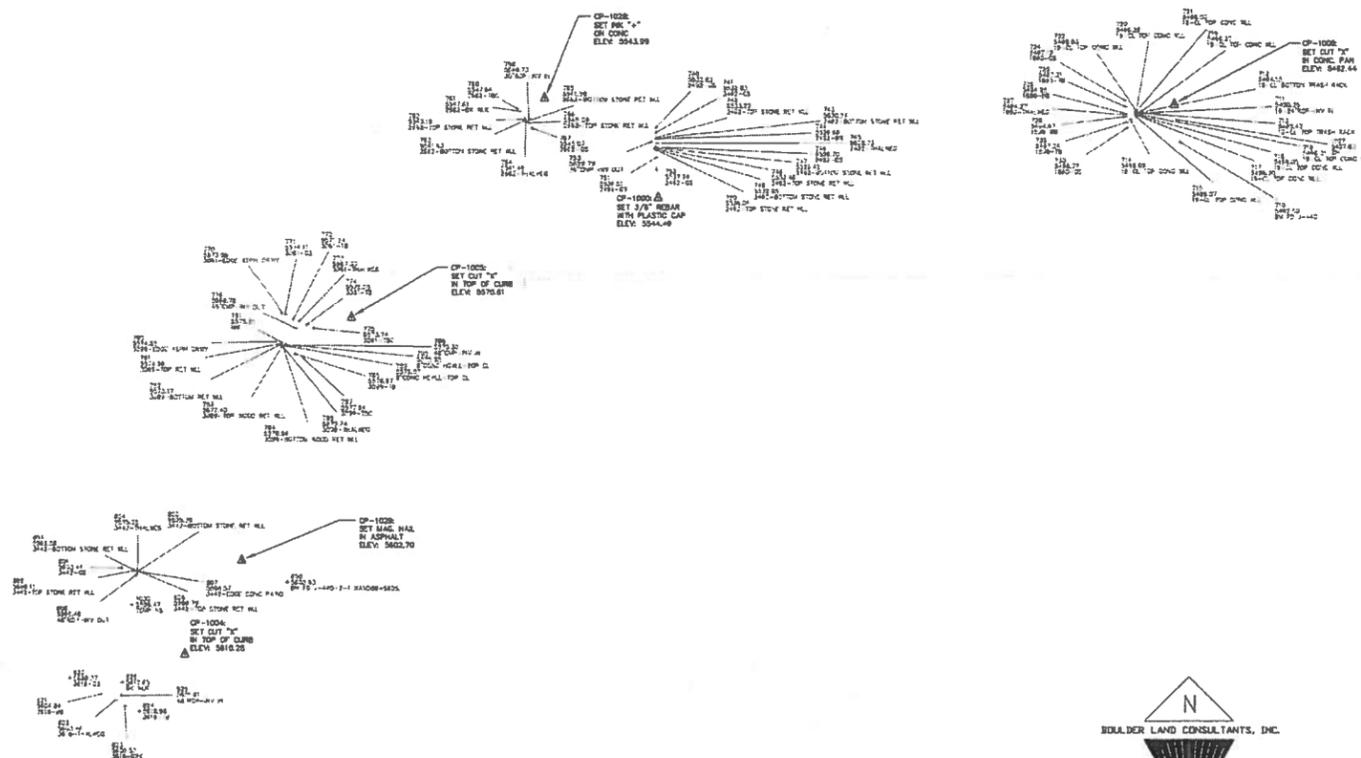


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MAY 17, 2010



100 50 0 50 100 150
SCALE: 1" = 100'

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**Appendix 7 –
Public Process Documentation**

**Appendix 8 –
Electronic Data Files**